"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Fair; variable winds.

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RUSSIA IS KEEPING AN EYE ON MONGOLIA

Explanation of One of the New Demands on China.

It Is Required That Mongolia Be Not Turned Into a Chinese Province—The Demands Not Yet Conceded.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—The Peking correspondent of The Times says the new Russian demands in regard to Manchuria have not yet been conceded. The venerable officials of the Foreign Office are in a predicament, and are amazed at the boldness with which Russia has flouted her treaty engagements.

It has been ascertained that the somewhat obscure fifth demand does not apply to Manchuria, but demands that the administration of Mongolia remain as at present, the object being to check the suggested alteration of the Government of Mongolia, whereby it was contemplated to turn the region into a Chinese province.

The Chinese Foreign Office has formally agreed that 1,200,000 taels in the possession of the Russo-Chinese Bank, receipts from the customs at Niu-Chwang, shall be retained by Russia as indemnity for repairing and protecting the Shan-hai-Kwan—Niu-Chwang Railway. Russia had previously retained the entire profits of the railway during the period of occupation. Russia still holds in the Russo-Chinese Bank the large sums collected at the Niu-Chwang custom house since August, 1900, and which are increasing at the rate of £4,000 weekly.

FURTHER RUSSIAN DEMANDS.

LONDON, April 27.—In a dispatch from St. Petersburg, dated Saturday, the correspondent there of The Daily Mail says he hears from an authoritative source that China has accepted the Russian proposal to modify the existing Russo-Chinese commercial treaty in so far as it regards the duties at the Lake boundaries.

After negotiations with the Chinese Foreign Office, the correspondent continues, the Russian Minister formulated the following conditions:

First—The importation of Chinese arms into Manchuria shall be taxed according to the discretion of the Russian customs authorities and China shall agree to construct at Kalgan a manufactory to supply material for the projected Russo-Chinese railroad to Peking, which will pass in the vicinity of Kalgan.

Second—China shall establish in Khardin an administrative body for the purpose of insuring the rights vested in the gold mines which are now being worked by Russian engineers.

Third—All Russian goods sent to Central China shall be entirely free of any Chinese customs charges.

Fourth—Russia and China shall jointly agree henceforward to close the door in Manchuria to the goods of all powers.

This agreement, concludes the correspondent, will come into force after the opening of the Manchurian Railroad. It shows plainly the intention to make Manchuria a Russian province.

CHINESE GOVERNOR ACTING THE PART OF A TRAITOR?

Wang-Chi-Chun's Acceptance of French Aid in Kwang-Si Causes Alarm—May Hasten China's Partition.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—The Cantonese residents of Shanghai, says The Times's correspondent in that city, have received telegraphic information to the effect that the Governor of Kwang-Si intends to accept French assistance, in the shape of funds and troops, for the suppression of the alleged insurrection in that province.

The Cantonese have held a public meeting to protest against such action as likely to hasten the partition of the empire.

Grave charges have for some time been made against Wang-Chi-Chun, the Governor of Kwang-Si alluded to. The accusations are virtually to the effect that he is acting the part of a traitor.

On Jan. 15 the correspondent who sent the foregoing dispatch cabled:

"With reference to the alleged serious rebellion in Kwang-Si, it is interesting to note that the native press, in which a memorial of the Kwang-Si metropolitan officials denouncing the Governor, Wang-Chi-Chun, is strongly supported, states that this official purposely permits an increase of brigandage in that province, magnifying the operations of the local banditti into a serious insurrection with the deliberate object of hereafter invoking the assistance of French troops.

"Stress is laid on the Governor's former record in Ngan-Whei and elsewhere and on his notorious incapacity and venality. Nor does the fact of his recent decoration by the French Government escape comment."

AMERICAN PROTEST TO RUSSIA.

Ambassador McCormick Instructed to Present a "Note of Inquiry"—Count Cassini Visits Mr. Hay.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Russia's demands in regard to Manchuria and their effect on American interests were the subject of a conference this afternoon between Secretary Hay and Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, which took place at Mr. Hay's house and lasted for nearly an hour. It is denied that the Ambassador brought official advices from his Government, but the fact that he is still suffering from an attack of lumbago, which has confined him to the embassy for several weeks, is evidence of the urgency of the call.

Steps have already been taken by the State Department to ascertain the true inwardness of Russia's latest move. Ambassador McCormick at St. Petersburg has been instructed by cable to present to the Russian Foreign Office a note which, while diplomatically known as one of inquiry, is in substance a strong protest against Russia's demands. Cabled instructions also have been sent to Minister Conger at Peking to express to the Chinese authorities the dissatisfaction of the United States with Russia's demands and its hope that China will not accede to them. No answer has yet been received to either note, though unofficial assurances are still reaching the department that American interests in Manchuria will be protected.

In the department's note, which Ambassador McCormick has probably presented already, Russia's attention is called to the assurances which repeatedly have been given to the United States relative to the preservation of the integrity of China and the continuance of the "open door" policy. Russia is also reminded of the severe blow to American trade which must follow the granting of the first two demands—that no more ports or towns in Manchuria be opened and that no additional foreign Consuls be admitted.

Russia's reason for contending for the "closed door" in Manchuria is the claim that the "open door" there is not a commercial, but a political, question. She continues to assure the United States that in some way this country's interests will be protected in Manchuria. The point is made that, as the Manchurian demands are still in negotiation between St. Petersburg and Peking, the United States cannot expect that Russia make concessions until the fate of her demands has been determined. When China has acceded to all of these demands, it is suggested that a trade agreement of some sort can be reached between this country and Russia which will protect American trade interests.

Appreciating the fact that the interests of this country in Manchuria are those of trade, and not territory, Russia, it is stated, is disposed to make certain trade concessions to the United States in Manchuria at the proper time.

WANT JAPAN TO BE FIRM.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—Japanese public opinion, says the Tokio correspondent of The Times, favors a strong policy in regard to the Russian conditions for the evacuation of Manchuria.

By The Associated Press.

YOKOHAMA, April 26.—Even those newspapers which previously have been moderate in tone now join in the opinion that the time has arrived for all the powers interested in the integrity of China in her development, and in the trade opportunities there, to show a firm front to Russia in the matter of her demands regarding Manchuria.

LONDON TIMES'S VIEW.

It Says Russia's Demands Are Utterly Incompatible with Existing Treaty Rights.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—In an editorial article to-day on Russia's demands regarding Manchuria The Times says that the United States, Great Britain, and Japan will naturally prefer to judge the effect of the proposed Russian terms upon the rights and interests of themselves rather than accept the construction placed on those terms by Russia.

Russia, says The Times, was already in full enjoyment of most of the advantages of sovereignty in Manchuria and free from many of its disadvantages, and the powers interested in that region had not shown an active inclination to interfere with her position there. It is difficult to perceive valid reasons why she was not content with the situation she had been allowed to create for herself by the supine indifference of her rivals without suddenly making a series of demands utterly incompatible with existing treaty rights.

PONY IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

Groom Takes Archie Roosevelt's Pet Upstairs on an Elevator to See His Sick Master.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Archie Roosevelt, who is recovering from an attack of measles, had a visitor the other day whose call will do more to restore him to health than all the medicine the doctor can give him. Soon after Archie began to convalesce he begged to be allowed to see his spotted pony Algonquin, a gift of Secretary Hitchcock, and his constant companion when he is well. It was too soon for Archie to leave his room and Mrs. Roosevelt was compelled to decline the request.

Charles, the groom, who looks after Algonquin and who also is a great chum of Archie's, thought the matter over and concluded that if Archie wanted to see his pony he should do so. Without confiding his plan to any one he led the pony the other day into the White House and along the corridor into the elevator. The attendants were too much surprised to say a word until after the elevator had disappeared.

When the second floor was reached Charles led the pony to Archie's room and ushered it in. To say that Archie was delighted expresses it mildly, and the pony also seemed to enjoy the visit. This is the first time that a horse has ridden in a White House elevator.

CHORUS GIRLS STRANDED.

Printer Attached Proceeds of "Foxy Quiller" Engagement in Chicago and Left Nothing for Salaries.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 26.—"Our manager has gone, and we haven't a cent." This was the wail of twenty-five weeping chorus girls, members of the "Foxy Quiller" company and nine other members of the company, when they assembled in the Kaiserhof Hotel last night to lament their common fate and plan measures for relief. Ben Stern is the manager in question. He went to St. Louis, it is said.

Stern, they say, called the company together last night after the last performance at the Great Northern Theatre and told them that the proceeds of ten days' engagement had been attached by a printing company, and that he would be unable to pay the salaries.

The girls met in the corridors of the Kaiserhof and there rehearsed their troubles. Their trunks had been taken to the station, and as Miss Edna Bronson explained, they "had to find a place to sleep."

At this point M. Newfield came to the rescue and offered to allow the girls to sleep in his tailor shop, but the young women declined and visited the Victoria, the Auditorium Annex, and other hotels, where they explained their plight to the clerks. In most cases they were given shelter for the night. To-day they learned that transportation to New York had been left for them. Sixteen left for that city. The remainder took engagements here.

To Grand Rapids Direct.
Through car by the New York Central and Michigan Central leaves New York daily at 6 P. M. for Detroit and Grand Rapids.—Adv.

INDEX TO DEPARTMENTS.

Amusements.—Page 7.
Arrivals at Hotels and Out-of-Town Buyers.—Page 10.
Losses by Fire.—Page 2.
Marine Intelligence and Foreign Mails.—Page 6.
Real Estate.—Page 11.
Religious.—Page 6.
Society.—Page 7.
Weather Report.—Page 2.
Yesterday's Fires.—Page 6.

NEGRO BOY LYNCHED NEAR SANTA FE, ILL.

Hanged to a Tree for Attacking a Ten-Year-Old Girl.

Lynching Followed by Onslaught on a Colony of Negroes Who Were Engaged in Bridge Construction Work—Many of Them Shot.

THEBES, Ill., April 26.—An unknown negro, aged about seventeen years, was lynched by a mob of angry farmers near the village of Santa Fe this afternoon for an attack he had made on the ten-year-old daughter of Branson Davis, a farmer. The lynching was followed by a general onslaught upon a colony of negroes living in tents, who were engaged in bridge construction work. The tents were burned and many negroes were shot, but so far as known none was killed. Hundreds of shots were exchanged, but no whites were hurt.

Branson Davis lives one-half mile east of Santa Fé, a small village near here. While his ten-year-old daughter was in the barnyard to-day the negro accosted her. She ran, but he seized her, and her screams brought her mother to the rescue. The negro fled. Officers were notified and were soon in pursuit.

News of the affair speedily spread among the neighboring farmers and resulted in an angry mob starting in search of the assailant. The negro meanwhile had been captured by officers, and they were taking him to Santa Fé when the mob met them. A fight followed, the outcome of which was that the farmers secured the negro.

He confessed to the crime and begged for mercy. Without a word the mob started with the negro toward the new bridge being constructed across the Mississippi, where he was hanged to an oak tree without ceremony or delay. After the body had dangled in the air a few minutes it was riddled with bullets.

The officers endeavored to disperse the mob, but their efforts were useless.

A rush was made for a colony of several hundred negroes employed on the new bridge and living in tents near the bridge. The negroes saw the mob coming and opened fire. A fusillade followed and the whites fired with effect, as many of the negroes were shot down. None of the mob was injured, and it is not known how seriously the negroes were wounded.

The mob pressed forward, notwithstanding the steady fire, until the negroes turned and fled toward a near-by wood, taking their wounded with them. The mob then fell upon the tents and burned them. After accomplishing a general work of destruction the mob dispersed. Extra police were sworn in, and to-night the village is under heavy guard. Excitement is intense.

Santa Fé is a village in the extreme southwestern portion of Illinois, near the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad.

TEXAS NEGRO LYNCHED.

Mob Hanged Him to a Telephone Pole After He Had Been Released on Bail.

LONG VIEW, Texas, April 26.—News reached here to-day of the lynching at Carthage last night of a negro who, it is alleged, attacked a white girl of that place last Friday night. The negro was captured by the officers of Panola County and placed in jail, but was released on bond yesterday.

He left for the country, where he was captured last night by a mob from Carthage, and hanged in the public square. His body was found this morning suspended from a telephone pole. The mob was quiet, and the people of Carthage knew nothing of the affair until the body was found this morning.

WHIPPED BY A MOB.

Indiana Assailants Use Barbed Wire and Switches on Two White Girls and a Negro.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., April 26.—Thirty-eight unmasked men broke into a house here early to-day and whipped Misses Rebecca and Ida Stephens, white, aged thirteen and sixteen years, and also whipped Joe Shively, a negro, aged fifty years. The Stephens girls lived with their mother. Shively had a room in the house. The negro was whipped with a barbed wire and was hit in the eye with brass knuckles. The older girl was whipped with barbed wire and the younger one with apple switches, but neither is dangerously injured.

Many of the assailants were recognized, and warrants will be sworn out for their arrest.

THE PRESIDENT IN NEBRASKA.

Goes to Church at Grand Island and Then Takes a Horseback Ride.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., April 26.—President Roosevelt's day in Grand Island was quiet. His train arrived early this morning. It was run into the yards, and the President and his party remained aboard. The President attended St. Stephen's Episcopal Church this morning. The sermon was preached by the rector, the Rev. Louis A. Arthur. In the afternoon the President went for a horseback ride, accompanied by Senator Dietrich. They rode out to Taylor's sheep ranch, and then to the Soldiers' Home, where the President greeted the veterans. The ride was about fifteen miles.

The day was extremely disagreeable, on account of a high wind which blew clouds of dust in every direction. In order that the President and his party might be free from the dust clouds while in the train, the Fire Department stretched a hose around the cars and kept the ground sprinkled. The President will make a short address to-morrow morning, and at 9:15 o'clock will leave for Hastings, Neb. He will reach Omaha at 5:05 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, and will spend the night there.

W. W. Heffelfinger, a Yale athlete who was offered the place on the Civil Service Commission made vacant by the retirement of Mr. Garfield, informed the President to-day that he will be unable to accept the offer.

DOG BITES GEN. CORBIN.

Wound Is Cauterized at Hospital and Pronounced Not Serious.

ST. LOUIS, April 26.—While Major Gen. Corbin was inspecting the World's Fair Grounds alone yesterday he was bitten in the leg by a common yellow dog, which persistently renewed the attack, in spite of Gen. Corbin's protests.

The General hastened to the Emergency Hospital, where Dr. Moore cauterized the wound, assuring Gen. Corbin that it would not prove serious.

Attack the Aransas Pass Charter.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, April 26.—The preliminary hearing to consider the charges that have been brought against the San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railway Company looking to the institution of a suit to forfeit its charter, will take place before the Railroad Commission to-morrow. The charges are that the San Antonio and Aransas Pass is owned by the Southern Pacific, that it is a parallel and competing line with the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio, another Southern Pacific property, and that it issued $1,800,000 of bonds without the authority of the Railroad Commission.

$600,000 FIRE IN COLUMBUS.

Capt. Lewis of an Engine Company Killed by a Falling Wall—An Exciting Rescue.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 26.—Fire destroyed the Brunson and Union Clothing Company Buildings, at High and Long Streets, and several smaller structures early to-day, and damaged the Nicholas Block, entailing an aggregate loss of about $600,000. Daniel Lewis, Captain of Engine Company No. 11, was caught under a falling wall and instantly killed. His body was cremated in the ruins.

The fire was attended by many exciting incidents, the most thrilling being the rescue of Philip Nation, a grocer, from his apartments on the fourth floor of the Brunson Building, where he had been hemmed in by flames. The fire started in the Brunson Building and its progress was fanned by a brisk wind from the north. This building was occupied on the ground floor by the Walkover Shoe Company, Tallmadge Hardware Company, and Bott Brothers' saloon. The upper floors were occupied mainly as living apartments, the exceptions being the Woman's Christian Temperance Union rest room and the art studios of Maurice Hague and H. P. Hayden.

Smoke was first seen issuing from the basement under the saloon. The fire smoldered for half an hour and the firemen thought they had it under control, when the flames suddenly burst from an upper story.

The insurance carried by the largest losers is approximately $300,000, or about three-fifths of their losses. The insurance carried by the other losers probably will not be so large in proportion.

The heaviest losses are: Brunson Block, $85,000; Union Block, $40,000; Union Clothing Company, $85,000; Bott Brothers, saloon, $65,000; Lyman Brothers, grocers, $50,000; Tallmadge Hardware Company, $40,000; Courtright Block, $15,000; Kirby & Co., $20,000; Munsey & Co., $20,000.

THE NEW YORK AND OTTAWA.

It Is Believed the Line Will Be Bought by the Delaware and Hudson on May 14.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., April 26.—The New York and Ottawa Railroad, which extends from Tupper Lake, Franklin County, N. Y., to Ottawa, Ontario, a distance of 128 miles, is to be sold at foreclosure sale on May 14, and there are good reasons for believing that it will be bought by the Delaware and Hudson Railroad at that time.

If the Delaware and Hudson buys the road, it will build a twenty-mile spur from its line at Loon Lake, through the famous park owned by William Rockefeller, near McColloms, skirting the south shore of Meacham Lake, and striking the New York and Ottawa at or near St. Regis Falls. This would give the road the shortest line between Ottawa and Albany, and would enable it to secure a larger share of the immense lumber shipments from Ottawa to Albany and New York. It would also give a through line from the great forests about Ottawa to the pulp and paper mills of the International Paper Company, many of which are located at different points along the Delaware and Hudson from Cadyville to Albany.

It has been supposed that the New York Central would buy the New York and Ottawa and make it a part of its system, as the line connects with the Adirondack branch of the New York Central at Tupper Lake, and would give the New York Central a direct entrance to Ottawa, but, for reasons best known to themselves, it is said the "Standard Oil crowd" are planning to help turn the line over to the Delaware and Hudson.

CHICAGO TRACTION FIGHT.

Stockholders of the West Chicago Company May Attempt to Secede from the Union Traction Company.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Stockholders of the West Chicago Street Railway Company have been asked to meet Tuesday afternoon in the office of W. H. Gray, in the Masonic Temple, to take some action toward protecting their interests. The West Chicago is one of the subsidiary union traction companies and is affected by the receivership. Mr. Gray holds $41,500 worth of West Chicago stock and it was he who called the meeting.

"If the West Chicago Company can get away from the Union Traction," he said to-day, "and negotiate with the city on an independent basis, it is believed it can secure an extension of its franchises. It then can be made to yield a profitable return to the stockholders while paying the city a just compensation for the privileges it receives."

Markham B. Orde, Treasurer of the West and North Chicago Street Railway Companies, does not believe the West Side Company can secede from the Union Traction Company in the manner contemplated by Mr. Gray. Neither does Marshall E. Sampsell, one of the receivers.

ROCHESTER GIRL FINDS A MAN IN HER ROOM.

When She Wakes the Household with Her Screams, Man Flees—Proves to be a Society Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 26.—There was an uproar in the residence of Mrs. George Cornwell, at 12 Glendale Park, at 4 o'clock this morning. Screams, proceeding from the bedchamber occupied by Miss Rose Cornwell, the eighteen-year-old daughter, rang through the house. Mrs. Cornwell, accompanied by the servants, rushed to the room and entered it in time to see a man leap from the window. He landed in a peach tree, which bent under his weight and deposited him safely on the ground. The police were notified by telephone.

Miss Cornwell says she awoke and found a man beside her. She sprang from the bed, but could not utter a word. Suddenly she found her voice and screamed.

The intruder was chased up the river into Seneca Park and captured. He turned out to be Joseph Powell, a prominent society young man. He offers no explanation of his conduct and refuses to say a word. He is now in jail. Powell was not acquainted with Miss Cornwell and his action is inexplicable to his friends.

CHICAGO DEMOCRACY SPLIT.

County Faction Will Invite D. B. Hill, ex-President Cleveland, and Richard Olney to a Picnic.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Fierce rivalry between the old County Democracy and the new City Democracy, to be made State and National in its scope, was begun to-day. Each organization decided to hold a picnic in June and invite speakers of National reputation.

The County Democracy fixed upon June 13 as the date and Elliott's Park as the place for its picnic. It will try to secure David B. Hill of New York as the principal orator, but intends to invite other prominent Democrats of the country, among them probably ex-President Cleveland and Richard Olney, who was his Secretary of State.

An Usher High-Ball.
It's Scotch and it's Glenlivet.—Adv.

OPENHYM BODY FOUND IN THE HARLEM RIVER

Capt. John Meehan to Receive the $5,000 Reward.

Long Search for the Missing Silk Merchant Ended with the Body Rising to the Surface.

After almost a month's untiring search in and about the Harlem River for the body of Adolphe Openhym, senior member of the firm of William Openhym & Sons, silk merchants at Grand and Mercer Streets, who jumped from High Bridge on the morning of March 30, while temporarily insane, the body rose to the surface early yesterday morning, escaping the notice of a score of boatmen in the employ of the family, and was found by Capt. John Meehan of the scow Ella Jane, at One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Street, who will receive the $5,000 reward offered.

Mr. Openhym, who lived with his wife and family at 352 Riverside Drive, left his home on the morning of March 30, apparently in the best of health and spirits, after enjoying his usual horseback ride through the Park. He was seen to board a north-bound Amsterdam Avenue car about 9:30 o'clock. An hour and a half later Frank McConville, a bridge tender, located at High Bridge, saw Mr. Openhym walk quickly out on the bridge to a point directly over the middle of the Harlem River, lay aside his hat and umbrella, and leap into the water.

The bridge tender was powerless to prevent the suicide, and he reported the occurrence to the West One Hundred and Fifty-second Street Police Station, turning over to the police the hat and umbrella that were left on the structure. They were identified as belonging to Mr. Openhym by a card in the hat bearing the name of his business firm and the telephone number.

The police at once notified the family, which consists of Mrs. Openhym and two sons, Carl, who is a junior at Harvard, and a younger boy. A detective agency was engaged to search for the body, while William Rolph of 317 West One Hundred and Forty-second Street, who has been in the employ of the firm for years, was authorized to begin a systematic search of the river regardless of expense.

Dozens of boatmen were engaged to drag the river, heavy charges of dynamite were fired under water in the vicinity of High Bridge without avail. Mr. Rolph patrolled the river constantly in a naphtha launch, and as a last resort a diver named Johnson was employed to search the river bottom. He met with no better success, and although many of the boatmen who had searched in the hope of securing the $5,000 reward grew lax in their efforts, Mr. Rolph continued with untiring zeal, believing that the body of his employer was still in the water.

He was in the water as early as 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and passed Capt. Meehan's boat, moored to the dock at the west side of the Harlem, at the foot of One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Street, only a few minutes before the body was discovered.

On going out on deck in the morning Capt. Meehan, who is seventy years of age, at once began an inspection of the hull of his craft as was his custom. The tide was ebbing at the time, and his attention was attracted to what appeared to be a bundle of clothes floating between the dock and the fender of his craft, which held it stationary.

Securing a boathook, he towed the bundle around the port side to shallow water and discovered it to be the body of a man floating face downward. He at once notified Policeman Charles Francis of the West One Hundred and Fifty-second Street Station, who telephoned for a patrol wagon and a coffin.

In the meantime Capt. Meehan's son August started to secure the body with a rope, and in catching a glimpse of the face called to his father that he thought it was the body of Mr. Openhym. A closer examination dispelled all doubts, and, running to the nearest telephone, he called Mrs. Openhym and told her that his father had found the body.

Rolph arrived a few minutes later and positively identified the body, which was removed to the West One Hundred and Fifty-second Street Station. The body was in a remarkably good state of preservation for one that had been in the water so long. It was completely dressed, even to the gloves, and the only mark upon it was a bruise across the face, which is believed to have been caused by striking the water as the man leaped from the bridge.

On the body was found nothing that would indicate contemplated suicide. There were several business letters, a ticket for a dinner to be given to District Attorney Jerome, three ten-dollar bills, one five-dollar bill, four one-dollar bills, two quarters, a dime, and two pennies; a gold watch bearing the monogram "A. O.," three blank checks, a small notebook, and the picture of a child. The clothing was torn, and it is believed that the grappling irons caught in it, but failed to move the body as it lay in the mud.

At the station house the remains were claimed by Robert D. Kohn, an architect at 170 Fifth Avenue, who is a member of the family. Coroner Scholer gave a permit for the removal of the body, and it was taken to the rooms of the Campbell Burial and Cremation Company at 241 West Twenty-third Street. Mr. Kohn gave Capt. Meehan one of his cards, upon which was written: "This card is given to Capt. Meehan, who found the body of Mr. Openhym," in order that he might claim the reward.

Coroner Scholes said last evening that the man undoubtedly jumped from the bridge during a fit of temporary insanity, and that he left no letters of any kind that would indicate that he even contemplated for an instant taking his life. It is the Coroner's opinion that he body in striking the water was projected head first into the soft mud that forms the river bottom and that it remained there until the gases formed by decomposition caused it to rise to the surface.

According to a tentative arrangement, it is understood that a funeral service will be held Wednesday at the Openhym residence, and that the Rev. Dr. Felix Adler will officiate.

GUNBOATS FOR PHILIPPINES FOUND TO BE DEFECTIVE.

United States Insists on the Rebuilding of Four Vessels Ordered from a Japanese Company.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Wash., April 26.—Yokohama mail advices say that the United States has found serious defects in four gunboats being constructed for the Philippine Island service by the Uraga Dock Company.

Last year the American Government ordered twenty island gunboats from Japanese and Chinese companies. The first of the five built in Japan was completed and delivered last October. On its arrival at Manila important structural defects were found in it. The Washington Government then opened negotiations with the Uraga Dock Company, and insisted on the entire rebuilding of the remaining four gunboats, though they were already half completed. The company is accordingly tearing out part of the interior work of all four steamers, and will reconstruct them under the close supervision of American naval officers. The company claims it will lose money on the contract.

The vessel delivered at Manila is reported to have been outwardly well constructed, but her machinery and other equipment were scarcely up to the standard expected by the Philippine Government, which let contracts under authority from Washington.

$24.25 to St. Louis and Return
via Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets on sale April 28th to 29th inclusive. Good to return until May 4th inclusive.—Adv.

SANTO DOMINGO REBELS OVERTHROW GOVERNMENT.

Downfall of President Vasquez Complete—Revolutionists Form a Provisional Government.

SANTO DOMINGO CITY, April 22.—As a result of the fighting between Government forces and the revolutionists which occurred here April 18, the Government has abandoned San Carlos and Guibia, and these suburbs are now occupied by the rebels, who became possessed of the ammunition, rifles, and cannon left by the Government forces. The whereabouts of President Vasquez and his followers is not known, but it is believed that they have gone to San Pedro de Macoris.

The fighting has entirely changed the situation here, and it is hoped that peace soon will be restored. The hospitals of the city are filled with wounded.

The losses sustained by the Government were very heavy.

The Government garrisons at Asua de Compostela, Bani, and San Cristobal have joined the revolutionary movement.

In San Domingo City the misery is very great, some 300 families having been rendered homeless through the burning of the suburb of San Carlos. The wounded men in the hospitals here are suffering from the lack of proper food and medical attendance. The departure April 20 of the United States cruiser Atlanta is much regretted because of the assistance her hospital staff rendered the wounded.

The city is growing more quiet and business is reviving.

It was learned here to-day that the Government forces at Barahona, San Pedro de Macoris, and Seibo have joined the revolutionists in the northern part of the island and the overthrow of President Vasquez is complete.

A provisional Government has been formed. It is constituted as follows:

President—A. Wos-Gil.
Minister of the Interior—Miguel Febles.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—Fidelio Despradel.
Minister of Justice—Enrique Henriquez.
Minister of Finance—R. E. Galvan.
Minister of Public Works—Jose Brache.
Minister of War and Marine—Dionisio Frias.
Minister of Coasts—Francesco Deiden.

CAPE HAITIEN, Haiti, Thursday, April 23.—The German cruiser Vineta, which called at Port-au-Prince, brings details of the fighting at Santo Domingo City on April 18.

President Vasquez and his forces attacked the city vigorously at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 18th. After very severe fighting that lasted for one hour the Government forces succeeded in gaining an entrance to the city. They were very quickly driven out, however, leaving behind many of their number dead or wounded. The reported death of Casimiero Cordero, Minister of the Interior, is confirmed, as is that of Gen. Aguiles Alvarez.

Foreign Minister Sanchez under the Vasques Government and his followers, are reported to be in a critical situation.

The foreign Consuls at Monte Cristi have asked for the presence of warships. Monte Cristi is surrounded by the rebels, and the lack of provisions is beginning to be felt. Water is sold there at 40 cents per five gallons. The plan of the revolutionists would seem to be to starve out Monte Cristi and force it to surrender. The rebels around Monte Cristi are commanded by Gen. Navarro.

BATTLE IN SOMALILAND.

Mullah Loses 200 Men Killed—British Lose Heavily and Retire After Their Ammunition Becomes Scarce.

BOHOTLE, Somaliland, April 25.—Major Gough, in command of a mobile column, has engaged the enemy near Danop. He lost thirteen men killed, including two officers, and four officers were wounded.

The enemy had 200 men killed.

LONDON, April 27.—A long official dispatch has been received here from Bohotle to the effect that Major Gough's flying column, numbering about 200 men, was attacked by a large force of the enemy near Danop. The column formed in a square and resisted with success for several hours, receiving reinforcements from Danop. Ammunition becoming scarce, the British force retired slowly on Danop, bringing all the wounded with it. It was continually attacked en route.

In addition to thirteen men killed, including two officers, there were twenty-eight men and four officers wounded.

Major Gough praises highly the conduct of his force under trying conditions, and while fighting at close quarters. He mentions several men for gallant behavior. He is now retiring on Bohotle, and is expected there to-morrow. Supplies have been sent to meet him.

A dispatch to the Foreign Office from Bohotle shows that Col. Cobbe's relief by Gen. Manning and his retirement to Galadi was effected without opposition from the enemy. The loss of about 2,000 of the Mullah's men occurred during the original attack on Plunkett's square.

STUART ROBSON ILL.

Announced in Toledo That His Dates for the Balance of the Season Have Been Canceled.

TOLEDO, Ohio, April 26.—Word was received here to-day announcing that Stuart Robson was taken ill at Auburn, N. Y., last night, and that his dates for the balance of this season had been canceled.

They covered two weeks in New York, Ohio and Michigan.

FURNITURE MADE OF HORNS.

John W. Gates to Have a Remarkable Suite for His "Den."

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., April 26.—John W. Gates is buying pieces of furniture for his "den" composed entirely of elk and deer horns. There are two large armchairs, a settee, a table, a footstool, and a smoking set. The only parts of these articles which are not made of horn are the seats of the chairs and settee and the tops of the footstool and table. These are of oak.

Eugene E. L. Keehn of Engine Company No. 8 of the Denver Fire Department is the manufacturer of the unique suite. He became acquainted with Mr. Gates several years ago. Keehn has been at work on the furniture about two years. He had some difficulty in collecting enough horns.

BRIDEGROOM 87, BRIDE 60.

Former Insulted When Judge Asked Him When a Man Is Too Old to Wed.

Special to The New York Times.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 26.—William Shanks, aged eighty-seven years, was insulted to-day by Probate Judge Fagan, who, before issuing to Shanks the marriage license, asked him when he thought a man would be too old to marry.

"You will have to ask some older man than me," he replied, and then as with haughty air, he led his sixty-year-old bride to the altar, he ejaculated: "Did you ever see a Kansas man who thought he was too old to marry?"

Burnett's Cocoaine promotes the growth of the hair, and renders it dark and glossy.—Adv.

METROPOLITAN REPLY TO AMORY CHARGES

Detailed Finding of Accountants Made Public.

They Report That There Is No Ground for Charge of Corporate Mismanagement or Misappropriation of Funds.

President Herbert H. Vreeland of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, against whom William N. Amory brought the charge of criminal libel subsequent to the accusations of falsified accounts against the company, issued yesterday afternoon a statement made by expert accountants in answer to the allegations made in the recent report of Eugene A. Philbin.

The statement, which was mailed last night to all of the company's stockholders, was prefaced with a note from Mr. Vreeland to the effect that in view of "the wide publication of misleading and injurious statements regarding the financial affairs of the company" he had asked Stephen Little, Farquhar J. MacRae, and Haskins & Sells, certified public accountants, to make an investigation and submit a report that could be presented to the stockholders.

Next came a letter from the expert accountants to Mr. Vreeland, stating that they had been requested to examine "a memorandum containing allegations, inferences, and conclusions claimed to be based principally upon the reports of your company to the State Railroad Commissioners for a period of years."

"This memorandum," continues the letter signed by the experts, "appears to be identical with the publications in the New York newspapers on April 16, 1903, and you inform us that it includes the substance of the charges respecting the management of your company which were called to your attention by the District Attorney of the County of New York.

"We have examined this memorandum in detail. Its contents are subdivided into twelve articles, each of which we have carefully investigated. Our comments upon each of them are contained in the report herewith submitted.

"We have no hesitation in saying that there is nothing in the reports and other papers referred to in this memorandum, so far as their contents are brought before us, and nothing in any of the comparisons and analyses therein made which affords the slightest ground for any charge of corporate mismanagement, or for the suggestion that any funds of the company have been misappropriated. Nor does an examination of the memorandum raise any doubt in the mind of an accountant as to the accuracy of your official reports at the time when they were made, or as to the propriety of the expenditures therein reported.

"The least that can be said in comment upon the allegations, inferences, and conclusions of the memorandum to which you have called our attention is that they are wholly mistaken."

THE ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT.

The accountants' report in full was as follows:

"We submit herewith in detail our report upon the memorandum you have handed us. We have considered the subdivisions contained therein in their numerical order, retaining in each case the caption that appears in the memorandum.

NO. I.

"'Cash disbursements for new construction, &c., wrongly reported.'

"The allegation under this headline is in effect that during certain specified years the cash disbursements for new construction and equipment were reported to the Railroad Commissioners as amounting to $35,413,421.83 in the company's cash statement, while in the company's general balance sheet they were said to amount during the same period to only $25,355,572.76.

"The figures stated by the persons who prepared this memorandum are incorrect. The sum reported in the general balance sheet for the period stated was $25,705,572.76, but the difference, for the purpose of this inquiry, is immaterial.

"The question which this comparison seeks to raise is: What became of the missing $10,000,000? The answer is that there is no missing $10,000,000, and that the comparison is mistaken, misleading, and contrary to all principles of accounting. The company's statement of cash disbursements represents obligations paid during the specified period, while the increase in the amount charged to the construction and equipment account, as shown on the balance sheet, represents obligations incurred. The two things are obviously so different that any attempt to compare them is preposterous and conveys no meaning whatever.

"The reference to loans and investments and to the difference between the cash statements and the balance sheets in respect of these, is met by the same answer. We repeat that there is no occasion to reconcile the cash statement with the balance sheet, nor is any inference whatever to be drawn from the fact that they do not agree. To base a charge of corporate mismanagement upon the fact that a disagreement does exist is simply absurd.

NO. II.

"'False balance of $3,000,000 due from lessor companies carried forward from 1901 to 1902.'

"The suggestion made under this heading is that because your company reported to the Railroad Commission, (Report of 1901, Page 1,071,) 'amount due from lessor companies, June 30, 1901, $2,245,598.78,' and the next year reported (Page 1,109,) 'balance due from lessor companies, June 30, 1901, $5,245,598.78,' it follows that a false balance was stated, amounting to $3,000,000. This inference is entirely unwarranted. The transaction embodied in these two reports was simply this—$3,000,000 had been paid by the lessor companies to the Metropolitan in notes on account of additions and betterments made by the Metropolitan Company upon their respective lines, and the notes falling due were not paid by the lessor companies, but were taken up by the Metropolitan Company. Thereupon the $3,000,000 of indebtedness to the Metropolitan Company represented by the notes were, of course, charged back to the lessor companies' accounts on the Metropolitan Company's books.

NOS. III., IV., V., VI.

"(III.) 'In relation to the Second Avenue Railroad Company'; (IV.) 'Repeated charges for same construction work on certain leased lines'; (V.) 'Excessive charge for reconstruction on the Thirty-fourth Street Crosstown Railway Company'; (VI.) 'Neglect to report in detail cost of new construction year by year.'

"The points raised under these headings relate mainly to the cost of construction work, and are merely expressions of opinion that this cost was excessive.

"We shall not undertake to discuss that question as to which certainly no one is qualified to form an opinion who does not know of his own knowledge all of the physical conditions under which a given piece of road was built.

"In making out the allegation that this cost of construction was too great, it is claimed that evidence of double charging exists in the reports your company has made to the Railroad Commission. Certain items reported as the cost of constructing a certain road during a given year are pointed out, and attention is then called to the statement in the same report that the road is in operation. Thereafter a further increased item, stated in respect of a subsequent year is cited, and, recalling that the road was said to be in operation, it is assumed that this state of the accounts implies a double charge. There is no ground for such an assumption. The work of construction is not necessarily, nor often, completed when the road is put into operation. On the contrary, it goes on for months, even years, and any charge for that road in the report of a given year means only the cost of such mileage as was constructed and accounted for during that year.

"Another mistaken assumption of a simi-

ilar kind appears under the above captions. Observing in the annual reports amounts therein stated to be expended during the year reported upon, and observing also the length of the road therein stated, it is assumed that the charge applies to the entire mileage so reported. But it is not so. The charge made represents the cost of such work as has been actually done and accounted for at the time the report is made. Subsequent charges refer to subsequent work, and all such charges added together are the cost of the entire mileage of the road.

"'An illustration of the manner in which the author of this memorandum has continually imposed upon himself in the examination of your annual reports appears in the criticism that 'The enormous sums carried by your company year by year since 1896 under the head of "New construction on lines owned and leased to be distributed" (reaching a total of more than $22,000,000 in 1901,) would permit of an apparently easy way for falsification of accounts and for misappropriation of funds.' On the contrary, an undistributed account would be the very last place in which anybody would undertake to conceal false accounts or misappropriated funds. Every such item must reach its final destination and be fully accounted for, and it is by no means remarkable that the Metropolitan Company, during the period of its sudden and wonderful expansion, should have had a very large open account. The remark that 'no necessity existed for such an account,' disqualifies anyone who makes it from discussing the accounts of the Metropolitan Road. Your company was building for the account of many subsidiary companies, and the best way to keep its construction account intelligently and with accuracy was the way in which it was kept; namely, by holding it together until the work was completed, and then apportioning the amount to the different properties to which it appertained.

NO. VII.

"'Excessive charge for engineering and superintendence on the Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company.'

"Under this headline attention is called to an entry in the company's report of 1902 of $322,340.45 expended for engineering and superintendence, and, adding thereto some other items, it is made to appear that the charge for this service upon a mile and a half of double track road was $341,781.39. It appears that the company's report in respect to this charge did contain a clerical error, and that $290,000 of the $322,340.45 should have been charged to track and roadway and electric line construction. This, of course, does not affect the aggregate charge to construction and equipment, as both of these amounts were included in such aggregate.

"The item of $9,693.97 stated by the company to be incurred in connection with the organization or construction of the property is properly classified by the company, regardless of the date of the road's organization, and, being an item of 'legal expense,' it is in accordance with the provision of the Street Railway Accountants' Association of America relating to classification, and this memorandum in declaring it to be 'an entirely improper charge' speaks in violation of the authority it cites.

NO. VIII.

"'Excessive Claims for the Value of Investments Credited in the Company's General Balance Sheets.'

"It is here contended that the valuation placed by the company upon its pledged and unpledged securities 'is far in excess of the actual valuation,' and the conclusion is reached that, as you have issued a certain amount of Metropolitan stock for these investments, on which stock you pay 7 per cent. dividends, 'the company is paying out annually $1,400,000 to receive in return $300,000,' because 'the company's income from these investments, as its own annual reports prove, is but $300,000 a year.' This is wholly mistaken. The annual reports prove nothing of the kind. They prove that the Metropolitan Company derives that much income in the shape of interest and dividends from these securities. But as lessee or owner of these properties it derives from them also all their net returns over and above their regular dividends, to say nothing of the value of each property to the Metropolitan system as a whole. The false assumption shown above renders this criticism absurd.

"Moreover, as a matter of correct accounting, these investments should be held on your books at cost irrespective of their par or market value. No corporation of this character would undertake to write up or down the value of its investments to agree with the fluctuations of the market.

NO. IX.

"'Lease by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company to the Interurban Street Railway Company.'

"There seems to be no foundation for the statement that the sum of $23,000,000 to be paid to the Metropolitan Company by the Interurban Company, under the agreement of lease, was to be used for any other purposes than those mentioned in the Metropolitan Company's circular of Feb. 14, 1902. The Auditor of the company certifies that on Feb. 1, 1902, the floating debt of the Metropolitan Company was $10,648,972.81, of which $6,432,800.46 represented the cost of the Third Avenue stock, and that substantially all of the balance had been incurred in the extension of the electrical system to Metropolitan lines. It seems to be conceded that approximately $12,000,000 would be required to extend the electrical system to the Metropolitan lines which were operated by horse-cars at the time the Interurban lease took effect, so that it follows that the sum of $23,000,000 was to be expended in paying the debt incurred in or occasioned by the purchase of the Third Avenue stock and in defraying the expense of extending the electrical system.

"The suggestion that the Interurban transaction provided for the general purposes of the Metropolitan Company $5,804,000 of the new refunding bonds simply because that happens to be the difference between $54,000,000, the amount of these bonds reserved for refunding purposes, and $48,196,000, the amount of the underlying bonds, is entirely met by the provision of the mortgage (which seems to have been overlooked in the memorandum) to the effect that these $5,804,000 of bonds cannot, prior to Jan. 1, 1920, be used for any other than refunding purposes. It is simply the usual condition of a refunding mortgage to provide for the premiums upon underlying bonds bearing high rates of interest.

"The creation of a separate mortgage of $3,000,000 by the Central Crosstown Company is fully explained by your statement that as the Metropolitan Company owns only about three-fourths of the capital stock of the Central Crosstown Company and does not control that company's line by lease, it was clearly to the interest of the Metropolitan Company that the Central Crosstown Company should procure by the sale of its own bonds the necessary funds to provide for the conversion of its system to electricity, thus placing upon the minority stockholders their proportionate share of the cost of such conversion.

"Your Treasurer informs us that the Interurban Company has paid to the Metropolitan Company, under the agreement of lease, the sum of $16,548,000. From this sum the floating debt existing at the time of the lease has been paid in full and the construction expenditures subsequently incurred have been more than provided for.

NO. X.

"'Alleged Payment of Large Sums of Money by Lessor Companies.'

"Under this heading it is pointed out that, following the stereotyped forms adopted by the Railroad Commission, you have represented that certain amounts of money were paid to the Metropolitan Company by certain lessor companies during certain years, and no account of such payments being found in the reports of those companies, it is alleged that no such payments were made. The transactions to which these items refer are similar in principle to the transactions mentioned in Article II. of this report. The lessor companies gave to the Metropolitan not cash, but notes on account. It is ridiculous to accuse the Metropolitan Company of having 'availed itself of the printed form of the report of the Railroad Commissioners' to charge its treasury with something which it never received.

"The claims of the Metropolitan Company against its lessor companies, which in this memorandum are said to amount to $13,180,380.68 and of which it is alleged that they 'seem to be totally unfounded,' represent a debt for improvements and betterments constructed by the Metropolitan Company upon its leased properties. The extent to which they are 'founded' would no doubt be realized by any lessor company that undertook to break its lease.

NO. XI.

"'Excessive Charge for New Construction in the Year 1902.'

"The matters which are undertaken to be criticised under the headline above are not susceptible of intelligent discussion from entries in official reports. Whether or not a road costs too much in the absence of thorough and detailed knowledge of all the physical conditions under which it was built is the merest guesswork. In the memorandum many inferences of excessive cost are based upon the difference between obligations reported as paid and obligations reported as incurred, and, of course, there is absolutely no basis for such inferences. Inferences of excessive cost are also based upon the disposition of construction charges which occurred in 1902 at the time the Metropolitan property was leased to the Interurban. These charges had been, theretofore, undisturbed. They related to work previously done, and the memorandum makes the mistake of assuming that they related only to the work reported as under way in 1902.

"No ground for questioning the correctness of the company's reports or the propriety of the charges made in its construction accounts is to be found in the fact that the sums reported as having been expended for construction in a given year appear to be large as compared with the amount of work done in that year, when it is understood that the sums so reported do not necessarily, nor often, apply only to the work so reported.

NO. XII.

"'Difference in balance sheets and income account as reported on March 31, 1902, to the New York Stock Exchange and to the Railroad Commissioners.'

"Under this heading attention is called to certain differences between a report of your company's affairs rendered to the Railroad Commissioners as of March 31, 1902, and another report rendered to the Stock Exchange as of the same date. The fact is, however, that although these two reports were made as of the same date, the report to the Railroad Commissioners, being only a quarterly report, was considered tentative in character and did not include the general construction account, which is reported only at the end of each fiscal year, while the balance sheet submitted to the Stock Exchange, which was not prepared until late in the month of July, was intended to be full and complete. Furthermore, in the interim the lease of the Metropolitan to the Interurban had gone into effect as of April 1, 1902, so that the statement made to the Stock Exchange necessarily included many adjustments which had not been made when the report to the Railroad Commission was prepared. It was necessary that these adjustments should be made to refer back to the period anterior to the date of the lease. The item of cash referred to in the memorandum was a construction fund belonging to the Third Avenue Railroad Company, and its omission from the Stock Exchange report was properly made in view of the fact that it was not a part of the funds of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

"The memorandum concludes with a reference to the statement of the income account made by the company to the Stock Exchange, and to the statement made to the Railroad Commission as of the same date, and finding many differences therein, states that they 'call for a clear explanation in detail.' With this we do not agree, as the differences are sufficiently explained by the fact that to the Railroad Commission the company was reporting the operations of the lines which it directly operated, whereas to the Stock Exchange it was reporting the operations of its entire system, which included a considerable mileage operated by subsidiary companies, who by law make their own reports to the Railroad Commission.

"STEPHEN LITTLE,
"FARQUHAR J. MacRAE,
"HASKINS & SELLS,
"Certified Public Accountants."

FIGHT FOR FREE TRANSFERS.

Chairman Lehmaier of West Side Committee Seeks a Mandamus.

A proceeding has been commenced for a peremptory writ of mandamus directing the Interurban Street Railway Company to give free transfers at the corner of Eighth Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street. This proceeding is brought in the name of James S. Lehmaier, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the West Side Committee of One Hundred, as relator. The action is brought in the Supreme Court and is noticed before Judge O'Gorman at Special Term May 4, and will be pressed for an early hearing and decision in order that if it be appealed it may be decided by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court for this department before the Summer vacation. Julius Henry Cohen, the plaintiff's attorney in the Blume case before Justice Worcester, is the attorney for Mr. Lehmaier in this case and Edward B. Whitney is counsel.

The proceeding is intended as a test case, and if successful will, it is thought, necessitate free transfers at all points of intersection of the roads covered by the Interurban lease. It was admitted on the trial before Justice Worcester by the company's Superintendent, Mr. Delaney, that the only reasons he knew of for the refusal of transfers at that point were the old contract between the Third Avenue and Manhattan Railways for 8-cent tickets and the belief that the refusal of transfers would be profitable to the company.

DRAWS A CAR WITH HIS TEETH.

Iron-Jawed Man Entertains Broadway with His Feat of Strength, but Gets Himself Arrested.

Otto Petersen, a slim little man, yesterday performed his promised feat of dragging a street car up Broadway at Madison Square with his teeth. But unfortunately the police and the general public were not in the confidence of the press agent of "the man with the iron jaw," and as a result he was lodged in a cell in the West Thirtieth Street Station by Policeman John Day, who regarded Petersen as of unsound mind and bent on suicide.

The officer's opinion was shared by spectators until it was learned that Petersen is the athlete who in a few days will leave for Niagara Falls, where he says he will suspend a wire across the falls which will be used by him in a daring feat of carrying a man on his back across the chasm above the roaring waters, while he himself is suspended from a small wheel by his teeth, the wire being suspended at an angle.

It was about 4 o'clock when Petersen suddenly darted from the midst of a small group of men standing at Broadway and Twenty-third Street. Reaching the northbound track, Petersen stood in the middle of it and gesticulated to the motorman of a car on its way up town. The motorman shouted at him and jammed the brake down hard.

The moment the car came to a stop Petersen quickly fastened one end of a steel chain around the head of the bolt pin in the front bumper, ran it under one arm, and adjusted the other end, which was fitted with a rubber plate, between his teeth. Then he began to tug. The motorman seemed dumfounded, and, releasing his brake, the vehicle began to move very slowly, but it had not gone more than five feet before Officer Day and the conductor of the car had grabbed Petersen and unfastened the chain.

Petersen and some of his friends who had accompanied him to see the feat performed tried to explain matters to Day, but the latter was deaf to explanations, and said, "Sure, the man's as crazy as a loon. I'll take him to the house." And to the house Petersen went, where, in default of bail, he was placed in a cell on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Petersen is thirty-three years old, barely more than five feet in height, and weighs only 130 pounds. He is the physical director of the Danish Athletic Club, on Prospect Avenue, near Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn. He resides on a houseboat at the foot of Thirty-second Street, Brooklyn.

WANT COPPERSMITHS TO QUIT.

Central Federated Union Names Rapid Transit Committee and Hears Milk Wagon Warning.

At the meeting of the Central Federated Union yesterday Henry George, Jr., was allowed the privilege of the floor and reiterated at length his criticism of the Rapid Transit Commission. As a result the Central Federated Union appointed a committee of five to co-operate with other bodies in an agitation for municipal control of rapid transit.

According to James Wilson, delegate of the International Association of Machinists, the Brotherhood of Boilermakers and Iron Shipbuilders, which threatens to tie up the shipyards on May 1, has proved as ungrateful as King Lear's daughters. Mr. Wilson said that during the strike of the boilermakers in the Townsend-Downey shipyards the machinists had gone out in sympathy, and yet the boiler makers were doing the work of striking machinists at the Quintard Iron Works, foot of East Twelfth Street.

It was decided as the sense of the meeting that the boiler makers and coppersmiths should quit work at the Quintard Iron Works, and to so inform the boiler makers' delegates. Delegate Wilson says that the strike is against the employment of non-union men. The employers say that it is against the employment of members of the Amalgamated Engineers' Association, whose headquarters are in England. The machinists class them as non-union men.

The delegate of the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union complained that one or two firms were standing firm against the recognition of the union label by the drivers. Out of 1,800 milk wagon drivers 400 had joined the union and one firm had threatened to discharge any of its members who joined the union.

"Every delegate take notice," said the Chairman. "Don't allow milk to be supplied to your homes unless there is a union label on the wagon."

Several delegates promised to drink none but union label milk, whereupon other delegates smiled. A misanthropic delegate at the back of the hall remarked that it was a safe promise.

TRAINING SHIP IN PORT

The Hartford Home with Its Crew of Naval Apprentices.

She Brings a Record of the Distressing End of One Nicodemus, Parrot, While in the Mediterranean.

With 300 naval apprentices aboard the United States training ship Hartford returned yesterday to the Brooklyn Navy Yard from a long cruise in European and West Indian waters. The Hartford, which is one of the very few old-time fighting ships remaining in the American Navy, was reconstructed at San Francisco several years ago for use as a training vessel for landsmen. Since then she has been on a number of lengthy cruises.

The Hartford sailed from the Brooklyn yard eight months ago on the cruise which ended yesterday. She went to Europe, touching at various ports there and cruising about in the Mediterranean. From Gibraltar, where she aided in releasing the stranded German steamship Lahn, the ship recrossed the Atlantic to the West Indies, sailing finally from Havana to Brooklyn.

Capt. William H. Reeder commanded the ship on the cruise, and the 300 raw apprentices he took out he brought back quite seasoned sailors.

The crew was plunged into mourning on the trip by the sudden death of one of the ship's mascots, an accomplished parrot owned by the boatswain's mate. Great pains had been taken with the education of this parrot, named Nicodemus, and he enjoyed the reputation of being able to "outcuss" any bird in the American Navy.

Nicodemus came to his end under most distressing circumstances. The Hartford was lying one day alongside of a Portuguese bark in one of the Mediterranean ports and the parrot was sunning himself on deck, when the cook and the second mate of the bark near by got into a row. Most of the things they said to each other the bird gave no ear to as being too tame and ordinary to interest him.

The cook, however, wound up the argument with a "cuss" word he had picked up in Delagoa Bay during the South African war. It was a portion of a favorite Boer oath grafted on to a celebrated Portuguese swearword, the combination being something to stagger even the skipper of a South Sea trader.

When the Hartford's parrot heard this "cuss" word, he flapped his wings with glee and immediately went below to try it on the boatswain's mate. While trying to repeat to his proud and delighted master, however, he swallowed his tongue and choked to death.

A number of the apprentices on the Hartford are to take part in the military tournament at Madison Square Garden. The apprentices will be transferred to other ships and the Hartford will then go to Annapolis to take a crew of naval cadets on a Summer cruise.

WENT AWAY IN BOY'S CLOTHES.

Girl Who Had a Record as a Baseball Player Disappeared After Getting Her Hair Cut.

Daisy Hoffman, a blonde-haired girl of eighteen years, who says that she is sorry she was not born a boy and who is known in the neighborhood in which she lives as a crack baseball player, yesterday morning donned male attire and left her home for parts unknown. Her home is at 1,970 Second Avenue, and the police of the East One Hundred and Fourth Street Police Station have sent out a general alarm for her arrest. Late last night she had not been found, although two young men said that they had seen her about 10 o'clock on East One Hundred and Fourth Street.

Daisy wore, according to the description furnished the police, a gray fedora hat, pearl gray trousers, dark coat and vest, white tie, white shirt, pink cuffs, a high standing collar, a white tie, and a pair of blue and black figured socks. Her shoes were of the low quartered kind. Mrs. Hoffman said that Daisy often threatened to run away in boy's attire, but that she did not believe at the time that she was in earnest. The last time she saw her was on Saturday afternoon, the girl retiring to her room soon after she got home on that day. She left the house at 5 o'clock yesterday morning. A boy in the neighborhood was accused of assisting her in the escapade, but he denied all knowledge of the affair later in the day.

Miss Daisy is as famous in the neighborhood for her blonde locks as for her baseball playing. There is only a little of her hair left. Saturday night she persuaded a barber to cut it off, and there was left just enough to part in the middle.

SECRET OF MARRIAGE DIVULGED

Mrs. McDevitt Objected to Her Husband's Wooing in a Play—Lost Her Position.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 26.—Because some friends could not keep the secret of her marriage, Mrs. Reuben A. McDevitt has been forced to resign as a trained nurse at the State School for Deaf-Mutes, there being a rule that a married woman cannot be employed there. Mrs. McDevitt had been married secretly, and intended to keep the matter quiet until the close of the school year, when she was to disclose her secret and live with her husband.

At an amateur theatrical performance Mr. McDevitt was cast for a part requiring ardent wooing of the leading lady. His wife did not approve of this, and told him so. One of her girl friends asked, "What is it to you?" In her indignation Mrs. McDevitt unwittingly told of the marriage. The intelligence was too great a secret for the girl friend to keep, and it soon became public property, with the result that Mr. and Mrs. McDevitt announced their marriage to-day.

THE SMELTER TRUST AND MEXICAN SILVER.

Believed the Complete Control of the Silver Mining Industry of Mexico Is Contemplated.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, April 26.—The organization of the American Smelters' Steamship Company, with a capital stock of $2,000,000, is looked upon in Mexico as another step on the part of the Smelter Trust to control the silver output of that country.

The gigantic operations of the Guggenheim Exploration Company, the Mexican branch of the American Smelting and Refining Company, in the matter of acquiring mining properties in Mexico during the past few months has convinced the most skeptical that the trust has in contemplation a control of the silver mining industry.

It already has acquired all of the smelters in Mexico, with the exception of a few small concerns, and is almost in a position to dictate the price of silver, according to the statement made here to-day by Edward Drebold, who has extensive mining interests in that country. Mr. Drebold declares that the recent remarkable advance in the price of silver is due to the operations of the Smelter Trust.

The ships of the trust's new steamship company will ply between Vera Cruz and Tampico and United States Atlantic ports, and will be used to transport the bullion of the smelters to the Perth Amboy refinery, and to carry to Mexico the coke for use in the smelters and mining supplies and machinery.

Mexican Exchange Rate Lower.

MEXICO CITY, April 26.—The sudden rise in silver has created much interest and excitement. New York exchange has dropped in three days 31 points, from 151 to 120 premium. Drafts were settled yesterday at the latter figure. Bankers believe the gold premium will go still lower. Local opinion attributes the rise in silver to various causes, including anticipations of war in the Balkans and over Manchuria and to pending negotiations for giving silver a more stable exchangeable value. The continual and violent fluctuations in the white metal cause much disturbance to business.

ACCIDENTS IN FOOTBALL.

Proportion of Badly Injured College Players About One in Thirty-five—22,766 Students Play the Game.

Special to The New York Times.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., April 26.—Prof. Edwin Dexter of the Illinois University has made an investigation in sixty American colleges of the accidents and deaths in football games, and has furnished Keene Fitzpatrick with the results of his investigation.

In ten years he finds 210,334 students have been enrolled, and 22,766, or 10.8 per cent. of these have played football. Of these 654 have been sufficiently injured to cause absence from classes, and three have been killed as the result of the game. Prof. Dexter summarises his data as follows:

One student in ten in America plays football.

The proportion of students who play, in small colleges, is about twice that of the universities.

The proportion of men playing is slightly decreasing.

About one in thirty-five players is injured badly enough to cause loss of time in classes.

The number of college men who are permanently injured is so small as to be a practically negligible quantity.

College football is adequately supervised in nearly all institutions.

The opinions of college officers as regards the value of the game are 27.3 to 1 in favor of football.

Accident insurance statistics cause the belief that many other sports are more dangerous than football.

NEW POLE VAULT RECORD.

H. Thurman Chapman of Des Moines Clears the Bar at 12 Feet—Also Ties a Hurdle Record.

Special to The New York Times.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 26.—H. Thurman Chapman broke the world's pole vault record in the Drake University home field meet here yesterday. He vaulted the pole at twelve feet, beating the record of Clapp of Yale, who now is Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association at Keokuk, Iowa, by one and a half inches. In the 120-yard hurdles Chapman went the route in 0:16 1-5, tieing the State record. Chapman is undoubtedly one of the best all round athletes in the State, and more than equal to "Doc" Pell, Drake's star last season.

Besides these two events Chapman won first in the discus and second in the shot put, getting altogether a total of nineteen points, which gives him the individual Faculty Medal for the best individual work at the home meet. Chapman is expected to win the State intercollege field meet here May 27 for Drake University. He is regarded as a phenomenal athlete among amateurs.

SAYS HIS HORSE HAD A "JAG."

The Prostrate Mr. Flagg, Thanks to Small Boys, Rode to the Station House.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., April 26.—Robert Flagg of Orange owns a horse that residents of Orange think is addicted to the use of liquor and which got its master into the toils this afternoon. Mr. Flagg lives on Hickory Street, and after partaking of his noonday repast to-day concluded to travel out and get a little air. His steed, hitched to a runabout, was brought out to the front door and Mr. Flagg entered the carriage and drove off and down Park Street, which was crowded with vehicles at the time. Mr. Flagg's course was decidedly erratic, but it is averred that the horse was entirely to blame for this.

Mr. Flagg says the horse was disgustingly intoxicated. After a while the outfit came to a stop against a lamp post and the horse fell. Word was sent to the police station and Bicycle Policeman Reinhardt was sent to the scene. He found Mr. Flagg lying prostrate on the ground, surrounded by a throng of sympathetic persons. The horse had kicked itself free and gone directly home. Mr. Flagg said he was discouraged, but would like to continue his ride, so he was assisted into the rig again, and then Reinhardt impressed a number of small boys, and, with the policeman mounted on his bicycle in the lead and the boys manning the shafts, the outfit proceeded to the station house.

Mr. Flagg was greatly pleased with the ingenuity of Reinhardt, and told Sergt. Washer before he was placed in a cell that he would recommend the policeman for advancement. Flagg will have to explain to Justice Bray to-morrow morning how his horse came to get into such a disgusting condition.

WENT TO WAR WITH HUSBAND.

Death at Portsmouth, N. H., of Ann Downing, Who Enlisted for Service Against Mexico in 1847.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., April 26.—Mrs. Ann Downing, who died at her home on North School Street, Christian Shore, yesterday, aged about eighty-five years, drew a pension as widow of Sergt. Havilah Downing of Company C, Ninth New Hampshire Infantry, in the Mexican war. This company was mustered into the United States service in this city in April, 1847.

Mrs. Downing always claimed she was entitled to a pension in her own right as a Mexican war veteran, as well as the widow of one. She and her husband both took the same oath and signed the same papers when they enlisted and her name was borne on the company rolls, the same as all the men enlisted. Her husband was appointed Sergeant when the company was organized. She was laundress, seamstress, and nurse for the whole company, and, indeed, for the whole regiment, being the only woman with it.

She was well up to the front in every battle in which the regiment was engaged and marched into the City of Mexico with the regiment when Gen. Scott made his triumphant entry. She was mustered out of the service at the same time as her husband and with precisely the same formalities. Sergt. Downing died thirty years ago.

GENEALOGISTS TO ORGANIZE.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—A movement has been started here by a number of expert genealogists to organize an association national in scope and having for its object the study of genealogy.

A committee has been appointed to prepare a prospectus embracing the ideas of those interested, which will be mailed to persons known to take interest in the subject, and to such others as may apply, with the request that they submit comments and offer suggestions upon the proposed work.

A meeting will be held to consider these replies and to provide for a permanent organization.

TROY STEEL PURCHASE.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 26.—Robert Gray, Jr., Marcus L. Ward, George G. Frelinghuysen, and Frederick T. Fearey, of this city, representing the Continuous Rail Joint Company of America, have concluded the purchase of twenty acres of land at Troy, N. Y., with the rolling mills, machine shops, and numerous other buildings formerly owned by the Troy Steel Company, part of which they have been operating under lease for the past three years.

The plant will be known hereafter as the Albany Iron and Steel Works Department of the Continuous Rail Joint Company of America. The general offices of the concern will remain in this city.

SINGING CLASS CONCERT.

In Carnegie Hall last evening occurred the ninth annual concert of the advanced People's Singing Class, which is maintained by the People's Chorus Union. A chorus of about 250 girls was assisted by soloists Sarah King Peck, soprano; Laura H. Graves, contralto; Grant Odell, baritone, and Oley Speaks, bass.

The programme was divided into two parts. Among the numbers in the first part were "A Flight of Love" and "In May," rendered by the chorus, and "Der Freischutz," by Miss Peck, assisted by the orchestra. In the second part was a cantata, entitled "Melusina." There was a large audience.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

WATERVILLE, Mass., April 26.—Fire this morning in the plant of E. Murdock & Co., tub and pail manufacturers, caused a loss of $10,000.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century

PREPARED BY

I. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

The Insecure Season.

The time draws near when no one knows
Just when to shake his Winter clothes.
For if you wear 'em, you feel bad,
And if you don't you wish you had.
—Washington Star.

No jesting. It *is* time to get a new outfit.

Spring suits for young men who'll vote in a year or so.

Single and double-breasted.

Broad, hollowed shoulders, snug-fitting collar.

Colors and patterns a little less subdued than men's.

Sizes, 16 to 20.

Prices, $8, $10, $12.50, up.

Brill Brothers,

Four Convenient Stores. 279 Broadway. 47 Cortlandt St. 211 and 219 6th Ave. 125th St., cor. 3d Ave.

TO PLAN SEARCH FOR THE POLE

Anthony Fiala, Leader of New Ziegler Arctic Expedition, Arrives from Europe—Voyage to Begin in June.

On board the St. Paul, which arrived yesterday, was Anthony Fiala, who will remain in this country about four weeks completing arrangements for the Ziegler Arctic Expedition. He has been busy in Europe for a short time looking after that end of the expedition's interests. He said that Mr. Ziegler's vessel, the America, had been brought from Tromsoe to Trondheim, where she is being repaired.

Of the Captain and the majority of the crew, Mr. Fiala had glowing reports, both as to their health and their enthusiasm over the coming trip. The full crew is to consist of 14, with a few of the members yet to be engaged. All told, 35 persons will ship for the expedition. The Captain has had twenty years' experience in the arctic regions, the mate has had fifteen, and the second mate the same amount. All of the crew are experienced whalers. Several of them have passed several Summers in the United States Revenue Service.

It is the expectation to sail in June. Dogs to the number of 180 will be shipped. The America will return to Tromsoe, and from there the start will be made for Archangel, Russia, where the final shipment of supplies will take place. After reaching Franz Josef Land, a sheltered island will be sought as far north as the ship is able to proceed. There the disembarkation will take place, and then the long trip over the ice commence.

According to Mr. Fiala conditions in the Far North are very promising just now. The ice began to break up early, which is considered a good sign. But the Director would not predict, for as he declared, the wind, ice, and temperature are most changeable factors.

It is the general opinion of many interested in arctic exploration that Lieut. Peary is again becoming anxious to make another attempt to find the north pole.

MISSING NEW YORKER FOUND.

David H. Morton, Who Disappeared April 16, Turns Up in Middletown, N. Y.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 26.—David H. Morton of 456 West Twenty-third Street, New York City, employed as a clerk in the office of Francis R. Master & Co. of 45 Worth Street, who mysteriously disappeared on April 16, has been found in a house near here, where he secured lodging. His mind appears to be affected, and he is greatly exhausted, having, as he says, traveled here from New York on foot.

ANIMAL CARGO FROM INDIA.

Two Baby Elephants on the Bucrania Died at Sea.

With tigers, elephants, leopards, scores of monkeys, snakes, birds of fancy plumage, and other captives of jungle and forest on board as well as a cargo of Oriental stuffs, valued at about $1,000,000, the British steamship Bucrania, from Calcutta and Colombo, is expected to arrive at New York early this morning. The cargo of the Bucrania consists of plumbago, salt petre, gunnies, buffalo hides, indigo, shellac, tea, cocoa, and geological publications.

Of the animals, housed on deck, there are four elephants, two of which died at sea; two royal Bengal tigers, seven leopards, four cassowaries, several hundred fancy birds about forty snakes, and about sixty monkeys. There are also a number of gaudily decked passengers from India and other Eastern countries on the ship who are going to Glen Island to exhibit themselves this Summer.

Of the elephants that died at sea, the Bucrania, when she stopped at Boston en route, reported that both had succumbed to the cold atmosphere off the Newfoundland Banks about ten days ago. They were both baby elephants and were buried at sea.

ROMANCE ENDS HAPPILY.

Policeman Saved Sweetheart in Runaway, on Return from San Juan.

The Rev. Father Meehan, in the Church of the Epiphany, Second Avenue and Twenty-second Street, with half a hundred policemen and their Captain from the East Twenty-second Street Police Station as witnesses, closed the last chapter in a little romance of which Policeman James Baker was the hero yesterday afternoon.

Ten years ago Baker met Miss Mamie McAuley of 420 East Twenty-third Street and they became sweethearts. But they drifted apart and he went out West. He fared well, but growing homesick, returned to New York, and six years ago was made a patrolman. He got a furlough long enough to go as an enlisted man to the Spanish War and received honorable mention as one of the heroes of San Juan Hill.

Shortly after his return he was at Twenty-second Street and Second Avenue one afternoon when he heard shouts of people in the distance and saw a horse with a light runabout attached dashing madly toward him.

He got in the path of the runaway, and after a fight of a block or more, in which he was bruised and cut, he stopped the frightened animal. In the vehicle almost scared to death was his old sweetheart.

They went to Niagara Falls after yesterday's ceremony, and Baker's fellow-policemen of the East Twenty-second Street Station saw to it that he had a "proper send-off," as one of them put it. Something like a bushel of rice and nearly a wheelbarrowful of old shoes were hurled at the bridal carriage.

Spanish Voters Elect Republicans.

MADRID, April 26.—The general elections are reported to have resulted favorably to the Republicans, who obtained victories in Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia, and other large towns. Slight rioting occurred at Barcelona, Bilbao, Granada, and elsewhere. At Barcelona several persons were wounded by revolver shots.

H. O'Neill & Co.

Trimmed Millinery Department.
(Second Floor.)
We Offer For Monday, April 27,
About Two Hundred
Ladies' Trimmed Hats,
Imported and from Our Own Workrooms,
at **$10.00** each.
Actual value $18.00.

A Seasonable Offering of
Women's Silk and Voile Suits and Silk and Cloth Jackets
at about one-third less than prevailing prices.

Every Garment offered in this sale is made of first-class material and the tailoring throughout is the very best—the styles, of course, are correct.

FOULARD SILK SUITS (neat small figures) in new designs and various colorings. Value $17.50. **$13.75**

TAFFETA SILK SUITS, pleated and tucked effects, new skirts and colors. Value $20.00. **$16.75**

SPECIAL WALKING SUITS, long skirted Jackets, of mannish materials in various colorings, perfectly tailored. Value $24.50. **$19.75**

SPECIAL WIRE ETAMINE BLOUSE SUITS, with a new effect in taffeta strap trimmings, made all over silk, with silk drop skirt. Value $32.50. **$25.00**

SPECIAL LOOSE COATS of pleated Taffeta, with antique lace collars and large pleated sleeves—also of HEAVY UNLINED TAFFETA with double Paquin top capes and ornaments—Monday. Regular price $16.00. **$11.75**

COVERT CLOTH JACKETS, best quality finished with all straps over every corset seam, lined with satin. Value $22.00. **$16.50**

Silk Department.
Important Offering of
Semi-Ready-Made Dress Robes
Satin Liberty Robes in a variety of Polka Dots, handsomely embroidered with lace and applique, in exclusive designs.
Special For Monday,
$20.00 and $21.00.
Actual value $35.00 and $40.00.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

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HARPERS

The Kaiser's Speeches By Wolf von Schierbrand

The character and thought of Kaiser Wilhelm are presented in these speeches, which include all of his important utterances, especially those on American topics. A photogravure frontispiece shows an excellent likeness of the Emperor.

Ornamented, Cloth, Gilt Top, 8vo, $2.50 net.

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NOT ALL FOR LIGHT

ABOUT ONE-HALF OF THE GAS USED IN NEW YORK IS CONSUMED DURING DAY LIGHT HOURS.

BEAR IN MIND THAT YOU ARE **Not Paying Coal Bills** WHERE YOU **COOK WITH GAS**

CARPET CLEANSING
Largest in the World. Every detail.
THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.
38 years' experience.
Broadway, cor. 46th St., New York.
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STORAGE WAREHOUSE & MOVING VANS.
Write or telephone for interesting booklet.

Flint's Fine Furniture
Thrifty housewives will appreciate the factory prices.
45 WEST 23D STREET.

Indian Congress Rider Hurt.

In the "Indian Congress" at Steeplechase Park in the afternoon one of the riders in the show was injured because a saddle strap broke and threw him from his seat. After the horse broke three of his ribs by kicking him. The cowboys got the animal away, and the Indians took the injured man out of the arena.

Silver Plate FOR THE TABLE

Our hard metal spoons and forks heavily silver-plated and re-enforced at the wearing points, are designed for general use in city and country homes. Tea Sets, Fruit Dishes, Cake Baskets and Salad Bowls we are showing are also very priceworthy:

Six Tea Spoons...
Table Spoons and Forks...
Four-piece Tea Sets...
Cake Baskets...

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OUR celebrated Norfolk Jackets or Sack Coats, with Knickerbockers, $8 to $15. Made from all the new fabrics. Separate Knickers, $3 to $6. Caps to match, $1. Shoes, $2.50.

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WELCH'S GRAPE JUICE

A physician says:—
"In no other form can the human organism absorb so large a quantity of blood purifying liquids."

In ordering of your druggist or grocer ask for Welch's. The Welch Grape Juice Co., Westfield, N. Y.

JEWISH THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY DEDICATED

Large Assembly in the Hall of the Institution in Harlem.

$500,000 FOR ENDOWMENT

Addresses Delivered by Jacob H. Schiff, Dr. Cyrus Adler, President Schechter, Dr. Kohler, and Others—American Conservatism Praised.

Dedicatory exercises were conducted yesterday afternoon in the new building of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, in One Hundred and Twenty-third Street, between Amsterdam Avenue and Broadway. There was a large and representative gathering, and many were unable to enter the big hall on the main floor. It was announced by Dr. Cyrus Adler, President of the Board of Directors, that $500,000 had been contributed to the fund for the support of the seminary. Louis Marshall, Chairman of the Executive Committee, stated that he would accept Dr. Adler's mandate to raise as much again. Judge Mayer Sulzberger's gift of a library of 10,000 volumes of Jewish literature was one of the large reasons for the felicities of the day.

The exercises were simple, consisting of the opening prayer, that was offered by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman, for the divine care of the institution, and addresses by Jacob H. Schiff, who presented the building; Dr. Cyrus Adler, who accepted it for the corporation; President Schechter, who spoke of the mission of the seminary, and Louis Marshall, who told of the government of the institution. The dedication prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Marcus Jastrow.

JACOB H. SCHIFF'S ADDRESS.

Jacob H. Schiff, in his presentation address said:

"It is not a small privilege which falls to me to present to you this building, erected for the purposes of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, and destined to be henceforth its home. But after all, this building, however well adapted it may prove to its purpose, will remain an empty shell unless those who are to occupy it as teachers or students are imbued with the proper spirit to give life to their work, with enthusiasm to assure the success needed to be attained to justify the existence of what we have created.

"As I understand it, our undertaking differs in its inception at least—and I should like to be permitted to emphasize this—from every other existing Jewish college or seminary. Almost every Jewish seminary has, I believe, originated in the desire on the part of the adherents of factions, which, as in every faith, exist alike in ours, to control a seat of learning and study in which the training of rabbis and ministers should proceed according to the particular religious views and tendencies of the founders.

"Entirely different are we situated. The organizers of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America have had only the one single purpose in view—to establish an institution which should appeal to all desiring to prepare for the Jewish ministry, irrespective of the tendencies toward which they might be leaning.

"When the graduates of this seminary leave its portals to seek and occupy pulpits they will be responsible to their own consciences alone for what they shall determine to teach, but their outfit for their great and holy calling will have been supplied from the inexhaustible storehouse, in which have been accumulated and guarded the tenets and traditions of our faith since time immemorial, even since the hoary ages antedating Sinai. 'Shom Som lau chauck umishpot, wesham nisou' ('There law and ordinances were first established, and from there these developed,') is the message we have received from Moses, and this process of development of Jewish law and Jewish religion, of which even the Decalogue forms a part only, has given the Jewish religion its power to survive all ages and all conditions.

"This development, you may call it reform, if you prefer, ever progresses, never ceases, but those who profess that the modern Jewish rabbi and teacher need not be versed in all of the tenets and traditions brought down to us from the fathers and the fathers' fathers little understand what Judaism has been to mankind and what is the mission it has yet to perform in the future. While Judaism in America, not, as it is so frequently misnamed, American Judaism, is particularly destined to continue the evolution which forever has been going forward in our religion, this cannot be accomplished by the radical tearing-down process which during recent decades has made such unchecked headway.

"It is true, those who are primarily responsible for the establishment of this seminary are, in part at least, not what is generally styled orthodox, but they have come forward to join hands with others of conservative tendencies, because with these they have felt that we should assure to our children the priceless possessions which, to retain and to transmit to posterity, our ancestors have suffered so incessantly and so courageously.

"We do not fear that the old, rigid, uncompromising orthodoxy can ever become transplanted and perpetuated to any large extent upon American soil, but neither must Judaism be permitted in this great land of promise to evaporate into a colorless Theism, which can never be what our faith has ever been and should continue to be to its true adherents: 'A tree of life to those who lay hold of it and a source of happiness to its supporters.'

"This building is henceforth to be in your keeping. In transferring it to you, my earnest prayer and hope is that those upon whom devolves the actual work to be done within this structure may know how to inspire the young men who come to them full of trust and enthusiasm to be trained for the Jewish ministry with a high respect for the great calling they are choosing, may know how to properly acquaint them with the statutes and traditions of our religion, hallowed by centuries and sustained, to a far-reaching extent, by experience, laws, ordinances, and traditions which have made Judaism the great moral force of all times and among all people; may implant in those whose training becomes intrusted to them a thorough sense of the responsibility of their great calling, so that they shall indeed make it their life purpose to seek after truth, and to preach truth as they see it; that those who leave here may develop into men whose very life shall teach their followers that the Jew must not have his religion for synagogue or temple only, but that, to be a true adherent of his faith, it need be his constant companion and guide in daily life: 'Ukshartom [illegible] al jedecho, wehoju letautovaus bon [illegible] uchsavtom al mesusaus besecho [illegible]' ('It shall determine the action of thy hand, as well as the thoughts of thy mind; thou shalt have it before thee in thy dwelling, on all thy paths, and in whatever thou undertakest.') So will it [illegible]."

ACCEPTANCE BY DR. ADLER.

Dr. Cyrus Adler, President of the Board of Directors, in his address of acceptance, said in part:

"On behalf of the Directors of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America I accept this building, dedicated by you to the perpetuation of the tenets of the Jewish religion and the advancement of Jewish learning. To carry out this purpose we have the Faculty, a body of devoted men, presided over by a scholar of worldwide renown and unquenchable zeal in the cause of our holy religion and its matchless literature. We hope to gather in this structure a library of Hebraica and Judaica unequaled on this continent and surpassed only by a few of the ancient collections of the Old World.

"It will be our aim to make this house of learning a centre for the Jewish scholars and Jewish teachers of this city and this country. We hope in time to touch the Jewish religious and educational system at every point, carrying our work to the people, from the pulpit, to the children in the classroom, to all from the lecture platform.

"Nor do we expect to be without relation to the higher educational system of this country. The thought occurred to us that in view of the excellent Semitic departments now established in some of our greater universities, it might be possible to arrange, under the elective system, for a group comprising what are known as the humanities and Hebrew, which would lead to the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Or, in institutions where the elective system is not so free, to so arrange the courses that students might voluntarily take the Hebrew subjects required for admission here. I am glad to be able to say that the most ancient seat of learning in this country, Harvard University, has fully met our request and that the authorities of Columbia University, the University of Pennsylvania, and Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore have announced their readiness to provide the instruction necessary for admission here, and have under consideration the details whereby this may be best effected. Nor must I omit to mention the fact that the Gratz College of Philadelphia has arranged a course preparatory to the seminary.

"When this corporation was established a little over a year ago, with a view to perpetuating and strengthening the seminary, founded in 1886, and kept alive largely through the efforts of Sabato Morais and Joseph Blumenthal, in whose memory this board has decided to establish the Morais Professorship and the Blumenthal Scholarship, the effort was made to assure permanence of financial control without in any way losing touch with our constituency, the Jewish people of the United States. To this end an endowment fund was committed to the hands of a permanent Board of Directors, with whom were associated elected Directors representing the contributors to the seminary.

"Friends in Philadelphia have temporarily provided for two scholarships—have continued an organization looking to the increase of our current funds. Baltimore has done the same. Syracuse gives promise of similar action. A moderate endowment providing for our growth in the near future would be $1,000,000. Of this sum the half has been secured."

ADDRESS OF PROF. SCHECHTER.

Prof. Solomon Schechter, Litt. D., President of the seminary, speaking of its mission, said:

"James Russell Lowell in one of his political essays laid down the principle that it is the duty of every great nation to produce great men. With all due deference to all sorts of mediocrities, I venture to say that the same principle is to be applied to matters spiritual and that it is also the duty of every great religion to produce great men. In the absence of these—the great men—a nation is apt to degenerate into a mere mob governed by the petty and selfish interests of its various factions, without any vitalizing and uniting principle to sustain it on its day of peril; while religion in a similar condition is sure to dissolve into a mere series of excitements of ranting sects, without any philosophy and inspiring idea, and liable to become the prey of all sorts of quacks and flaring orators, who are certain to forsake it at the prospect of some fresh sensation or the bidding of some new fashion. The great men are not frequent; in fact, they belong to the section of humanity of which the rabbis have said that they are so few that the Holy One, blessed be He, distributed them over all generations, so that humanity at large may profit by their counsel; as it is said (I. Samuel vii.) 'For the rocks of the earth are the Lord's, and He set the world upon them.'

"Now, if we do not want to earn the opprobrium of our enemies, the mission of seminaries should prominently consist in providing religion with great men who would prove to be its very rocks and pillars. But what are the conditions under which greatness must develop? They are many and manifold. With your kind permission, I will say a few words on one or two of these conditions, which are of a more general character and which seem to me to be of the utmost importance for the prosperity of our religious institutions. The first is the creation of a proper spiritual atmosphere.

"An ancient rabbinic tractate dealing with the methods of acquiring wisdom, counts not less than forty-eight qualifications which the student should possess. But apart from the few intellectual qualifications, which are, after all, a gift of nature, they may all be summed up in a single Hebrew word, Lishma or Lishmo, which means the study of the Torah for the sake of God, without an eye to any worldly gain. 'Say not,' teaches the Sifre, 'I will study Torah in order that I may attain the title of rabbi or Haham, or that I may get a big salary, or that I may be rewarded for it in the world to come, but devote thyself to it for the sake of the love of God.'

"This is not a very practical programme. Modern conditions make it necessary, I am afraid, that even our training schools for the sacred calling should be largely conducted on the unsacred principle of the ultimate material success of the alumni. But let us not be too successful. For it is this consideration of ulterior motives which is responsible for the fact that latter-day Judaism is almost entirely devoid of the element of saintliness, without which religion itself becomes profane and secularized.

SAINTLINESS DEFINED.

"It is very difficult to give an exact definition of saintliness. Saintliness is the last in the scale of the ten virtues leading up to the gift of the holy spirit, and as this latter it defies analysis, but it may perhaps be dimly described as the feminine—not feminized—element of religion, furnishing it with the compounds of delicacy and chasteness. It shudders at the touch of anything sensational or vulgar; it shrinks back from all publicity, for it is 'the glory of the King's daughter to be within,' not on the market place, and thoroughfares. It is unpractical and self-sacrificing, and certainly not free from ascetic tendencies. It labors more with the heart than with the lungs, but its very silence is eloquent. A glance, or a nod of approval, or a sigh, not to say a tear coming from one in possession of saintliness, or the saint, is with noble and sensitive souls more effective than cartloads of volumes of finished oratory.

"The title of such a saint is neither rabbi nor doctor, nor professor, nor even Dean or President, but as our sages tell us, he is called friend, beloved, lover of God, and lover of mankind. The Torah, whose secrets are revealed unto him, clothes him with meekness and reverence. He becomes modest, long-suffering, and forgiving, and it makes him great and exalts him above all things. This was the ideal scholar and saint of the old rabbinic times, and he will certainly never appear on our globe again, as long as we do not alter the standard of greatness, and make room for him in the economy of our higher religious institutions.

"In one of his philosophical works, Maimonides declared that he would feel no compunction in being useful to one wise man at the risk of injuring 10,000 fools. Such a division of humanity is rather invidious, considering the largeness of the dividend and the smallness of the divisor, but I think that none of us will hesitate to employ the best means proving helpful toward the producing of a single saint, at the risk of inconvenience to crowds of theological skyscrapers and ecclesiastical officeseekers.

"Another condition for producing greatness is that the teaching in our seminaries should be wide and comprehensive, containing within itself the elements of eternity and catholicity. I will explain myself: Among the various legends attaching to the account of the Revelation on Mount Sinai, there is one to the effect that this glorious act was not only witnessed by the master of the prophets and his contemporaries, but also by those who departed from these regions long since and who came to life again for that blissful moment, as well as by the souls of those who were still to be born. 'For,' the rabbis proceed to say, 'was it not said by Moses, "Neither with you only do I make this covenant and this oath, but with him that standeth here with us this day before the Lord our God, and also with him that is not here with us this day."'

"The underlying idea is that a religious manifestation to be truly great and inspiring, must also have regard for those who are not there. It must include both an appeal to the past to which it should give back life and continuity, and hold out a good message to the future, which would, in its turn, endow it with immortality. It is true that it is the present and its needs which have the first claims upon our attention, and I would be sorry indeed to see the Jewish ministry proof against the demands of our own time.

"What attracted me many years ago to Krochmal's book, was first the title, 'The Guide of the Perplexed of the Times,' thereby showing that every time has its own perplexities, and, therefore, needs its own guidance; but it is also from this immortal work and other kindred works from which I have learned that unless it is a present which forms a link betwene two eternities, representing an answer of Amen to the past and an opening prayer to the future, it will be a very petty present indeed, while its so-called needs will often turn out to be a mere caprice of the mob, or a whim of fashion, or the hobby of some willful individual, sure to disappear when viewed sub specie a eternitatis.

AMERICAN CONSERVATISM.

"The teaching in the seminary must not be overmuch burdened with the considerations of locality. The Directors of this institution, by terming it the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, have distinctly shown their intention of avoiding sectarianism, for it is an especial American feature that no preference is given to any denomination or sect of theological thinking. They are all alike welcome, each working out its salvation in its own way.

"If there is a feature in American religious life more prominent than any other it is its conservative tendency. The history of the United States does not begin with the red Indian, and the history of its spiritual life does not begin with the vagaries of some peculiar sects. This country is, as everybody knows, a creation of the Bible, particularly the Old Testament, and the Bible is still holding its own, exercising enormous influence as a real spiritual power, in spite of all the destructive tendencies, mostly of foreign origin. Nay, it is this excess of zeal and the over-realization of the presence of Biblical times which enabled quacks to create new tabernacles here, with new Zions and Jerusalems, and to proclaim themselves as second of first Moseses, and even to bless their followers with caricature revelations. But these are only the excesses.

"The large bulk of the real American people are in matters of religion still sober and loyal adherents to the Scriptures, as their Puritan forefathers were. America thus stands both for wideness of scope and for conservatism. I think that a deeper acquaintance with American history and American literature will justify my interpretation of Americanism. I hope one day to be more explicit on this point.

"But be this as it may, forget not that this is a Jewish theological seminary, having the mission to teach the doctrines and the literature of the religion which is as old as history itself and as wide as the world. Any attempt to confine its activity to the borders of a single country, even be it as large as America, will only make its teachings provincial, narrow, and unprofitable. Israel, and Israel alone, must be the end for which synagogues and seminaries are erected, even in this country. Thus teaches the Book of Maccabees: God did not chose His people (Israel) for the sake of the place (that is, His Temple,) but the place for the sake of the people.'

"I am not an opponent of State rights, and much less of the rights of a whole continent, and I readily concede that the seminary should always give due consideration to the religious needs of this country. For instance, I am of the opinion that we should in this country, with its peculiar theological atmosphere, pay more attention to Bible and theology than we did in Europe. I am further of opinion that in a democratic country like this everything should be avoided in the teaching of theological institutions which is calculated to emphasize the difference between the laity and priesthood, or rabbihood.

"I am also inclined to think that any attempt toward the centralization of the spiritual power into the hands of a man or a body of men will only prove injurious to this country, with its free and broad spirit. But these, and many other questions like these, of a disciplinary nature, are of minor importance. The great body of Jewish doctrine and Jewish law, as taught by catholic Israel, has nothing in it to collide with the American spirit, and the seminary to be really great will have to be catholic and of a uniting nature.

"There is an old Jewish prayer reading thus: 'Oh, God, protect me against the day when one part of my body will become a burden to the other.' Unfortunately there are symptoms enough that this day is not far. There is even a tendency noticeable not only to hasten the day, but at last to drop the burden and to give up all notion of solidarity and of mutual responsibility. There is no other way to save us from such a calamity but to strengthen our loyalty to the Torah and to devote ourselves to its study.

"It is only by strengthening bonds of unity, by appreciating everything Jewish and falling in love with it, that this great monument presented to us and to Judaism by our noble donor, whom one dares not thank but in oblique sentences, will become a blessing and a prayer, and, like the trans-Jordanic altar of the Book of Joshua, it will stand not only for unity and brotherhood, but like that, it will also be called witness, 'for it shall be a witness between us that the Lord is God!'"

SEMINARY LIBRARY.

Judge Mayer Sulzberger, in speaking of the seminary library, said in part:

"In laying the foundations for our future library we have acted on the thought that, while an institution organized for the study of a special science or profession, like this seminary, needs a good general library, it must earnestly endeavor to perfect a library for its special purposes. Such a library should comprise as complete a collection as possible of all the works of Jewish science written in Hebrew and other languages.

"From the year 1475, when Hebrew printing began, to the French Revolution, the chief recorded activity of the Jews is illustrated rather by their books than in their books. General history busies itself but slightly with their doings, and for obvious reasons no great marks could be left by them in warfare, architecture, painting, sculpture, or even literature. No wonder they called printing the holy art; it was the only one in which they could make their appeal to the future.

"That a complete collection of these books will ever be made in any library of the world is too much to hope. The books, like their owners, underwent so many persecutions, expulsions, and burnings that the relatively small editions of early times were exhausted by these drastic means. Moreover, in comparing the early books of general literature with the early Hebrew books, the fact will be noted that while general works of the early age can be found in perfect condition, the same is not often true of Hebrew books. The former give evidence that many of them were placed in stately libraries and daintily cared for, while the latter show hard and incessant usage. The Gentiles read their books; the Jews devoured theirs."

The Rev. Dr. Kaufmann Kohler, President-elect of the Hebrew Union College, delivered an address in which he said in part:

"Hitherto New York has been proud of her philanthrophy and liberality, but she fell short of her standard as the leading Jewish community of the Western World. The beginning is made in this movement for New York to rank high above all, standing for the highest ideas of Judaism. The Jew has resented the wrongs and injustice heaped upon his race with the spirit of the justice that is in him. It is the theological institution that goes to make the standing of the Jew. It equips a man in the pulpit with the substantial evidence of his righteous claims, and with the means to refute his critics. The Jew is heard, if he but speaks with convincing power of the truth, which is the erudition brought from the theological institutions.

"I congratulate you, therefore, on having this beautiful home. It seems to invite all to a loftier view and an enlarged scope, a wider mental horizon, and closer contact with the scientific world. The Christian scholars have started in their Jewish theology with the idea that Christianity must be superior, and what we need to correct false interpretations is the systematic Jewish theology. The Jews are divided into two great camps, schools, and systems, different currents of thought, and it is this thing that has kept the Jew strong and healthy in mind and heart. We must have two camps in this country differing in regard to details but essentially one."

Mr. Marshall, in concluding the addresses, said in part:

"The seal of the corporation represents the burning bush, which gave forth heat and light, but was not consumed. May it prove symbolical of the history of the institution which to-day entered its new home. May our seminary spread the light of truth, and illumine human thought with its scholarship.

"May those who enter its portals burn with zeal and enthusiasm for the holy cause of Judaism, and may the sacred fire to which we minister, continue through future ages as in the past, to be a beacon on the shore of time to direct the wanderer into the paths of rectitude, purifying, not withdrawing, bestowing life, not intellectual death, guarding the spiritual heritage of all mankind; converting it, not into an ash-heap of materialism.

"This is our hope. To help toward its accomplishment we ask the co-operation of this the greatest Jewish community on the face of the globe, which never yet has failed to lend its hand to any good and noble cause and please God, never will."

The seminary building, the gift of Mr. Schiff, faces on One Hundred and Twenty-third Street, and is of stone. There is a wide corridor leading to the main hall, where the exercises were conducted yesterday. On either side of the hall are the offices of the Faculty and the Trustees' room. In the upper stories are the class and students' rooms. The library will contain 40,000 books in the top story. An abundance of space has been reserved for manuscripts and the rarer books. There is a handsome synagogue where services are to be conducted by the students under the direction of the President of the Faculty.

The seminary is empowered to grant and confer the degrees of rabbi, hazan, master, doctor of Hebrew literature, and doctor of divinity.

HEBREW ASYLUM MEETING.

President Stern Suggests the Establishment of a Hebrew Protectory—980 Orphans Under Care.

The annual meeting of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, One Hundred and Thirtieth Street and Amsterdam Avenue, was held yesterday evening at the institution, and was attended by a large gathering of members and friends. President Louis Stern occupied the chair, and, after a few preliminary remarks, presented his annual report, which showed that the asylum was rapidly nearing its limit of capacity, which is about eleven hundred, as there are now 980 children housed under the new roof.

Mr. Stern spoke also of the necessity of the establishment in this city of a Hebrew protectory to be operated on the same principles as the Catholic Protectory. He said that there were many Hebrew children sheltered in institutions where their religion was not recognized and that some action should be taken in the matter at once.

His remarks were applauded, and it was said at the conclusion of the meeting that Mr. Stern's suggestion would be acted upon immediately.

The financial report showed a deficit of about $20,000, the income for the year being about $160,000 and the disbursement $180,000. The deficit was caused by extensive improvements and additions to the institution.

Addresses were made by Jacob Schiff, Samuel D. Levy, President of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society; Prof. Loeb, Oscar S. Straus, and Edward Lauterbach.

The following-named officers were elected:

President—Louis Stern. Vice President—Henry Rice. Treasurer—Martin Beckhard. Trustees—Oscar S. Straus, Theodore Seligman, Marx Ottinger, Siegmund J. Bach, Theodore Obermeyer, Marks Arnheim, and I. S. Korn.

TOLERANCE OF THE JEWS.

Dr. Hall Refers to the Strong Men of the Race—Friendship of the Late Rabbi Gottheil.

The Rev. Dr. F. O. Hall preached a sermon on religious tolerance yesterday morning at the Church of the Divine Paternity. Before preaching he read a letter from a son of the late Rabbi Gottheil thanking the Church of the Divine Paternity for the resolutions of condolence passed by it upon his father's death.

The writer referred to the warm feeling of friendship that had always existed between the pastors of the Church of the Divine Paternity and his father. It was a peculiar coincidence, Dr. Hall said, that the first so-called Christian church ever entered by the late rabbi was the Church of the Divine Paternity when it was in Fifth Avenue, and it was also the last Christian church entered by him shortly before his death. The late rabbi, the clergyman said, possessed to a marked degree the spirit of tolerance taught by the Saviour.

In the course of his sermon Dr. Hall said: 'Sometimes I wonder that the Jews, the most tolerant of people, are as tolerant as they are, considering their persecutions, and, as a matter of fact, we are hardly done persecuting them yet. We do not shut them up in ghettos, and in the unsanitary parts of our cities; we do not stone them as they do in France, but only recently a man was brutally clubbed in New York for no other reason than that he was a Jew. We do not murder their women and children as they do in Turkey, but we build walls about them as hard as adamant. Yet no race has produced such strong men, strong in every way, as have the Jews, or men who have reflected greater credit and renown upon their people than the Jewish men."

RISKS LIFE TO SAVE HER BOY.

Mother Prevents Ambulance from Crushing Child by Standing in Front of It—Is Seriously Injured.

Standing between her five-year-old child and a speeding Bellevue Hospital ambulance yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Lena Campter of 339 Fifth Street saved the boy from being injured but was herself knocked down and seriously hurt. The child, with several other children, was playing in the street in front of his home when the ambulance, which was responding to a call, approached, the horse on a fast gallop.

John Russell, the driver, saw the little ones in front of him too late for him to stop the horse. The mother, who is thirty years old and who was sitting on the front steps of her home, also saw the danger her child was in. The little one, instead of running, stood as if petrified with fear, directly in the path of the ambulance.

Without hesitating a moment the mother leaped from her seat and ran out into the street. Seeing that if she stooped to lift the child both might be run down, she stopped and stood squarely between him and the horse, which struck her and knocked her down. One of the wheels of the ambulance ran over her right leg and fractured it. The fracture was reduced by Dr. Vose, the ambulance surgeon, and Mrs. Campter was carried into her home. The child was not hurt.

Two Births on the Liner Blucher.

Two births were reported by the Hamburg-American liner Blucher when she arrived yesterday from Hamburg. On April 20 a son was born to Mrs. A. Kaiser in the steerage. The father and mother conferred long on the subject of a name, and finally christened the child Adalbert Blucher Kaiser. On the 23d a girl baby was born to Mrs. Christina Smirker, also a steerage passenger. The woman's husband was to meet her at this port.

RELIANCE'S SECOND SPIN

Sails Fast in Seven-Knot Breeze and Smooth Water.

Balloon Jib Topsail, Tried for First Time, Sets Perfectly—New Yacht's Lofty Rig.

BRISTOL, R. I., April 26.—The Reliance was taken out again this afternoon, and in a two-hour spin she proved, as was indicated yesterday, a stiff and powerful craft, and very fast in beating and reaching. Under her working rig she left her anchorage shortly after 2 o'clock, and beat down to the lower bay in a light southeast wind. When she came abeam of Musselbed Light she caught a slant of wind and reached over to Prudence Island, making long and short legs almost down to Gould Island. Then she was brought about and started on a reach back to Bristol, setting her balloon jib topsail for the first time, and entering Bristol Harbor by Pappoosesquaw Channel, a course not usually followed by the Herreshoff boats, which as a rule take the East Channel.

Designer Herreshoff was at the wheel on the trip, and the breeze throughout the afternoon was about seven knots and the water smooth. The set of the balloon jib topsail was faultless. The other sails did not seem to set quite as well as they did yesterday, but that probably was due to the fact that the wind was not so strong, and had hardly sufficient force to heel her over. For the first time the crew wore their blue suits and watch caps, the latter carnation and black, the Iselin colors.

The most notable feature of the new yacht, and one which was most apparent yesterday, when the Columbia ranged up near her in Newport Harbor, is her lofty rig. The mast is 168 feet long over all, and as 7 feet of this length is below decks, the height of the mast from deck to truck is 155 feet. The Reliance carried her smallest club topsail yesterday, and as the topsail sprit extended about 10 feet above the topmast, the total height of the sail spread was 165 feet. The boom is about 112 feet long, or 3 feet longer than Constitution's and 5 feet longer than that of Columbia. The bowsprit is 37 feet long over all, 30 feet of which is outboard. Her gaff is 68 feet long, while Constitution's is 66 feet and Columbia's 65 feet. The topmast, a spar of Oregon pine, telescopes within the steel lower mast and is 44 feet long.

The fit of the sails is considered remarkable for a new boat, and no sail ever drew better than did the big mainsail yesterday. The spinnaker, which was tried yesterday, and the balloon jib topsail, which was broken out to-day, also were most satisfactory.

PARKHURST ON JEROME.

He Declares District Attorney Would Run for President or Czar of All the Russias.

At the conclusion of the service at his church yesterday morning, some questions were put to the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst regarding the coming Mayoralty campaign. He said he had nothing whatever to say, but when a question was put to him as to whether he thought that District Attorney Jerome would under any circumstances consent to be a candidate, the doctor said:

"Would he run? Why, he would not hesitate to run for anything, if a nomination came to him in a way to mean something. He wouldn't hesitate to run for President of the United States. He would even be willing to be a candidate for the position of the Czar of all the Russias, if there were a chance of such a thing. Oh yes, Jerome would be willing to run for anything. I have known him for a good many years, and I know."

PLEADS FOR WOMEN INSPECTORS.

Institute of Social Science Appeals to President Roosevelt.

Protest against the removal of the women inspectors at this port has been made to President Roosevelt by the American Institute of Social Service in a set of resolutions passed at a meeting held last Friday. At the meeting thirty-seven religious, philanthropic, and charitable societies were represented.

The resolutions set forth the belief of the Institute that the women inspectors protect young women coming over in first and second cabins from grave dangers that confront them here because of their ignorance of the English language and limited knowledge of conditions here and prevent the coming of evil disposed conditions, and that the experiment so far as tried has proved the value of the system.

Besides the request for the retention of the women inspectors are recommendations that they be appointed at other ports, and that under the general civil service regulations provision be made for an eligible list of women from which inspectors shall be chosen.

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THE appearance of the interior fittings and decorations of the home depends upon the degree of care and discrimination with which the furnishings are selected

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PIANOLA RECITAL
Aeolian Hall
SOLOIST
Mme. NORDICA
TUESDAY, APRIL 28, AT 8:30 O'CLOCK
Cards of Admission upon Personal Application

THE GREAT SUCCESS of the concerts given several seasons ago at Mendelssohn Hall, at which Mme. Nordica and M. Edouard de Reszke sang, accompanied by the Aeolian, and the more recent success of the recitals at the Waldorf-Astoria, when the "Persian Garden" was sung by prominent local artists, assisted by the Pianola, induced us to arrange the present series of special concerts for the season of 1902-1903.

During the season Mons. Journet, Von Rooy, Dippel, Mmes. Schumann-Heink and Blauvelt, and Herr Burgstaller have assisted, as well as many others.

The last of the series of special recitals will take place next Tuesday evening, at eight thirty o'clock, for the benefit of those who have been unable to attend our previous Recitals. The soloist will be Madame Nordica. Her accompaniments will be played with the Pianola.

Special Notice.—Cards of admission to these concerts are given by us gratuitously and are not sold. To prevent their sale by others each ticket will admit only the person to whom it is issued and will not be transferable.

They can be obtained by personal application at our warerooms.

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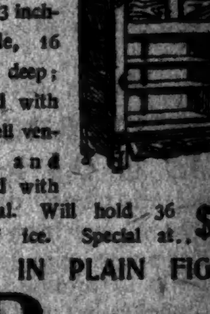

Golden Oak Refrigerators, 39 inches high, 23 inches wide, 16 inches deep; lined with zinc, well ventilated and filled with charcoal. Will hold 36 lbs. of ice. Special at.. $4.98

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The tale of a lovable, militant Bishop, whose sympathetic judgment and quick wit make him a favorite with the vigorous, full-blooded characters of Western camps and army posts.
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at first and you let it run. All the time the cough or cold is working silent destruction. Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar quickly cures coughs and colds. It is pleasant to take. Sold by all druggists.
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See name and trade mark. The recognized mark of character and perfection in Haberdashery for men and women. At leading stores.

The Wanamaker Store The Wanamaker Store The Wanamaker Store

Re-building Operations Compel This

Extraordinary Sale Of USED PIANOS

BUILDING operations south of Ninth street demand more and more space every day. A few days ago our Automobile Salesroom was moved up to our Storage Station on Fifty-seventh street. Now our piano storage wareroom must be abandoned, and we must dispose of about seventy-five Used Pianos at once.

The entire collection has been moved over to our Main Store, and they are today shown in our Under-Price Store in the Basement. The collection includes about eighteen Grand Pianos, which, because of their large size, are particularly hard to store in this large quantity. This group includes ten Chickering Grand Pianos and seven Mason & Hamlin Grand Pianos. These are instruments of the most superb character. Their tone-quality and power represent the highest product of piano-making today. These instruments were sold originally at $750 to $950; today they are priced at $190 to $495.

Homes that have space to devote to a Grand Piano can secure at this time one of these superb instruments at almost ridiculously little cost, because of the necessity that compels us to sell them quickly. Sunday-schools and clubs may also profit by this opportunity.

The collection of Upright Pianos is also one of the most exceptional we have yet presented. There are a score or more of high-class instruments that are practically as good as new, which are offered at half price or near it. And there are other instruments of really worthy character at very much less.

There are also eighteen Square Pianos, many of which are in quite excellent condition. The prices range from $10 to $95, the original values of which ranged from $250 to $600.

Our experts have gone over all these pianos and put them in perfect tone, so that they will go into your home in first-class condition. If you are not prepared to pay cash for the instrument you select, we will arrange an easy payment plan that will meet your wishes fully.

These WANAMAKER PIANO SALES have always created so much enthusiasm that we suggest your coming early to get the best selection. During a recent sale forty instruments were sold before ten o'clock. Inasmuch as this is a more decided cut in prices than we have made before they will probably be selected very quickly. The list of pianos follows:

Chickering Grand Pianos

Chickering Grand, was $800, now $195.
Chickering Grand, was $750, now $190.
Chickering Grand, was $750, now $195.
Chickering Grand, was $950, now $200.
Chickering Grand, was $900, now $225.
Chickering Grand, was $850, now $325.
Chickering Grand, was $900, now $350.
Chickering Grand, was $900, now $365.
Chickering Grand, was $900, now $425.
Chickering Grand, was $950, now $495.

Chickering Upright Pianos

Chickering Upright, was $450, now $265.
Chickering Upright, was $650, now $375.

Mason & Hamlin Grand Pianos

Mason & Hamlin Grand, was $900, now $300.
Mason & Hamlin Grand, was $800, now $300.
Mason & Hamlin Grand, was $900, now $325.
Mason & Hamlin Grand, was $800, now $440.
Mason & Hamlin Grand, was $800, now $450.
Mason & Hamlin Grand, was $850, now $465.
Mason & Hamlin Grand, was $800, now $475.
Weber Grand, was $500, now $175.

Mason & Hamlin Upright Pianos

2 Mason & Hamlin Uprights, were $450, now $195.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $400, now $195.
3 Mason & Hamlin Uprights, were $450, now $225.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $400, now $235.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $400, now $240.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $400, now $265.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $425, now $285.
2 Mason & Hamlin Uprights, were $600, now $295.
3 Mason & Hamlin Uprights, were $600, now $325.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $550, now $335.

Miscellaneous Upright Pianos

Deihl Upright, was $250, now $85.
Walker Upright, was $275, now $95.
Mathushek Upright, was $275, now $95.
Mathushek Upright, was $300, now $95.
Royal Upright, was $250, now $100.
Mathushek Upright, was $300, now $135.
Sherman Upright, was $250, now $125.
4 F. Doll Uprights, were $185, now $145 each.
Campbell Upright, was $185, now $145.
Hallet & Davis Upright, was $325, now $155.
2 Mathushek Uprights, were $325, now $155 each.
Fischer Upright, was $300, now $195.

Miscellaneous Upright Pianos

Waters Upright, was $300, now $185.
2 Crown Uprights, were $365, now $265 each.
Sohmer Upright; fancy carving; large size; was $600, now $295.

Miscellaneous Square Pianos

Martin Ouvrier Square, was $300, now $10.
Gale Square, was $300, now $20.
Stodard & Morris Square, was $250, now $40.
Weber Square, was $350, now $35.
Lindermann Square, was $350, now $45.
Betts Square, was $275, now $55.
Schmidt & Schmidt Square, was $250, now $65.
Lindermann Square, was $350, now $65.
2 Bradbury Squares, were $350, now $70 each.
Decker Square, was $350, now $70.
Marshall & Mittauer Square, was $300, now $70.
Decker Square, was $350, now $75.
Peck & Sons, was $250, now $75.
Chickering Square, was $600, now $75.
Phelps & Son Square, was $250, now $70.
Chickering & Sons Square, was $600, now $95.
Weber Square, was $450, now $85.
Under-Price Store, Basement.

More Offerings of

Hosiery and Underwear

SOME of the lots told about on Saturday have disappeared altogether, others have been replenished, and some entirely new groups have been added. The net result is spread before you here—the most seasonable sorts of knit underwear and hosiery, for men and women, at actual savings to you of a quarter to one-half:

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS

At 12½c a pair, worth 25c—Of fast black lisle thread, in a pretty allover openwork which extends down to toe.
At 18c a pair, 3 pairs for 50c; worth 25c a pair—Of fine gauge fast black cotton, imported and regular made; plain or ribbed.
At 25c a pair—Imported fast black lisle thread Stockings; plain black, or Richelieu, cluster or narrow ribbed.
At 50c a pair, worth 75c—Of fast black lisle thread, in various new and pretty patterns of allover openwork, which extends all around stockings; also black lisle thread, with colored clocks, colored vertical stripes, black clocks with colored embroidery, and white or colored embroidered fronts.

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR

At 25c each, worth 38c—Genuine Swiss-ribbed lisle thread Vests; low necks, sleeveless; also white ribbed lisle thread Vests; low necks, sleeveless, lace-trimmed.
At 50c each, worth 75c—Genuine Swiss-ribbed lisle thread Vests; low necks, lace-trimmed or with pretty crochet; square or V-shaped necks. White mercerized cotton, with mercerized crocheted, low necks.
Broadway.

MEN'S HALF-HOSE

At 18c a pair, 3 pairs for 50c; worth 25c pair—Of fast black lisle thread; pretty allover openwork pattern; plain or embroidered.
At 25c a pair, worth 38c—Of fast black or colored cotton, silk clocked or fancy silk embroidered; black cotton, striped, or black or colored lisle thread, in allover openwork.
At 37½c a pair, worth 50c—Black cotton, with fancy side-clocks or silk embroidered fronts; black lisle thread, with white or colored side-clocks or allover openwork with pretty silk-embroidered fronts.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

At 25c each, worth 38c—Ecru balbriggan Shirts, with collarette necks and long or short sleeves; Drawers to match, with double gussets. Also white jean Drawers, with string ties or balbriggan ankles.
Broadway and Ninth street.

Ornamental Hair-pins

Sharply Reduced.

WOMEN of today have borrowed a trick from their grandmothers—the wearing of large loop hair-pins at the back of the head.

We offer today a group of these popular, effective hair-pins, of imitation tortoise-shell or amber, at 18c each, instead of their regular price of 25c.

Also Hair Retainers, of imitation shell or amber, at 20c, from 25c; 25c, from 35c; 40c, from 50c. Tenth street, Elevator Counter.

We Make Men's Clothing to Order

WANAMAKER custom-made clothing for men is the result of years of experience in making clothing for men, to which is added *your* personal equation. So that you get the sort of clothing that has satisfied thousands of men, as to materials, cut and style; and you have the assurance that our sum total of experience has been brought to bear on making this particular suit for you.

Another thing—for the best materials and best tailoring that we know how to put into a suit, we charge you moderate prices that you'd never equal, for lowness, at the average good custom tailor's.

Some of the Spring and Summer clothing that we are ready to turn out for you promptly and well:
Sack Suits, made from a fine variety of all-wool fancy cheviots, double or single-breasted, at $25 and $30.
Sack Suits, of stylish and serviceable fancy cheviots, at $20.
Frock Coats and Waistcoats, of fine black thibet, silk-lined—specially priced at $35.
Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Summer Blankets

And Other Bed Coverings

WINTER bed clothing is too heavy for comfort now, and the restless sleeper is liable to throw it aside and catch cold. The ideal bed covering is one of these summer blankets, or wool sheets as they are sometimes called. They are made of soft wool filling on a strong cotton warp, having just sufficient weight for the needs of the Spring season and the cool nights of summer. We show them in quite a variety of grades at the following prices;

At $3, $3.75, $4.50 and $5, for single beds.
At $3.75, $5, $6 and $7.50, for three-quarter beds.
At $4.50, $6, $7 and $9, for full-sized beds.
Yacht Blankets, made to our order; narrower than the single bed sizes; specially shrunken; made of white wool filling on cotton warp. Size 50x80 in. Price, $3.75 a pair.
Gray Yacht Blankets, with wool filling on a cotton warp; 56x80 in., at $3.50 a pair.
Camping Blankets of gray wool filling on cotton warp, at $3 and $4 each.
Light-weight Honeycomb Bedspreads, in Marseilles patterns, at $1 and $1.25 each. Third floor.

"Wanamaker Special"

Suits for Boys

"WANAMAKER SPECIAL" Clothing for Boys has become a household word with many mothers—a synonym for clothing that "stands the racket" and looks well while it's doing it.

And no wonder. If you take all-wool materials, put them together firmly and well, with silk thread, tape all seams, and stay and reinforce the suits wherever the wear and tear on them is the hardest, you are bound to get clothing that will make a boy work hard to wear it out.

That's "Wanamaker Special" Clothing. And it's as notable for style and price, as for wear. **$5 a suit:**

Sailor Suits, 3 to 12 years.
Russian Blouse Suits, 2½ to 7 years.
Norfolk Jacket Suits, 8 to 16 years.
Double-breasted Suits, 8 to 16 years; four styles.
Second floor, Ninth street.

Umbrellas

DON'T let the sunny days make you forget the Spring showers. You will get a better umbrella and save money by selecting it at your leisure, rather than running in some place to get one in a hurry when you are caught in the rain.

Then it is high time for Sun Umbrellas, too, and we have particularly good sorts to show you.

26-inch Union Taffeta Umbrellas, with fancy handles, in pearl and silver, at $1.90.

26-inch All-silk Umbrellas, with sterling silver caps, pearl and silver handles, or natural wood sticks with bunches of cherries on handles, at $2.90.

The new Sun and Rain Umbrella is one of the features this season. The size is 24 inches, and it can be used in either sun or rain. The handle is either a wooden stick with a loop that slips easily over the wrist, or the straight fancy handle has a chain which will serve the same purpose. Women appreciate this contrivance for carrying very much.

There is a large variety of attractive handles in quite new effects. $3 to $7.75.

Men's 28-inch Umbrellas with union taffeta covers, at $1.50, $2 and $2.50. With all-silk covers, at $3.25, $3.75 to $5. Broadway.

Voile Tailored Costumes

The Best Offering Ever Made

THIS news is so astonishing, so good, so seasonable, that we can hardly credit it ourselves. It concerns a superb group of sixty-five of the handsomest Voile Dresses we ever saw—dresses such as women of fashion intend to wear the whole of the coming season. Why the manufacturer took our offer, we don't know—but the dresses are here—at

$37.50 Each, Worth $52 to $120

—the prices they would readily bring, if sold at full value.

The collection is wonderfully varied, as to style and color. Trimmings are of the richest—laces and silks are used in profusion; and all are silk-lined throughout. Many of the costumes are in a single size, others in various sizes.

And this is just the time that women are buying and beginning to wear voile dresses! Fancy how they will sieze the opportunity to get an $80, $90, $100 or $120 costume for $37.50!

Second floor, Broadway.

Negligees and Peignoirs

Exquisite New Styles from Paris

WOMEN who would know the extent to which grace, daintiness and beauty may be wrought into such things as negligees and peignoirs—garments for my lady's leisure—will find an object lesson in this small but faultless group of exquisite lounging gowns from Paris. They are the products of the most famous designers—such as Callot, Agnes; and are, of course, unique.

Some are designed primarily for boudoir or bed chamber; others may be worn when receiving informally—all are pefect of their kind—and full of the sparkle of inspiration. One shows the readiness with which the French adapt new ideas to their own ends—it is a "Loie Fuller" negligee, that in its flowing draperies, and the narrow, ribbon-like border of red that furnishes the only coloring, suggest the fire dance of the famous artist.

Then there are others—marvels in crepe de Chine, surah, pongee, armure, voile and figured veilings; and dotted Swiss muslins over silk slips.

Prices are $25 to $350.
French Store, Second floor, Tenth street and Fourth avenue.

Tweed Coats

For Women

THE newest development in the search for novelty in Women's Coats. English fashion papers are raving over them; and the best-dressed women in England and on the continent are wearing them. And American women, ever keen to discover the goodness in the new, are rapidly following suit.

Materials are rough English tweeds and mixtures; some double-faced, and needing no lining; others lined with silk. The coats are in loose box style, three-quarter length, with cape effects, big sleeves and mannish looking pockets.

For traveling and driving, these coats are ideal—and women will come after them by the dozens. $20 to $55.
Second floor, Broadway.

Silk Waists

Under-Price

TWO extremely attractive groups of Women's Silk Waists bear prices today that don't match up in the least with values.

Women won't object, however, to the saving thus made possible, for these are the waists they're paying full prices for right along.

At $3.50, worth $5 to $6.50

Waists of Louisine, peau de cygne and peau de soie, in plain colors; plaited in a variety of styles. Some a trifle mussed.

At $4, worth $5

Waists of black-and-white striped taffeta; front plaited, forming yoke effect; cluster-plaited back; sleeves cluster-plaited to elbow.
Second floor, Tenth street.

Gift-Clocks

YOU need never be afraid of giving a clock as a wedding present, when the happy pair is going housekeeping. A clock in every room isn't too much to possess; besides it's an appropriate gift, to help mark the wedding day as the time of one's life.

Choosing's easy here—you have as much choice of time as a metronome:

Gilt and Crystal Regulators, 8-day French movements, $17, $20, $26.50 to $65; set with brilliants, $26.50 to $56.50.
Onyx and Crystal Regulators, 8-day French movements, $38 to $65.
Enameled and Gilt Regulators, 8-day French movements, $26 to $60.
Gilt Clock Sets, 3 pieces, 8-day French movements, $42.50.
Bronze and Gilt Clock Sets, 3 pieces, 8-day French movements, $42.50 to $67.
Gilt Clock Sets, 3 pieces, 8-day American movements, $24.50 to $54.
Porcelain Mantel Clocks, 8-day American movements, $3.50 to $32.50.
Mantel Chime Clocks, American movements, $30, $33.
Iron Mantel Clocks, $4 to $11.
Traveling Clocks in case, $5 to $45.
Dutch Reproduction Clocks, $26.50 to $57.75.
Fancy Gilt Clocks, $1.25 to $10.50.
Cuckoo Clocks, $4.50 to $27.50.
Hall Clocks, $90 to $850. Clock Store, Basement.

Linen Suitings

WE quote from "The Evening Sun:"

"Linen's capabilities for elegance as well as durability were recognised several seasons ago, and this Summer frocks for every occasion are fashioned in linen or mercerised fabrics. Although many of these costumes are too elaborate to be entrusted to any restorer but a cleaner, the simpler varieties may be sent to the wash-tub. Nor will their ironing be a difficult task."

The extreme popularity of linen this season, for pretty Summer frocks, is indeed a matter of common knowledge. And nothing is more attractive and cool-looking than such a linen gown, in cadet blue or reseda, for instance, trimmed with washable lace. The canvas, etamine and duck weaves are all favorites, and colorings are charmingly varied.

Our stock of these Linen Suitings is at its best just now:

At 37½c—Colored Linen Suitings, 36 in. wide.
At 37½c—Mixed Linen Suitings, 27 in. wide.
At 37½c—Colored Linen Voile, 27 in. wide.
At 40c—Mixed Linen Suitings, 27 in. wide.
At 40c—Checked Linen Suitings, in black-and-[illegible] wide.
At 50c—Colored Linen Duck, 27 in. wide.
At 50c—Colored Linen Etamine, 27 in. wide.
At 50c—Colored Linen Canvas, 27 in. wide.
At 50c—Colored Linen Suiting, 36 in. wide.
At 55c—Colored Linen Canvas, 27 in. wide.
At 60c—Checked Linen Suitings, in blue-and-white and black-and-white, 27 in. wide.
At 50c and 60c—Nub mixed Fancy Linen Suitings, in mixtures of colors with white, 27 in. wide.
At 75c—Colored Linen Etamine, 27 in. wide.
At 75c—Colored Linen Duck, 27 in. wide.
At 20c, 25c, 35c, and 37½c—Natural-colored Linen Suiting, 20 to 36 in. wide. Fourth avenue.

Bamboo Porch Screens

IT looks as though there was going to be a scarcity of these convenient Bamboo Screens from Japan before the season is out. There doesn't seem to be anything to substitute for the bamboo screens that admit the air freely and keep out the sunlight; and the bamboo screens are very much cheaper than even roller awnings. They are very durable, easy to operate; and when you have such a stock as we are at present showing, you can get almost exactly the size you wish.

Here are the various sizes and prices:

4 feet wide x 6 feet deep, 55c
5 feet wide x 6 feet deep, 70c
6 feet wide x 6 feet deep, 85c
7 feet wide x 6 feet deep, $1
8 feet wide x 6 feet deep, $1.10
10 feet wide x 6 feet deep, $1.40
12 feet wide x 6 feet deep, $1.65
8 feet wide x 10 feet deep, $1.40
10 feet wide x 10 feet deep, $1.75
12 feet wide x 10 feet deep, $2.10
10 feet wide x 12 feet deep, $2.10

All with ropes and pulleys attached.
Annex.

Some Nice Stationery

Under-Price

THIS is a collection of handsome boxed stationery for birthday or anniversary gifts. The paper and envelopes are of excellent quality in very refined styles, and the boxes are artistically decorated. Today marked at these new prices:

75c BOXES at 35c
Containing 24 sheets of note-paper and 24 envelopes, in blue, gray or white.

50c BOXES at 25c
36 sheets of note-paper and 36 envelopes in large, flat boxes, decorated with lilies.

60c BOXES at 35c
In cabinet size, containing two quires of note-paper and two packages of envelopes.

75c BOXES at 50c
Containing three quires of note-paper and three packages of envelopes.

Typewriter linen paper, 8x10½ in.; 500 sheets in a box for 85c.
Imported Desk Pads, with backs of tapestry; ordinarily $1, now 25c. Double size, were $1.50, now 50c.
Stationery Store, Tenth street.

Gardening Tools

THE increasing number of nature books, and their ready sale, bespeak the inherent love of most people for things that grow.

And the best way to cultivate this love is to cultivate your garden—if you have one. You ought to be in the middle of your spring planting now; and the grass is growing and must be taken care of. And then, when the crops begin to come up! Suggestions of the tools you need, now and later:

Wanamaker Low-wheel Lawn Mowers, [illegible]
Garden Hose, [illegible]
Lawn Trimmers, 50c. Steel Rakes, [illegible]
Malleable Iron Rakes, [illegible]
Wooden Rakes, 20c and 25c.
Garden Sets, 3 pieces—rake, hoe, spade, 25c, 75c.
Weeding Hooks, 5c. Plant Sprayers, [illegible]
Weeding Forks, 5c. Grass Shears, [illegible]
Garden Trowels, 5c to 25c. Spading Forks, [illegible]
Garden Spades, 75c, [illegible]
Lawn Sprinklers, [illegible] Pruning Shears, [illegible]
Grass Hooks, 25c and 40c. Hedge Shears, [illegible]
Garden Hose, [illegible]
Hose Reels, [illegible] Hose Nozzles, [illegible]
Watering Cans, 20c to $1.25.
Lawn-mower Oil, [illegible]
Hose Couplings, [illegible]
[illegible]

EDUCATORS DO HONOR TO DR. CURRY'S MEMORY

Eulogy at Richmond by President Alderman of Tulane University.

Dr. Boatwright, Head of Richmond College, Also Makes an Address on Dr. Curry's Educational Work.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., April 26.—The delegates to the conference for education in the South and many hundreds of the people of Richmond assembled in the Academy of Music to-night to do honor to the memory of Dr. J. L. M. Curry, agent of the Peabody School Fund, ex-Ambassador to Spain, member of the Directorate of the Southern and General Education Boards, and known widely as the "father of the educational movement in the Southern States."

Dr. Curry died in Charlotte, N. C., last February. His influence was so strong in every educational movement of the South and his activity so pronounced that the sense of his loss has been the only shadow cast upon the sessions of the conference during the past week.

The ceremonies to-night were most impressive. This was the home of this great educator, and the appreciation of his splendid services, uttered by Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, President of Tulane University of New Orleans, and Dr. F. W. Boatwright, President of Richmond College—two fellow-workers who knew him best—were of such force, tenderness, and eloquence that the great audience was moved more deeply than even the applause that greeted the speakers expressed. Those present represented the very best culture and learning and refinement of Richmond.

Dr. Boatwright confined his address largely to a résumé of the extraordinary career of Dr. Curry, laying particular stress on his educational achievements, but dwelling also on his thrilling eloquence during the days when Richmond was the capital of the Confederacy, and then on the thirteen years while he was professor in Richmond College, leading up to the time when his broader life and work on the Peabody board began. Dr. Boatwright's tribute was complete and scholarly and was loudly applauded. Dr. Alderman's address followed and made a deep impression upon the great gathering. He spoke in part as follows:

DR. ALDERMAN'S ADDRESS.

"It is altogether proper and beautiful that this great conference, after a session of singular interest and meaning, should come together to do honor to the memory of a man who helped to form and direct its life and who stood for its highest ideals; and, likewise, to gain from a study of his purposeful life fresh strength and will for the work that lies before us, and will lie before those who come after us. Jabez Lamar Monroe Curry, who passed out of this life on Feb. 12, 1903, lived a long, full, varied life of service, of devotion, of struggle, and achievement. J. L. M. Curry had been a soldier, a maker of laws, a teacher, a writer of useful books, twice a representative of his Government at the Court of Spain, and a statesman of that truest sort whose faith in men was unfailing and whose ambition was to give them a chance to inherit the beauty, the richness, and the power of life.

"The intense, rich life of our leader and friend covered an equally intense and rich period of his country's history. Born in 1825 in the rural, agricultural, isolated low-South, his thoughtful boyhood looked out upon a crude, healthy, boastful Nation, drunk with a kind of democratic passion and getting used, in rough ways, to the shrewd aim of popular government, and yet clinging to the concept of orderly nationality. His young manhood was passed amid the storm of a great argument, made necessary by the silence and indecision of the Constitution as to the nature of this Union. To our minds, cleared of the hot temper of the time, that age seems an unhappy, groping age, but it was a good age in which to be born, for men were in earnest about deep, vital things. It was indeed an age of passion, but of passion based on principles, and enthusiasm, and deep loyalties.

"The best and most lasting bequest of the time to the Nation was the conception of politics as a lofty profession to be entered upon by the best men for unselfish purposes. Dr. Curry had reached his prime when the great drama, fate-determined and fate-driven, passed from argument into war, and he himself, caught in the grip of that same fate, with all his gentleness and tenderness, became of those whose 'faith and truth on war's red touchstone rang true metal.' In the strength of middle life and in the serene wisdom of old age, this fortunate man found himself living in another world, and with sufficient strength of heart, which is courage, to live in it and of it and for it with a spirit unspoiled by hate or bitter memories, with a heart unfretted with regrets and with a purpose unshaken by any doubt. For the first time he had sight of the possibility of an undivided country, rid of sectionalism and provincialism, conscious of its destiny, assured of nationality, striving to fit itself for the work of a great Nation in civilization.

DR. CURRY'S OPPORTUNITY.

"The General Agency of the Peabody and of the Slater Boards, two of the noblest creative forces which have ever been set to work upon the life of the Republic, came to him as the opportunity of his life, and his last years were to be years of unfailing youth wherein he was able in the service of these boards to think clearly, to will resolutely, to work joyfully toward high National ends. The task that confronted him, in its larger lines, was to democratize the point of view of an aristocratic society, to renationalize its impulses and aspirations, to preach the gospel of National unity to both sections, to stimulate the habit of community effort for public ends, to enrich the concept of civic virtues, to exemplify the ideal of social service, and to set the public school, in its proper co-relation to all other educational agencies, in the front of the public mind as the chief concern of constructive statesmanship.

"His task, in its more technical aspects, was to reveal the public school as it should be actually at work in a democratic society, with all of its necessities—trained and cultured teachers, various curricula appealing to hand and eye and mind, industrial training, beautiful surroundings, nourished by public pride and strengthened by public confidence. The first ten years of his work were years of battle for the development of public opinion, and it was to be a great struggle, for many heresies were abroad. He was told by those who sat in high places that public schools were godless, and that the State had no right to tax one man to educate another man's child; that it was dangerous to educate the masses, and that the educated negro or poor white meant a spoiled laborer. His reply to this was, 'Ignorance is no remedy for anything.' 'If the State has a right to live at all, it has a right to educate.' 'Education is a great National investment.'

"At the moment of the establishment of the Peabody Fund, it should be remembered that not a single Southern State had a system of free public schools. The angry gust of war had blown out all the lights burning in their ancient seats of learning, save in the University of Virginia alone, which burned steadily on, giving light and heat to the darkness and coldness of the still land. Only in a few cities were to be found the semblance of a public school system. The Peabody Fund came into the field of helpfulness, and during a period of thirty years, under the wise administration of great American citizens, and directed by the energy and insight of Barnas Sears and J. L. M. Curry, expended in stimulating ways themselves the sum of $2,478,527.13. No more impressive evidence of the influence of this fund and of the monumental work of Curry and Sears can be found than in a plain recital of these facts:

WHAT HAS BEEN ACHIEVED.

"In every one of the Southern States to-day there is a public system of schools more or less complete. To bring this to pass a war-stricken region has expended $165,000,000. Normal and industrial schools for both races, sustained by general and local taxation, exist in every State. Thirty great institutions of higher learning have been revived or established. Five thousand Southern boys are studying technological subjects where ten studied them in 1875. Practically all cities or towns of 4,000 population maintain a school system from which boys and girls may pass to college. The percentage of illiteracy for the white race in the twelve Southern States has been reduced from 25 per cent. to 16 per cent., and of the colored race from 87 per cent. to 62 per cent. And, greater than all this, a generous and triumphant public sentiment has been aroused that will make these performances seem feeble in another decade. Can it be claimed that ever before in the history of the Republic so much good was accomplished as has been accomplished by the expenditure of this $2,478,527.13 plus the heart and brain of men like Curry and Sears and their colleagues and followers?

"The most vivid impression I always received of Dr. Curry was his intense and complete Americanism. The flag stirred his highest eloquence, the great unrended Nation, with its needs, its dreams, its perils, its ideals, appealed to him like nothing else on earth. His was the first voice to declare that there was no place for a helot in our American system, and that the negro must be trained properly for life in this Nation. He was among the first to urge common sense as against sentimentality in the education of the negro. He denounced vehemently the proposition to divide taxes for educational purposes on the basis of race as un-American, undemocratic, un-Christian, unwise. He it was who first pointed out that the strategic point of the whole educational battle was the untaught white man and his child. He was the first to thunder out to colleges and universities that education was one whole thing, and that the colleges and universities must come out of their isolation and, under the operation of the principle of the 'noblesse oblige,' lead the fight for the education of all the people.

"In the discharge of all these duties of the pioneer and the propagandist, no man in America since Horace Mann has shown such energy and enthusiasm as J. L. M. Curry. He had the genius for giving himself out, and the equipment of intellect and temperament necessary for his many-sided duties. Before the Legislatures of every State, from the Potomac to the Gulf, from college platforms, in great National gatherings, by country cross-roads, and in little villages wherein some impulse stirred a community to better its life, his voice was heard for twenty years.

"The chief work, then, of this noble life was to develop an irresistible public opinion in a democracy for an accomplishment of permanent public ends. Men may forget the oratory, the diplomacy, the intellectual vigor, the gracious, compelling charm of Curry the man, but they will not forget the earnestness, the zeal, the self-surrender of Curry the social reformer and civic patriot; and when the final roll shall be called of the great sons of the South, and of the Nation who served society well when service was most needed, I believe that no answer will ring out clearer and higher and sweeter than the 'Adsum' of J. L. M. Curry. His work has been accomplished, and has been handed on to the living, and he has gone. His fame is secure, for it is the persistent fame of the teacher and reformer."

The services concluded with the singing of a hymn composed in memory of Dr. Curry by Richard Watson Gilder of New York, in which the audience joined. This was the final event of the conference in Richmond. A large body of the delegates will leave to-morrow morning by special boat for Hampton to attend the commencement exercises at Hampton Institute.

TREATMENT OF THE NEGRO.

Dr. MacArthur's Observations in a Trip Through the South—Praises Booker Washington.

After a trip through the South for the purpose of studying the nego problem, besides preaching and lecturing, the Rev. Dr. R. S. MacArthur occupied his pulpit in the Calvary Baptist Church yesterday. In the evening he delivered an introduction to a series of four sermons that he has prepared as a result of his trip. He visited nine Southern States, and met representatives from three or four other States.

In the course of his remarks he said:

"It must be admitted that in my travels I found men sensitive over the Booker Washington incident at the White House, but even they are recovering from the effects of the first shock. They now learn that the President's act bears no more relation to the social equality of the races than the political affiliation of the man in the moon.

"Even the bitterness of the Crum appointment is fast passing away, and the South has unbounded admiration for President Roosevelt and his wonderful achievements, in his strenuous personality, and unspotted character.

"The people of the North should trust the South more fully to-day in its treatment of the negro than ever before. The difficult problem of the past is fast nearing its solution. Mr. Carnegie's gift came at an opportune time. Booker Washington is the Moses to nine millions of blacks to-day that Moses of old was to three million Hebrews. He is another Washington, only to vastly greater numbers than was our General and President.

"A brighter day is coming when the mutual trust between the North and South will solve the problems of the hour. The future of the negro in the South is bright, not dark; hopeful and not despairing."

NEGROES THANK MR. CARNEGIE.

Church Congregation Passes Resolution on the $600,000 Gift to Tuskegee.

Mount Olivet Baptist Church, the largest colored congregation in the North, at yesterday morning's service adopted a resolution thanking Andrew Carnegie for his gift of $600,000 to Tuskegee Institute. "Being mindful," said the resolution, "of the crisis through which our race is passing, and realizing our imperative need of strong friends at this critical period, we believe it is our duty to put ourselves on record by showing our appreciation as a race of the interest Mr. Carnegie has manifested in our people by his princely gift and his manly utterance concerning our great race leader."

In his sermon, Dr. C. T. Walker, the pastor, said: "Mr. Carnegie's gift of $600,000 to Dr. Booker T. Washington is a deserved recognition of our worthy race leader; the Moses of our people, the apostle of industrial education, the mediator between the races, and one of the most remarkable men of the age."

CONDITIONS IN PORTO RICO.

Bishop Van Buren Says the Protestant Episcopal Church Is at Some Disadvantage on the Island.

Bishop James H. Van Buren of Porto Rico spoke in St. Mark's Church last evening on the present condition of affairs in his diocese. He said that there are 350,000 children of school age in Porto Rico, but there are accommodations for only 60,000. When the American soldiers landed there were only 25,000 children attending school.

"I am devoting my own attention chiefly to establishing schools," he said. "Our church is at some disadvantage in Porto Rico, because it has heretofore been the policy of the Protestant Episcopal Church to send no missionaries to Roman Catholic countries. But our flag is there now, and there is freedom of religion there now.

"The other Protestant denominations had the advantage over us of having trained missionaries who could speak Spanish. They transferred them from other fields, and the people have seemed to be hungry for their ministrations. It is a good field for mission work."

Col. William Bailey Dead.

Col. William Bailey died of heart disease on Friday in his home, at 828 West One Hundred and Thirteenth Street. He was born in this city sixty-six years ago. He studied at Harvard, and for a while practiced law in St. Louis. During the war he was Colonel of a Missouri regiment. Afterward he became a promoter of railroads in the West, and at the time of his death he was interested in railroads in and near Tacoma, Washington. He left a widow, one son, and one daughter.

Slight Fire in Tribune Building.

A fire was discovered in the engraving department on the top floor of The Tribune Building at 11 A. M. yesterday. A number of men were in the building at that time, and they had the private fire hose in readiness when the firemen arrived in response to an alarm. The flames did not extend beyond the room in which they started, and the damage was slight.

Father Denies Begging Girl's Story.

Charles Everett Sprague of 191 William Street, the father of the little girl who, when found begging on Saturday night, told a story of unkind treatment by her parents and stepparents, said yesterday that there was no truth in her accusation. He said she had always been treated with just consideration and that she had run away from Hoboken, coming to this city to see him, although she had lost his address.

Fifty-one Excise Arrests.

Arrests for violation of the excise laws yesterday numbered fifty-one, as compared with eighty-five on the preceding Sunday. All these arrests were made in Manhattan, there being none in the other boroughs.

Waltham Watches

Old friends to trust.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

EXCITING RESCUES AT FIRE

Elevator Boy and Yale Athlete Aid Tenants to Escape.

The Kauneonga Apartments in West Ninety-fifth Street Damaged to Extent of $10,000.

The Kauneonga Apartment House, at 330 West Ninety-fifth Street, was damaged to the extent of about $10,000 by fire last night. The fire started at 9 o'clock, and was caused by the explosion of a large standing lamp which was accidentally knocked over by a Mr. Gagnee, who lives on the third floor of the house. Instantly the flames spread to other parts of the room, igniting the curtains, tapestries, and other inflammable materials near.

Mr. Gagnee and his wife had to flee for their lives and did not have a chance to save anything in the room. On the fourth floor of the apartment lives Mrs. Virginia Sterling. Mrs. Sterling is the mother of an infant and was at home when the fire started. The flames quickly spread to her apartment, and in attempting to make her escape Mrs. Sterling and the baby were both painfully though not seriously burned.

When she opened the door to make a rush for the elevator the flames burst into the room, and before she could close it the baby's dress caught fire. Shutting the door as quickly as she could, Mrs. Sterling beat out the flames with her hands before much harm was done the child. It was in saving her child that she was burned.

Mrs. Sterling then escaped by descending the fire escape to the first floor and going through the house to the street. She had a lot of fine jewelry in her rooms, all of which she left behind and which may have been destroyed.

Louis Michaud, elevator boy in the Kauneonga, was a hero, the tenants all said. Despite smoke and flame, the boy ran his elevator up and down time and again to bring the excited tenants down, one trip especially being a very hazardous one, and resulted in saving the life of an invalid woman, Mrs. N. Emmons, who lives on the third floor. All with the exception of Mrs. Emmons were out of the building, when some one remembered that she was in her room and would be unable to escape unaided.

Two policemen volunteered to enter the house, and Michaud quickly resumed his place in the elevator and carried them to the third floor. Mrs. Emmons was found in her invalid chair, and quickly wheeled to the elevator. The flames were playing all about, and as soon as the woman was inside Michaud descended with great speed.

W. E. Fenno, an evangelist now in the West, lives on the seventh floor. His family was entertaining friends, including Clifford Cowles Mix of Yale, 1901, an athlete. When the fire started the nine people in this party, including women and men, ran out to the roof, headed by Mix, and he led them over the roof to No. 326, into which they all descended safely, thereby gaining the street. Mix then went back into the house, hearing that Mrs. Walsh and two children were in an apartment next to that of Mr. Fenno. He found them and led them out and to the roof and down to the street.

The fire spent most of its fury in the rear and westerly portions of the house, and its course was freakish. After doing much damage to the third and fourth floors, it jumped to the seventh floor, leaving the fifth and sixth floors practically unscathed, the lower floors of the house, particularly in the rear, suffered considerably from the water which the firemen poured into the building, but the Sterlings, Emons, and Fennos were the principal sufferers.

The firemen were greatly delayed in getting to the building by the torn-up and rubbish-filled condition of Broadway.

GARDEN CITY GOLF MEET.

Travis May Score Another Victory There This Week—Team Matches Scheduled.

Walter J. Travis, who has commenced his golfing season auspiciously by winning both of the big open tournaments held on Northern links, Lakewood and Atlantic City, will be one of the leading competitors at the open event to be held this week at the Garden City Golf Club. Travis had to work for his honors at Lakewood, meeting his old-time rival, Douglas, in the final round, but he had the easiest kind of time at Atlantic City, his very presence there, from a golfing standpoint, being almost ludicrous, as not another competitor was in his class. Only two or three local players besides Travis went to Atlantic City, the majority of the contestants being Philadelphia golfers.

The Garden City event will be a big tournament, for Douglas will play, and the field promises to be practically as good as was seen at Lakewood. The course is a popular one, and it gets in prime playing condition early in the year owing to the sandy nature of the soil. A number of the club members have practiced at Garden City during the past week and they report the greens in splendid shape. Some low scores, therefore, may be looked for in the three days' tournament this week. The competition will open on Thursday morning with an eighteen-hole qualifying round, two sets of sixteen to qualify, the first set to play for the President's Cup.

One match play round will be finished that afternoon, and on Friday morning the defeated eight players for the first trophy will meet for the Garden City Cup. The final rounds for the three trophies will be played on Saturday at thirty-six holes, and, in addition, there will be an open handicap for gross and net score prizes. A gold medal is also offered for the lowest score on the opening day. The Garden City Club is Travis's home organization. He is perfectly familiar with every feature of the links, and he holds the Garden City championship.

This big tournament will by no means be the only feature of golf interest during the week. One very important matter that is looked for is the new metropolitan handicap schedule, which the committee has announced for May 1. Less than ten of the fifty-nine clubs eligible to be handicapped failed to respond with lists of members, and particular interest will be attached to the new list because it will be based upon the new par handicap schedule, as devised by Lionel H. Graham of the New Jersey Golf Association. The latter body has adopted the plan, and so has the Massachusetts Golf Association.

The merit of the par method in handicapping has thus been widely acknowledged. Several changes in the ratings of local golfers will undoubtedly be seen in the new list, because the committee is better able to classify a large number of players more accurately under the new plan than was possible before, when different handicap methods were in vogue in the various clubs, and it was not always possible to gauge a man correctly for the entire association. The handicap list will also be of interest in showing what golfers are entitled to enter for the local championship, for only those who receive twelve strokes or less are eligible to enter.

In college golf circles Yale, Princeton, and Columbia will all play one or more games. The inter-class championship series will continue at Yale and Princeton. Columbia will play its first team match on Saturday with the Essex County Club at Orange. Yale and Princeton will meet on the same day for the first time in a series of inter-university matches on the Garden City course. The closest class game played thus far in the Yale series was between the senior and junior teams last week. The seniors won by a single point, scoring twelve holes to eleven for the juniors. The winning team was made up of F. J. O. Alsop, H. Potter, P. Lindenberg, K. W. Curtis, T. P. Draper, and W. Frew. The junior team was N. S. Campbell, J. P. Byers, P. H. Jennings, A. Havemeyer, W. R. Miller, and T. D. Thatcher. Jennings, Potter, and Campbell were on the 'Varsity golf team last season and will remain as members this season, although Potter will probably not return to Yale in the Fall, so the team for the Intercollegiate tournament in October will be somewhat changed. Charles Hitchcock, Jr., the former Captain and Intercollegiate champion, will do hardly any golfing this Spring, as he has not fully recovered from an injury received while playing hockey on the Yale team during the Winter. There are a number of other good golfers, however, in Yale and a strong team will be taken to meet the Princeton players.

ESCAPE FROM HART'S ISLAND.

Prisoner Walked Out of Open Cell, Got Into Naphtha Launch, and Drifted to Freedom.

A. P. Morn, a prisoner on Hart's Island, where he had been sent because he was ill, escaped about midnight Saturday night in the naphtha launch Vim, which was found yesterday morning on the beach at City Island. He was sent to Blackwell's Island April 6 by Magistrate Pool on a charge of larceny. He had consumption and so was sent to Hart's Island to do some light work. He was taken to a cell every night.

His cell door was open Saturday night. He walked out and made for the east side of the island, where there is a dory. It is believed he knew the dory was there and that he got into it and let it drift out into the open. But it had only one oar, and it is believed he put back to shore again, thinking of the naphtha launch.

The Vim is kept at Dock 2 on the western side of the island, and he found it. Warden Nugent had left directions to take two cog wheels out of the machinery of the launch every night, so the launch cannot be used by any except authorized persons. This made no difference to Morn, who got into the Vim and pushed off. He let the launch drift with the tide, and it landed him on City Island beach.

Roundsman Klute of the harbor squad of the East One Hundred and Twenty-second Street Sub-Station and four policemen, rowing along shore yesterday morning, found the Vim at 10 o'clock on the beach. They sent it to Hart's Island, where the discovery of Morn's escape had been made.

The empty cell was not noticed. Warden Nugent's roll call led first to the knowledge that Morn was missing, and almost at the same time the naphtha launch was found to be missing. The Westchester and City Island police were immediately notified, but, though police were sent out to search for the man, he got away safely without leaving clues behind him.

MARINE ENGINEERS' DEMANDS.

Harbor Craft Ultimatum to Go to Employers To-day.

The demands of the members of the Marine Engineers' Benevolent Association for 25 per cent. increase in wages and a shorter working week, which have been submitted to the various railroad companies, tugboat companies, and others will be finally submitted to the employers to-day. In this case they will be submitted by the employes of each company to the company's officials.

A special meeting of the association has been called for to-morrow night to hear reports on the result of the final presentation of the demands. According to the present programme of the association each of the 2,700 members of the association who is refused the demands will "resign" on May 1. An officer of the association said yesterday:

"The companies would not fill our places. A strike would tie up the craft. What will be the result of the meeting on Tuesday night I am not prepared to say now."

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

	A. M.		P. M.		P. M.
Sun rises	5:06	Sun sets	6:50	Moon sets	..

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	7:10	Gov. Isl'd	7:27	H. Gate	9:29
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	7:34	Gov. Isl'd	7:54	H. Gate	9:50

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
TO-DAY, (MONDAY,) APRIL 27.		
Princess Anne, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
Seguranca, Colon	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Talisman, Martinique, Guadaloupe, &c	9:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
TUESDAY, APRIL 28.		
Algonquin, Charleston and Jacksonville	....	3:00 P. M.
Aurania, Liverpool, via Queenstown	1:00 P. M. *2:30 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
El Cid, Galveston	....	3:00 P. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	12:30 P. M. *2:00 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
Monroe, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
Silvia, Newfoundland	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Umbria, Genoa and Naples	8:30 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Terence, Argentina, Uraguay, &c	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29.		
Arapahoe, Charleston and Jacksonville	....	3:00 P. M.
Celtic, Liverpool	3:30 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
Cherokee, Dominican Republic and Turks Island	12:30 P. M. *1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Daggry, Yucatan via Progreso	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
El Monte, New Orleans	....	3:00 P. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Sabine, Galveston	....	3:00 P. M.
St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
THURSDAY, APRIL 30.		
Bluecher, Plymouth and Hamburg	....	9:00 A. M.
Cearense, Barbados and Brazil	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
El Dorado, Galveston	....	3:00 P. M.
Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen	....	12:00 M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
La Gascogne, Havre	7:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Monterey, Cuba, Yucatan, &c	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Pomeranian, Glasgow	....	12:00 M.
Pretoria, Bermuda	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Sailor Prince, Argentina, Uraguay, &c	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Saratoga, Bahamas and Santiago	12:00 M. *12:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
FRIDAY, MAY 1.		
Iroquois, Charleston and Jacksonville	....	3:00 P. M.
Niagara, Mexico via Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
San Marcos, Brunswick and Mobile	....	3:00 P. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M., (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M., (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Thursday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Mondays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M.) §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §26, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for China and Japan, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §26, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Shinano Maru. Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §27, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Alameda. Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §28, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Empress of China. Merchandise for United States Postal Agency at Shanghai cannot be forwarded via Canada. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §3, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Doric. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after April §25 and up to May §9, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Sonoma. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.; Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Hawaii, China, Japan, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §11, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Nippon Maru. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §12, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Olympia. Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May §9 and up to May §23, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Aorangi. Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Postmaster Van Cott announces that mails from Hongkong, March 24; Shanghai, March 28; Yokohama, April 4, and Honolulu, April 15, reached San Francisco per steamship China and were dispatched East at 6 P. M. April 22, being due here to-day.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (MONDAY,) APRIL 27.

Adra, St. Michael's, April 14.
Albano, Gibraltar, April 2.
Antilla, Nassau, April 22.
Bovic, Liverpool, April 18.
Comus, New Orleans, April 22.
El Dorado, Galveston, April 21.
Gibraltar, Algiers, April 7.
La Gascogne, Havre, April 18.
Monterey, Havana, April 23.
Nauplia, Stettin, April 8.
Prins Willem III., Haiti, April 21.
Vaderland, Antwerp, April 18.

TUESDAY, APRIL 28.

Altai, Kingston, April 23.
Jamestown, Norfolk, April 27.
Lampasas, Galveston, April 22.
Minnetonka, London, April 18.
San Juan, San Juan, April 23.
San Marcos, Brunswick, April 25.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29.

Citta di Milano, Naples, April 17.
El Valle, Galveston, April 23.
Hamilton, Norfolk, April 28.
Koenig Albert, Genoa, April 16.
Lombardia, Gibraltar, April 18.
Nicolai II., Copenhagen, April 17.
Oceanic, Liverpool, April 22.

THURSDAY, APRIL 30.

Deutschland, Hamburg, April 23.
El Dia, New Orleans, April 25.
El Sud, Galveston, April 24.
Menominee, London, April 20.
Monroe, Norfolk, April 29.
Neckar, Bremen, April 18.
Pretoria, Plymouth, April 20.
Yucatan, Colon, April 23.

FRIDAY, MAY 1.

Boston City, Swansea, April 17.
Denver, Galveston, April 25.
Grenada, Port of Spain, April 23.
Horatio, Para, April 19.
La Savoie, Havre, April 25.
Norge, Copenhagen, April 15.
Washington, Naples, April 17.

Arrived.

SS Olinda, (Cuban,) Hansen, Matanzas, &c., April 11, with mdse. and passengers to W. D. Munson. Anchored outside the Bar at 12:20 A. M., 27th.

SS Tresco, (Br.,) Bartlett, Sagua, &c., April 16, with sugar to order, to J. H. Winchester & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Willkommen, (Ger.,) Schall, Swinemunde, &c., April 4, in ballast, to Philip Ruprecht. Southeast of Fire Island at 9:20 A. M. When off Fire Island turned and proceeded southward, probably bound to Philadelphia.

SS Maracas, (Br.,) Kirkby, Trinidad, &c., April 16, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Trinidad Shipping and Trading Company. Arrived at the Bar at 4 A. M.

SS Bluecher, (Ger.,) Krech, Hamburg, April 16, Southampton and Cherbourg, 17th, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Hamburg-American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 5:10 A. M.

SS Monroe, Hulphers, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Kansas City, Smith, Savannah, April 25, with mdse. and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS Goldsboro, Geoghegan, Philadelphia, with mdse. to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Arapahoe, Kemble, Jacksonville, April 23, via Charleston, 24th, with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Roseley, (Br.,) Robertson, Manila, &c., Feb. 7, via Boston, April 25, with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co. Arrived via City Island. Cleared Quarantine 11:50 A. M.

SS Alaskan, Banefield, Honolulu, &c., Jan. 20, via Philadelphia, April 25, with mdse. to Dearborn & Lapham. Arrived at the Bar at about noon.

SS Columbia, (Br.,) Baxter, Glasgow and Moville, April 18, with mdse., passengers, and mails to Henderson Brothers. Arrived at the Bar at 4:30 P. M.

SS Atlas, Fossett, Sabine Pass, April 14, with oil, towing barge Standard Oil Company No. 91, with oil to the Standard Oil Company.

Sailed.

SS Bratsberg, (Nor.,) for Barbados, St. Lucia, Antigua, &c.

SS Bernilla, (Br.,) for Santander and Bordeaux.

SS Margaretha, (Ger.,) for Havana.

SS Deutschland, (Ger., tank,) for Flushing, for orders.

By Cable.

LONDON, April 26.—SS Rotterdam, (Dutch,) Capt. Stenger, from Rotterdam and Boulogne-sur-Mer for New York, passed Isle of Wight to-day.

SS Minnehaha, (Br.,) Capt. Robinson, from New York for this port, passed the Lizard to-day.

SS Koenigin Luise, (Ger.,) Capt. Volger, from Bremen for New York via Southampton and Cherbourg, passed Dover to-day.

SS Napolitan Prince, (Br.,) Capt. Adamson, from New York for Naples, Genoa, and Leghorn, arr. at St. Michael's to-day.

SS Ivernia, (Br.,) Capt. Stephens, from New York for Liverpool, arr. at Queenstown at 8:30 A. M. to-day and proceeded.

SS Cevic, (Br.,) Capt. Clarke, from New York, arr. at Liverpool to-day.

SS Minneapolis, (Br.,) Capt. Gates, for New York, sld. from this port yesterday and passed Prawle Point to-day.

SS Umbria, (Br.,) Capt. Dutton, from Liverpool for New York, sld. from Queenstown at 10:15 A. M. to-day.

And Now For Silverware!

THE BIG STORE — A CITY IN ITSELF

SIEGEL COOPER CO.

SIXTH AVE. — MEET ME AT THE FOUNTAIN — 18TH & 19TH STS.

Splendid Bargains in This Impressive Spring Trade Event.

WHO doesn't fancy bright, new and beautiful Silverware? Who does not appreciate the charm it lends to snowy table linen, sideboard or dresser? Who can deny its utility?

This Is Undoubtedly the Most Interesting Sale in Many Seasons in New York.

Everything is new. The patterns are the latest known to silversmith. The workmanship is notably superior. Quadruple-plated Silverware of practically every description, and for every purpose. Rich in beauty and satiny in lustre. The Silverware Section of the Jewelry Store will scintillate with these handsome offerings to-day and succeeding days, for lots sold out will be immediately replaced by others, thus maintaining the freshness of the attractions.

Great opportunities for people who are furnishing summer homes at the seashore or in the country. For convenience in classification we have divided to-day's specials into lots, as follows:

LOT 1. QUADRUPLE-PLATED TEA SETS, consisting of 4 pieces plated on German Silver; highly polished, 12.00

LOT 2. QUADRUPLE-PLATED SALAD BOWLS, FERN DISHES, Tea Pots, Candlesticks, Chocolate Pots, Bread Trays, Crumb Sets, Baking Dishes, Trays and Fruit Dishes, 1.75

LOT 3. QUADRUPLE-PLATED BREAD TRAYS, Butter Dishes, Trays, Candlesticks, Cake Baskets, Tea Pots, Fruit Bowls, Salad Bowls, and Fruit Stands, 2.50

LOT 4. QUADRUPLE-PLATED TEA SETS, 4 pieces; Cake Baskets, Baking Dishes, Soup Tureens, Crumb Tray and Scraper, Bread Trays, Fruit Dishes and Candelabra; choice at 3.50

LOT 5. QUADRUPLE-PLATED TEA SETS, 4 pieces, 6.00

LOT 6. QUADRUPLE-PLATED COFFEE SETS, consisting of 4 pieces, 6.00

LOT 7. QUADRUPLE-PLATED CHAFING DISHES, 6.00

LOT 8. QUADRUPLE-PLATED CHOCOLATE POTS, CIGAR LAMPS, Bonbon Dishes, Butter Dishes, Cracker Jars, Nut Sets and Bread Trays; satin engraved, bright or butler finish, 98c

LOT 9. QUADRUPLE-PLATED CRUMB SETS, Syrup Pitchers, Trays, Butter Dishes, Tea Pots, Sugar Bowls, Spoon Holders, Cream Pitchers, and Fern Dishes, 1.25

LOT 10. ROGERS SILVER-PLATED TABLEWARE, extra plate on nickel silver, fancy patterns:
TEA SPOONS, set of 6, 45c
TABLE FORKS, set of 6, 90c
TABLE SPOONS, set of 6, 90c

LOT 11. SILVER-PLATED GRAVY LADLES, Berry Spoons, or Cold Meat Forks, each, 25c

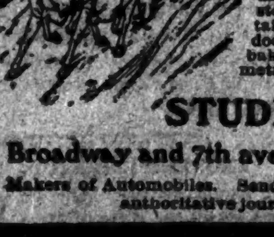
(Main Floor, Front.)

His Traits From His Face

Reliability, steadiness and bottom, under all conditions, are indicated by the harmonizing, firm lines of this head. The neck joins in forming the well-defined cast of trustworthiness and constancy. He will take work with readiness and give ample speed over the country road and suburban drives—the requisites for a horse to be used in a

Studebaker Station Wagon

Convenience of use, harmony of design, beauty of finish, are the impressions given by the exterior of a Studebaker Station Wagon—cutunder, movable glass and curtains, provision for baggage boot, easy step; graceful sweep of beautiful lines; varnish that rivals plate-glass. Interior surprisingly roomy; comforts that delight all the senses.



No. 1345 has glass all around: in doors, in division front and in rear quarters. All the glass may be raised or lowered—making an open carriage for bright days or tight as a Brougham for cold or stormy weather. No. 1257½ has all curtains—no glass; No. 1258½ has glass in doors and division front. Built in Studebaker's way—serviceable, correct, symmetrical, durable.

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The Value of Which Is $20.00 and $22.50,

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Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM OUR FACTORIES, AND HAVE NOW ON SALE, A DESIRABLE AND ATTRACTIVE LINE OF NICKEL SILVER, SILVER PLATED ARTICLES AT 33 1-3% LESS THAN THE USUAL PRICES.

WAITERS, ROUND, OBLONG, SQUARE AND OVAL, IN SIZES FROM 6 TO 24 INCHES. VEGETABLE DISHES, WITH LOOSE HANDLE COVERS, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12 AND 14 INCHES. MEAT PLATTERS, FISH DISHES AND COVERS. TEA AND COFFEE SETS.

BON BON DISHES, BELLS, FLASKS, SALAD BOWLS, BREAD TRAYS, GRAVY BOATS, MUSTARD CUPS, CIGAR BOXES, PUNCH LADLES, OPEN WATER PITCHERS, ALMOND DISHES, FRUIT DISHES

AND MANY OTHER ARTICLES, INCLUDING SPOONS, FORKS, CUTLERY, ETC.

THIS SALE COMPRISES EXCLUSIVELY OUR NICKEL SILVER, SILVER PLATED WARES, HARD SILVER SOLDERED, THE BEST AND MOST DURABLE SILVER PLATED GOODS IT IS POSSIBLE TO PRODUCE.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1903.

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TWELVE PAGES.

AMERICAN EXAMPLE.

It must add a little to the bitterness of the resentment the Administration necessarily feels at the policy of Russia in the Orient that, in the matter of trade restriction, the powerful Empire is but adopting the principle that we have so long followed.

As our Government has repeatedly asserted, we have absolutely no direct interest in China except that of trade. It is a matter of indifference to us what the internal political control of the country may be, so that order is preserved and the door is kept open to our sellers and our buyers. That is the attitude we have taken deliberately and maintained consistently ever since it became necessary for us to have a Chinese policy. But at the same time, and especially under the domination of the Republican Party within the period in which our Chinese policy has become most important, we have "preached" and we have practiced in our own land the right and the expediency of restricting foreign commerce to the point of entire exclusion of some important elements. Russia has declared, in what degree of good faith remains to be seen, that so far as her own action goes, she will keep the open door for us and for other peoples in the Orient. If she does, it will be more liberal and more intelligent than the policy we adhere to as against her in our own markets. And when Mr. HAY is pondering the form in which he can, through a protest addressed to the Chinese Government, rebuke the threatened selfishness of Russia, there are certain memories of his own utterances in the campaign of 1900 and of utterances of his present chief within the past few weeks that may tend to make his words of rightful indignation toward Russia stick, so to speak, in his throat.

If some ingenious and painstaking Russian writer were to make a truthful analysis of the elaborate and costly machinery that we have set up in the United States in restraint of foreign trade, he would have no trouble in showing that in motive and method it is as harsh, as stupid, as narrow, as contrary to the peaceful spread of the commerce of the world, as anything that the Russians have done at home or contemplate in China. A system that is built on the assumption that every importer into the American markets is guilty of intended injury to the country and which first surrounds his operations with vexatious regulations and then fines him heavily for the slightest variation, even if innocent, from the requirements, is what the Russians could point to as our ideal of foreign trade policy, if they choose, and ask us what their alleged course in China involved more reactionary and uncivilized. The answer would not be easy. Naturally, we shall ignore these facts in our efforts to get in the East what we will not grant to others in our own land, but the facts are nevertheless worthy of the thoughtful attention of those who are candid and sensible enough to understand them.

THE SOUTHERN EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

It is evident that the conference for education in the South, which has just closed its sessions at Richmond, has been by far the most effective yet held.

It must be remembered that the purpose of the conference is not action, but discussion, and discussion from all directions and on all sides of the important and necessarily somewhat complex subject of education in the South. The avowed object of the Northern men engaged in the movement has been to learn from the Southern men also engaged what were the needs of the South and how they were most effectively to be met. It was found from the testimony of the Southern men that one of the most pressing of these needs was the informing and arousing of public opinion, for which the organization of the Southern Education Board provides. The meeting at Richmond has shown how thoroughly the influence of the general discussion has been felt.

During the past year there has been some pretty active opposition to the movement, or, more properly speaking, opposition to what the movement was erroneously supposed to be. This opposition seems to have been helpful rather than otherwise, since it has attracted public attention and led to more general and more accurate information. We note that in a recent number of The Presbyterian Standard this opposition is attributed in great part to the instigation of manufacturers employing child labor, either because they think that education will interfere with the relations of such labor, or because the Rev. Mr. MURPHY of Montgomery, Ala., one of the most active officers of the Southern Education Board, is also one of the most energetic of the advocates of the restriction of child labor. The Standard makes out a fair enough prima facie case in support of its inference. But we do not believe that opposition from such motives amounts to much, or that there is any considerable number of men in the South who could be influenced by those motives. We are quite sure that whatever opposition there may have been to the Southern educational movement has been due to misunderstanding of its real nature and purpose.

The meeting in Richmond showed clearly that there is now no serious misunderstanding and that there is a very general and intelligent interest among all classes and in all sections of the South in the work of education there. Moreover, at that meeting, almost by accident, the negro question was raised, and it was very frankly discussed. The result of the discussion was to make it plain that the question had nothing to do with the educational movement and would not be allowed to have. The ground is now free for men of all sorts of views as to the negro question to work together for education, and there is no doubt that they will do so more and more effectually.

PLEASURE LOCOMOTIVES.

The general tone of the expressions of the members of the "Automobile Club" in regard to the law recently passed by the Legislature quite contradicts the impression of moderation and fairness made by the utterances of its officers pending the passage of the law. The members now appear utterly opposed to the restraints imposed by the law, especially on the country roads, and declare their purpose to contest its application by legal proceedings, and some of them advocate the use of all available political influence to secure the repeal of the law at the next session.

This is as unwise as it is opposed to the real interests of the community. Though the nuisance and danger of the reckless speed of steam engines called automobiles are more conspicuous in the cities, they are quite as great and are quite as outrageous on the country roads. Indeed, the outrage in the country is peculiarly offensive, because the dwellers there are much more heavily taxed in proportion to their property for the maintenance of roads, and are more dependent in their daily occupations upon the use of the roads than is the case of the dwellers in the cities. The latter go about their affairs for the most part in trolley cars, and only relatively few of them employ the streets for the transportation of their goods. In the country all communication is by road vehicles and the whole product of the farm reaches or starts for the market on the roads. If the rights of the farmers were strictly protected, no greater speed would be allowed in the country than in the city.

The Legislature during the past twenty years has slowly and not yet perfectly matured laws to abolish and prevent the construction of grade crossings for steam roads. The automobilists claim that now they should be permitted to run their steam locomotives for their own pleasure, not at various separate points at grade across the roads, but at all points on the roads themselves, and that they should not be restrained any more than are the drivers of horses. It is a preposterous claim. And they will find, if they press it, that the sentiment of the country districts, so far from permitting the repeal or modification of the restrictions, will insist on much more severe ones. If the pleasure locomotive drivers are prudent they will conform cheerfully to the law as it was passed, and do all in their power to win for themselves the good will of the people, who now are in a state of great and justified indignation toward them.

ANOTHER CARNEGIE GIFT.

It would be quite idle to try to keep track of all the gifts of Mr. CARNEGIE, or even of the more important of them. But his offer to supply the funds to erect a suitable home and offices for The Hague tribunal, including the provision of an adequate library, is especially worthy of note.

It is in itself an impressive object, and it adds an entirely new variety to the beneficence of the already widely experienced benefactor. In the minds of most men, and particularly in the minds of those who deem themselves "practical," The Hague tribunal is not much more than an amiable dream, the outcome of the aspirations of the Czar, and rather a tribute of respect to that powerful potentate than an institution of solid character and definite purpose. For a man of Mr. CARNEGIE's well-known success in the most practical possible sort of affairs, to testify his estimate of the importance and the permanence of the tribunal by an offer to establish it in a structure of ample dignity, at an expense of $1,500,000, is certainly significant. If we say, as some will say, that the motive of Mr. CARNEGIE is to connect his name with a matter of international concern, the logical answer is that he could in no other way show so completely his confidence in the essential value of the principle on which the work of the tribunal is based. We regard the gift as honorable to the giver and reflecting honor on his country.

It may be remarked in passing that the gifts of this extraordinary man are, as a rule, adapted to secure lasting effects. Apart from the libraries, for the maintenance of which he always stipulates, we may note such enterprises as Cooper Institute, Tuskegee Institute, and especially the most extensive of all, the Carnegie Institute. It is not a mere coincidence that these bear the names they [illegible]. They all have the durable character [illegible] the continuing influence which [illegible] implies, and they all embody the spirit in which Mr. CARNEGIE seeks employment for his money when he bestows it. So far as his name is linked with the objects of his generosity his fame will be a just and deserved one; but the work that will be done by his wealth will long outlast the furthest recollection of his personality.

THE LABOR OUTLOOK.

The Monthly Review of the National Civic Federation calls attention to the interesting fact that, notwithstanding the rumors of a general outbreak of the strike fever in May, there is at the present time no strike in progress of National interest and importance, and none threatened. It says:

> The textile strike at Lowell is local, and with the settlement of the Wabash and the New Haven and Hartford difficulties there passed away any danger of serious trouble among the railroad workers. The renewal of the agreement between the operators and the miners in the bituminous fields and the three years' award in the anthracite field furnish a stable situation in that universal necessity. The convention of the Amalgamated Iron, Steel and Tin Workers now in session is not expected to develop any unreasonable demands. With the coal and iron industries and the railroads free from troubles, the manufacturing world has the assurance of a favorable labor outlook.

This seems to be a very fair general summary of the labor situation. Most of the petty strikes now in progress or in immediate prospect are in the building trades, which are likely to remain for many years the storm centre of labor disputes, for the reason that they are trades which do not admit of much better organization than now exists in them, and the man and the machine are not in any important degree brought into competition. Every building erected is a local and essentially temporary unit of industrial organization, with little or no bond of unity between the employer and the wage earner. When the building in hand is finished the labor employed upon it will be absorbed into new relations, equally temporary, and equally free from any element of lasting sympathy between contractor and workman. This will remain true until the building industry is more closely concentrated than now in the hands of corporations equipped through their own organizations for every part of the work of construction and finish. Whether this will come about is perhaps more dependent upon the attitude of organized labor than upon anything else.

In the great industries in which machinery is a factor of first importance it looks very much as if labor disputes would gradually end. This would appear to be especially true of iron and steel manufacture. The great strike of the Amalgamated was probably the last which will be undertaken, partly because the forces which make for stability are too formidable to be lightly engaged and partly because strikes are no longer necessary to secure for the skillful and industrious the advantages they consider themselves entitled to claim.

ITHACA AS AN OBJECT LESSON.

The Ithaca Journal is in a position to congratulate its readers that

> The fever rate in Ithaca is now considered normal. The physicians state that a few more cases can be expected throughout the Summer, due to secondary infection, although there will probably not be more than the ordinary number which occur in the average city of Ithaca's size.

The normalness of the fever situation is found in the fact that at the present time there are only forty-two cases which are known to the authorities. Unfortunately the number of cases of convalescence complicated by phlebitis symptoms is large, and those who have been overtaken by this misfortune will be likely to have very tedious recoveries.

We are extremely glad that the work of Dr. GEORGE A. SOPER, who took charge of the situation in March, has been attended by results so satisfactory. As representative of the State Board of Health he was clothed with ample powers, and the desperate condition of the city secured him a degree of co-operation he could not have expected if the people of Ithaca had not been shocked out of their self-complacency by the menace of decimation, if not of extermination. The general condition of the city is much better than ever before, and an impetus has been given toward an intelligent local sanitary administration.

The lesson to be drawn from this deplorable public calamity is one which other communities in like cases may consider with profit. The cost of the work needed to check the epidemic and restore the fever rate to the "normal" has been great, and will undoubtedly be expressed in the tax levy in round figures; but it was all necessary, and in such an emergency economy would be the worst kind of extravagance. In every incident of its recent experience, it is an instructive object lesson to other towns and cities, large and small, and the moral of this lesson may best be emphasized by stating it in the form of a question—Would it not have been wiser and cheaper to do all these things before the epidemic, thereby averting it, than afterward, with the disadvantages of paralyzed trade, an impaired prosperity, and a diminished population?

This presents the municipal problem of typhoid fever in a very practical form. An epidemic is costly beyond calculation. As a cold-blooded business proposition it pays to do all that can be done to avert it. The judgment, experience, and skill demanded for the raising of the sanitary standards of a town to those which reflect our present knowledge may be had at reasonable cost in professional fees; the power conferred by law to effect necessary reforms is as great before an epidemic as afterward. It only needs a popular awakening, an agreement upon sage counsel and a readiness to obey the dictates of an enlightened self-interest to make and keep a town healthful and its death rate subnormal. With typhoid prevalent over a large part of the United States, and local epidemics more numerous than can be recorded, that it is impossible to stimulate small communities to anticipatory measures of self-defense seems incomprehensible.

A FREIGHT CONGESTION IN SIGHT.

Experts in transportation are looking forward with anxious apprehension to the inevitable congestion of rail traffic when the heavy merchandise movement for the Fall trade is in progress. If the crop promise is realized in any sense and the enormous harvests now predicted are gathered, the most serious car and locomotive shortage the country has ever known is to be expected, and in the opinion of traffic managers there is "no help for it." The cars and engines necessary for the adequate equipment of the railroads cannot be built, if every piece of machinery available for their production is run to the breaking point.

This is a serious condition, and one which should not be permitted to occur without everything possible being done so to systematize and facilitate rail traffic as to minimize the loss and inconvenience resulting from blockades. We had an experience last Fall and Winter, from which the resulting losses to the productive and distributive industries of the country were almost beyond calculation. The possibility of a recurrence of congestion in September should lead those who can handle such freights as fuel and ore early in the Summer, when the railroads are comparatively clear, to take advantage of the opportunity of doing so. It will show good business judgment on the part of the management of the railroads to impress this view upon those depending upon them for freight accommodations.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—There are not a few people, including not a few of the big bow-wow critics, who either suspect or believe that for perfection of literary workmanship, especially in the writing of short stories, one must go to France. Undoubtedly that particular form of perfection can be found there, but those who either fear or hope that it can be found nowhere else are respectfully advised to read "While the Auto Waits," by JAMES L. BLISS, which appears in the May number of Ainslee's. It is only a three-page sketch, in a minor magazine, by an author whom, with some trepidation, we venture to call unknown, and yet if it has any faults that the most adroit of the Frenchmen would have corrected they are not visible to our eyes, and as for its merits—well, they seem to us to be precisely as many as its words, for every word serves its destined purpose. Nothing is missing and nothing is superfluous. From the title, which prophesies—after the event, as it should—the purely episodic quality of the work, to the revealing reticence of the conclusion, line after line is added to the little picture with a skill which is no less masterful because of its whimsicality, and no less legitimate because of its trickiness. Brief as the story is, the essential qualities of two human beings, thoroughly alive and easily comprehensible, are fully presented, and data are provided for shrewd guesses at the past and the future of both of them. Of course, "While the Auto Waits" is not great, but it is perfect after its kind, and it deserves two readings—one for amusement and another for edification. Incidentally, how interesting it would be to know by how many of the big magazines the story was rejected before it secured publication where it did.

—In all that has been said against Gen. FUNSTON by the stay-at-home warriors whom his efficiency displeased, and by other warriors, not sedentary, who objected to the rapidity of his promotion, his personal courage has never been questioned, and that his courage is something more than merely physical has been very strikingly proved by the eagerness with which he waived his technical right to safety from the peril of trial on outlawed charges. Not a few officers, and good ones, too, have shown the effects of their "regular" training by the disposition of a willingness to take advantage of legitimate technicalities, but Gen. FUNSTON, accused at this late day of ordering his soldiers to give no quarter, steps promptly forth from behind the Statute of Limitations, and says, "Let the investigation begin! If I am convicted of a now unpunishable violation of the laws of war, I will punish myself." The War Department has decided that no investigation is necessary—that the accusations are empty as well as ancient, and that their emptiness was officially and conclusively demonstrated long ago, when the facts were fresh in memory and the witnesses were at hand. Of course, this decision will not satisfy the amiable Mr. HERBERT WELSH and his equally amiable friends, but they would have been not less dissatisfied with a new investigation that ended exactly as the old one did, and as it could not have ended otherwise, the department has evidently saved itself a lot of entirely useless trouble by refusing to collect again the fragments of an exploded scandal. The general public, which never has worried a bit over the cruel way in which AGUINALDO was deceived by his captor, will contentedly note that FUNSTON has scored again, and then turn its attention to more important matters than the battle of Caloocan.

—Rabies was discussed at length at the last meeting of the Bellevue Hospital Alumni, the symptoms by which it can be recognized, and the means of preventing hydrophobia in persons bitten receiving special attention. Dr. D. H. GILL described the two forms of the disease, the furious and the dumb, as seen in dogs. The duration of the first stage, he said, was from twelve hours to two days, during which time the animal showed changes in conduct. Soon the appetite became poor and perverted. The second stage, or that of irritation, lasted four days, and was characterized by spasmodic attacks of madness. The animals then showed a great inclination to bite and appeared to be devoid of fear. In the third or paralytic period the animal presented a sullen expression and the gait was staggering. Death occurred from the fifth to the eighth day as a result of cerebral paresis. The most characteristic symptom of dumb rabies was the drop of the lower jaw. The lower jaw being paralyzed, the dog could not bite even if it had any desire to do so. Death usually occurred in from two to four days. The dumb form of rabies was very common, the owner bringing the dog to the veterinarian on the supposition that the animal had a bone in his throat. The animals were not afraid of water, as was popularly supposed. One should beware of a dog who appeared dull, who was always on the move, or was disposed to hide away, or who walked with the head down and barked at nothing. Dr. GILL severely criticised the President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for having long denied the existence of such a disease as rabies and the necessity for precautions against it. Dr. FOLLEN CABOT advised the use of fuming nitric acid in the treatment of wounds inflicted by mad dogs, experiments made by him on animals having shown that the acid, applied within twenty-four hours, saved 90 per cent. of those artificially inflicted, while nitrate of silver saved only 55 per cent.; 18 per cent. did not develop the disease, though untreated.

—Exclusion of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" from the public school libraries is hardly the most hopeful of means for causing the tragedies and animosities of the civil war period to be forgotten, for such action is sure to excite much more discussion than the book itself would now do if left to win the attention of the scholars on its intrinsic merits as a story. Those of us who read Mrs. STOWE's work while the "problem" it presented was still a living one are not well qualified for judging its effect upon the rising generation, and we are very likely to exaggerate the consequences of its present perusal. At any rate, one way to make the public school children read the book is to place it under a ban, and possibly enough it is the only way. The question has been raised now, however, by the vote of the Associated City Superintendents, and, of course, it will have to be fought out—much to the satisfaction and profit, no doubt, of the publishers of the book. Many who read it as a result of this controversy will wonder, we suspect, what the row is all about.

DOESN'T LIKE REFORM METHODS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Being a Republican voter who never cast a vote against that ticket and who was a great believer in the reform movement, I write you to voice a voter's sentiment against the reformers. I see by your paper of to-day's issue that Piper, Deputy Police Commissioner, has discovered another blue law, taxing a newsstand $10. I also understand that all the little stand men who are trying to make a living in an honest way, and who keep within the railing of the house, are also made to get a permit for a place which, if the landlord wished to be used as an entrance to a basement, nothing could be said.

As we (the poor) have derived from the Republican-reform movement nothing but promises and plenty of taxes, both State and city, I, as one, am sorry that my ballot was ever cast that way, but, thank God! November is coming, and the Republican, reform, blue law, Goo-Goo, Union League party will be a thing of the past, and it will be many years before we will ever be in need of them again, Jerome excepted.

GEORGE CONKLIN.

New York, April 25, 1903.

Stock Exchange History.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some of the interesting points of history of the old Board of Brokers, now the New York Stock Exchange, have been overlooked in the statements I have seen. These statements take the old board from the Tontine Coffee House, in Water Street, to its present site—forgetting the fact that the old board occupied pretentious quarters in the Merchants' Exchange—now the New York Custom House. From there they took a large room in Lords Court, Exchange Place, William and Beaver Streets, its membership consisting of about 400. Its move to the present site took place in 1865. Some time previous to this the open Board of Brokers was organized, occupying quarters at 22 Broad Street, consolidating with the New York Stock Exchange in 1869.

I became a member of the Board of Brokers in 1857, and continued active as such and of the New York Stock Exchange until 1880, when I sold my seat there.

ORVILLE ODDIE.

New York, April 23, 1903.

Memorial Day Parade's Route.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I suggest that the Memorial Day parade again be held over the same route as last year, viz., up Riverside Drive instead of Fifth Avenue, as it was more enjoyable along that tree-lined avenue than down Fifth Avenue.

L. C. GARDNER.

New York, April 22, 1903.

Visitors and Investors in Cuba.

Fifty thousand visitors from "the States" have been in Cuba during the past six months. The condition of the island is, indeed, very promising, and there are many business opportunities for men who go there with money and intelligence to invest. The climate proves a great attraction to many of our people in Cuba, and many millions of American capital will go there during the next few years.—Hartford (Conn.) Times.

One of the Best.

From The Glens Falls Star, April 22.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, one of the best of our metropolitan exchanges, has been improved materially in its news, as well as in its editorial department, during the past year. It is increasing in circulation in Northern New York.

NUGGETS.

Not as Serious as It Might Be.

An Eastern clergyman solemnly informs us that the times are out of joint.

It's a good thing the butcher shops are not.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Bad Start.

"I guess," said the naturally weary young man, "I was meant to be a millionaire, but started on a line where they don't give transfers."—Baltimore American.

An Explanation.

Judge—I wonder why painters always depict Cupid as a little boy.

Fudge—I guess it's because a little boy is always in trouble or doing his best to get into mischief.—Baltimore Herald.

The Real Thing.

Von Quizz—What does your friend write? Verse? Novels? Tragedies?

H. Kasho—Great Scott, what do you take him for? An amateur? No, Sir! He writes advertisements, of course!—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Comforter.

Friend—I noticed Mr. Bluffwood riding with you in the carriage.

Widow—Yes, and he was very consoling.

Friend—Did he speak about the good deeds of your poor husband?

Widow—No, but he said I'd look well in black.—Chicago News.

THE CRITIC.

From The Chicago Daily News.

To beauty's charms this man was ever blind,
But for all flaws he had an eagle eye.
No patent virtues could he keep in mind,
But little vices he would magnify.
A rent within a fabric he'd descry
And with a poking finger wider rend.
No thing he saw or heard but he would try
To pick or tear or warp or break or bend.

The fairest picture ever painter limned
Was faulty in his view. He could point out
In books inspired, through which he'd lightly skimmed,
Grave errors and mistakes beyond all doubt.
He marked the canker in the blooming rose;
The sun to him was but a spotted sphere.
To any harmony his ears he'd close,
But strike a discord and he'd quickly hear.

You may imagine him a saddened man,
By this perverse and carping spirit swayed.
But he was cheerful—quite content to scan
The universe beneath a darkened shade.
For if a man will ever look for harm
And fault and flaw wherever he may stray,
Though he may miss a little of life's charm,
He'll not be disappointed, anyway.

PLAN FOR CONSOLIDATING CHURCH BENEVOLENCES.

Report of the Commission Appointed at the Latest M. E. General Conference—Three Great Societies.

The commission that was appointed at the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1900 to formulate for the consideration of the General Conference of 1904 a plan for the consolidation of its benevolent societies for the more efficient collection and distribution of church funds has completed its report. The commission has proposed a union of the home mission work now done by the missionary society with the Board of Church Extension, leaving to the missionary society foreign missionary work exclusively, and a consolidation into one of all the educational societies. The report is considered to be one of the most important documents in the recent history of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Bishops Foss, Walden, and Fowler, the Rev. John F. Goucher, the Rev. J. M. Buckley, the Rev. E. O. Thayer, the Rev. D. L. Rader, the Rev. S. W. Thomas, the Rev. A. N. Fisher, R. T. Miller, J. A. Patten, Archer Brown, F. W. Tunnell, George I. Cochran, and E. L. Dobbins were appointed as the Commissioners. Bishop Foss was elected Chairman and the Rev. Mr. Thayer Secretary, and the subject was referred to Bishops Foss, Walden, and Fowler, the Rev. Mr. Goucher, the Rev. Mr. Buckley, E. L. Dobbins, and F. W. Tunnell as a committee. The committee reported to the commission at a hearing in this city on Feb. 5 last.

The report of the commission is, in part, as follows:

> The objects sought by this plan are unity, simplicity, economy, and efficiency. The commission is convinced that the adoption of this plan will avoid both a multiplication of collections and a confusing presentation of all benevolences, without reference to their character or importance. And it will give the Church an opportunity thoroughly to consider its three great denominational benevolences—Foreign Missions, Home Missions, and Church Extension and Education in all its methods—and secure increased interest, more generous offerings, and more intelligent co-operation for all the benevolent work of the Church.
>
> The commission recommends that the several benevolent societies of the Church be consolidated into three, under the following corporate names: The Board of Foreign Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the Board of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church; or the Board of Education, Freedmen's Aid, and Sunday Schools of the Methodist Episcopal Church, as the General Conference may determine.
>
> To the Board of Foreign Missions shall be committed all the mission work of the Church in foreign lands. To the Board of Home Missions and Church Extension shall be committed all the mission work of the Church in the United States and such other mission work in countries under the jurisdiction of the United States as shall be assigned to it by the General Conference, and all the work of the present Board of Church Extension. To the Board of Education, &c., shall be committed all the work now under the care of the present Board of Education, the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, and the Sunday School Union and Tract Society.
>
> The Woman's Foreign Mission Society shall bear the same relation to the Board of Foreign Missions, herein provided for, that it now sustains to the Missionary Society. The Woman's Home Missionary Society shall bear the same relation to the Board of Home Mission and Church Extension that it now sustains to the Missionary Society.

The commission has suggested the readjustments of charters in order to carry out the plan, and has described in detail the work of each society in the future.

GOLDEN JUBILEE CELEBRATED.

Effort Begun to Pay the Debt of $54,000 on the Church of the Transfiguration in Mott Street.

The golden jubilee of the Church of the Transfiguration at Mott and Park Streets was celebrated in Tammany Hall yesterday afternoon, and an effort was begun to create a fund for the payment of the church's debt of $54,000.

Archbishop Farley was expected to be present at the exercises, but owing to another engagement which took precedence he was unable to attend. The exercises consisted of music and several impromptu addresses, the principal speakers being Father Thomas P. McLaughlin of New Rochelle, formerly a pastor of the church, and Father Coppo, the present pastor.

The edifice was erected in 1801 by the Lutherans and was known as Zion Church until 1810, when it passed to the Protestant Episcopal congregation that worships now in West Fifty-seventh Street, and the name was changed to Zion and St. Timothy.

The Roman Catholics secured control of the building in 1853, Christ Church in Ann Street, which was organized by Father Felix Varela in 1826, purchasing it. On May 14 of that year Archbishop Hughes dedicated the church under the name of the Church of the Transfiguration.

Its best known pastor was Father Thomas Trainor. The population of the neighborhood has undergone a great change, Italians being greatly in the majority. The changed conditions caused the late Archbishop Corrigan to transfer the care of the church from the old priesthood to the order of the Salesian Fathers, founded by Don Bosco, a priest of Turin, Italy. Father McLaughlin, who was known as the "Singing priest of Chinatown," was the last of the old-time priests to have charge of the church.

Father Coppo and his assistants expressed themselves as hopeful of getting together the necessary $54,000 to free the church from debt. As a further means of decreasing the debt the younger people of the congregation will give a minstrel show in Transfiguration Hall, Mott and Park Streets, this evening, to-morrow evening, and Wednesday evening.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOL CEREMONY.

Archbishop Farley Presides—Father Mahon's Plea for Voluntary Schools Maintained by Religious Corporations.

Archbishop John M. Farley laid the cornerstone of the new Roman Catholic Parochial School to be known as the School of our Lady of Good Counsel, at Ninety-first Street, between First and Second Avenues, yesterday. In the bedstone was inclosed a small silver casket, which contained a record on parchment of all those who had subscribed to the building fund. The ceremony was witnessed by about 10,000 persons.

There was a procession, which started from the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, at Ninetieth Street and First Avenue, at about 2:30 o'clock, and in it were twenty-nine priests in white capes, altar boys in their robes, and representatives of Roman Catholic societies from all over the city. The Archbishop and Capt. Burr of the Twelfth Regiment, who raised the flag after the laying of the stone, were in a carriage, escorted by eight men, who acted as Capt. Burr's bodyguard.

The oration was delivered by Father Joseph H. McMahon of the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes. He spoke of the significance of the school being erected alongside one of the public schools of the city, and said that the Roman Catholic citizens of the city have invested about $5,000,000 in school buildings, which educate nearly 42,000 pupils at an annual cost of $350,000.

"The question," he continued, "has recently reached an acute stage, and it may not be amiss to-day to discuss the dangers and difficulties that now confront our parochial schools. It is unquestionable that from all parts of the country is coming a demand that must be heeded for the moral education of the children.

"The President of the United States recently emphasized this demand when he said: 'Sometimes, in rightly putting the stress that we do upon intelligence, we forget the fact that there is something that counts more. It is a good thing to be clever, to be able and smart; but it is a better thing to have the qualities that find their expression in the Decalogue and the Golden Rule. It is a good and necessary thing to be intelligent; it is a better thing to be straight and decent and fearless.'

"Now a wave of protest is sweeping over the country, a protest that is potent, because it comes from those who accept and glory in the fundamental principles of our Government. What can Americans do in the face of this problem? Is the 'truce of the sects' sapping the foundations of character? How can we prevent the ecclesiastical neutrality in the schools from producing moral indifferentism in the pupils? From one point of view this reawakening of the religious spirit among the people of this country will be a benefit to our parochial school system, because it will unite the entire religious sections upon the voluntary schools maintained by religious corporations.

"The danger we must avoid is segregation of the children in parochial schools. The power of the public school in this country arises from the fact that it is the great agent for assimilating into the body politic the heterogenous elements that an emigration unheard of hitherto in the history of the world has landed on our shores."

Cornerstone of Parish Hall Laid.

The cornerstone for the new parish hall of St. Cecilia's Roman Catholic Church, in Williamsburg, was laid yesterday afternoon by Vicar General McNamara, in the presence of several thousand people. The building will be a memorial to Bishop John Laughlin of the Long Island Diocese, who died about thirteen years ago. The structure when completed will cost $150,000.

Justice Giegerich Lays Cornerstone.

The cornerstone of the Brownson Catholic Club's new house in One Hundred and Forty-sixth Street, near Third Avenue, was laid in the presence of a large gathering of members and friends. The ceremony began with an address by M. H. Kinsley, President of the club, who gave a brief history of the organization. Following the flag raising the Brownson Glee Club rendered "The Star Spangled Banner." Justice Giegerich, President of the New York Catholic Club, was then introduced by President Kinsley, and with a silver trowel laid the granite cornerstone. A copper box was sealed in the stone.

TYNERS DENY WRONGDOING.

Ex-Official Says Mr. Payne Has Lost His Head—His Wife Pronounces the Whole Thing Ridiculous.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—James N. Tyner has broken his silence on the subject of the emptying of the safe in his office at the Post Office Department. He said:

"The Postmaster General and all the high officials of the Post Office Department have lost their heads completely in the last four days. I am astonished beyond measure that they should have acted as they have in this matter that has brought me so painfully before the public. I can scarcely conceive it to be possible that men in their position could do as they have done. I cannot imagine a man who has served his country as honorably as I have tried to do treated in this manner, not only by officials but by the public generally.

"Is there anything wrong with my official conduct? Let me tell you something. I resigned on March 3, as the Postmaster General says in his statement, but that was not all. This Post Office investigation was then under way and I told Mr. Payne that I might want to recall my resignation. What I had in mind was that if any suspicion should attach itself to me I would not retire under fire, but stay until I was vindicated."

"The whole thing is perfectly ridiculous," added Mrs. Tyner, who was present when her husband made this statement. "We are told that we robbed the Post Office Department, and one paper tells how one little woman outwitted all the officials there. As there was nothing wrong in what I did I can't see that I should be given the credit for such shrewdness. Everything I did was perfectly proper. There was no secrecy about it. I simply walked into the department and walked into Mr. Tyner's office. There was no opposition and I endeavored to conceal nothing. Why, Mr. Christiancy even asked me whether I wanted the letter press. I told him I did not. There was no safe-breaking about it, and why all this trouble should have been stirred up I don't know. Do you know what I did to-day? I sent down my box—a woman's box with all that it contained—to the Post Office Department to let them see that there was nothing in it of a guilty nature. All there was were the private papers and some trinkets. That box had been in the safe for two years and a half. There was no criminating evidence we were trying to conceal.

"Suppose there had been—do you think we should have allowed the safe to remain untouched as long as we did? Mr. Tyner left his official duties March [illegible]. Is it not silly to imagine that we would [illegible] done away with any papers we [illegible] for the authorities to see before waiting almost two months? It is ridiculous to say so. Mr. Tyner was to go out of office May 1, and we wanted to get what belonged to us out before he got out. That is all."

NEW WHITE HOUSE CARRIAGES.

A Landau and a Surrey Added to the Establishment—Fifteen Horses in the Stables.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Two new carriages have been added to the President's stables, one of which is a large landau and the other a surrey which has a trimming of basket work about the upper part of the two seats. This effect is the latest style and is found in the finest imported coaches of English manufacture. The White House livery under President McKinley was dark blue coat and trousers, the latter reaching to the foot. This has been changed by President Roosevelt. With a coat of dark blue there are now white breeches, tight fitting and short to the knee, and patent leather boots completing the outfit. On the high hat is a red, white, and blue cockade.

Ten men are employed about the stables. There are fifteen horses to care for, so they have something to keep them busy. On the harness, which consists of two single and two double sets, there are the initials "T. R." of the President, forming a pretty monogram. The numerous saddles used by the President and Miss Roosevelt, as well as the tiny affair of Archie's, hang on trees over the coachroom. The President's saddle is a peculiar one and was made by order of Gen. Wood, who probably owns the only similar one in this country.

The most interesting thing about the White House stable is Diamond, a polo pony used in the President's younger days, but now a pensioner on his bounty. The old fellow does nothing but pass his days in eating and enjoying a green old age.

WHITE HOUSE TENNIS COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—A tennis court is being constructed for the Roosevelt family in the White House grounds south of the new West Terrace, and will be ready for use in a few days. The location of the court was formerly the site of a number of hothouses, and of the little office of the head gardener of the White House. It is screened thoroughly from public observation. The court runs from east to west, and is to be 78 by 36 feet. It is expected it will be the best in the city.

CUBANS RESENT NEW TAXES.

Havana Drug Stores Closed in Protest Against Patent Medicine Tax—Demonstration at Matanzas.

HAVANA, April 26.—Protests are being made throughout the entire island against the taxes imposed by the newly created provincial governments. The drug stores of Havana and its suburbs almost without exception were closed to-day in protest against the stamp tax of two cents on every package of patent medicine sold. The druggists, following the example of the theatre managers, have sought to have this tax rescinded, but the Provincial Council has refused their request. To-day it was almost impossible to procure medicines in Havana except at the free municipal dispensaries, of which there is one in every ward. Many of the druggists declare they are ready to remain closed until Gen. Nunez, Civil Governor of Havana, or President Palma vetoes the tax.

Gen. Nunez has declared that he approves of these taxes, which have been imposed where they were least burdensome, namely, upon amusements, gambling, and the sale of patent medicines.

A big demonstration was held in the Plaza at Matanzas this evening to protest against the imposition of these taxes in Matanzas Province. Here the taxes are upon certain articles of necessity, and they are declared to be contrary to the purpose of the new provincial law. Some of the radical opposition newspapers are advocating the abolishment of the provincial governments.

$5,000,000 Combination in Columbus.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 26.—The Columbus Edison and the Columbus Street Railway Companies have agreed to consolidate with a capitalization of $5,000,000. Clarence M. Clark of Philadelphia is preparing the papers, which will be submitted to the Columbus interests Wednesday.

PARIS PREPARES TO WELCOME KING EDWARD

Citizens Contribute Large Sums for Decorations.

Elaborate Fetes Being Arranged—His Majesty to Arrive at Paris Next Friday Afternoon.

PARIS, April 26.—Elaborate arrangements are being rapidly carried out for the welcoming here of King Edward. They are on a scale of truly royal splendor. The fetes will follow the style of those held at the time of the visit to Paris of the Czar, and will include a number of events affording opportunities for brilliant spectacular effects.

Government architects have provided a plan for the decoration of the streets by day and for illuminations by night. Private residents and shopkeepers have contributed large sums of money toward transforming the avenues and boulevards of the city into masses of color, with floral arches, Venetian masts, and loopings of flowers. A large force of troops is being assembled to add to the military pageantry of the event.

King Edward arrives at 3 o'clock next Friday afternoon. President Loubet, the members of the Ministry, and the staff of the British Embassy will proceed to the Bois de Boulogne Station to meet him. The station will be hung with rich velvet and Gobelin tapestries. The meeting between the President and the King will take place under a silken canopy. After the greetings King Edward and President Loubet will enter an elaborate state carriage, with postilions and outriders, and, escorted by a regiment of cuirassiers, they will drive through the Bois and the Champs Elysées to the British Embassy. Throughout the entire route soldiers will be massed on either side of the thoroughfares.

King Edward will stay at the British Embassy, which, during his sojourn, will be regarded as a royal residence. He will occupy apartments which have not been used since the last visit to Paris of Queen Victoria, but which have been sumptuously re-decorated and equipped for this occasion. They overlook a fine sweep of the park and the gardens of the Embassy.

President Loubet will leave King Edward at the Embassy, but the King will proceed to the Elysée Palace at 5 o'clock to pay a formal call upon the President, which will be returned by M. Loubet.

In the evening King Edward will be the guest of M. Loubet at the Theatre Français to witness the presentation of "L'Autre Danger."

On Saturday morning King Edward will witness a review of 12,000 troops at Vincennes. In the afternoon he will attend the races at Longchamps, the meeting being held especially in his honor. One of the prizes to be run for, the Royal Cup, is offered by His Majesty. On Saturday night there will be a gala performance at the Opera, the programme including the ballet from "El Cid" and a scene from "Samson and Delilah." The royal box has been made of three boxes, and it will be elaborately decorated with flags and the arms of Great Britain and France.

The performance at the Opera will be attended by all the high officials, the diplomatic representatives, members of the Senate and the Chamber, and persons socially prominent in Paris. Owing to the tremendous pressure for places the United States Embassy has been asked if it could possibly spare the Government some of the seats assigned to it. This, however, was impossible.

On Sunday Foreign Minister Delcassé will give a breakfast at the Foreign Office, and in the evening King Edward will give a dinner to President Loubet. Each of these events is being arranged upon a scale of lavish magnificence. King Edward leaves Paris on Monday morning.

His Majesty will be attended throughout his stay here by a large staff of military and naval officers. A French squadron is gathering at Cherbourg to render farewell honors to the British Sovereign.

Aside from its spectacular features, the visit of King Edward is leading to a wide range of speculation in the matter of its political significance. French officials state freely that this visit marks a long step toward the re-establishment of the cordial relations between France and Great Britain which were strained by reason of the Fashoda incident and the Boer war. They say also, that it is an evidence that the foreign policy of Great Britain hereafter will be sympathetic toward Portugal, Italy, and France, the three countries visited by King Edward. Hints are also given that the visit will lead to a better state of feeling between Russia and Great Britain, and that later King Edward may possibly visit St. Petersburg.

VENEZUELAN REBEL VICTORIES.

Castro's Troops Defeated at El Guapo, Barquisimeto, San Felipe, and Moron—Andians Said to Have Revolted.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, April 21.—News has reached here that the Venezuelan Government Gens. Gomez and Ferrer have been routed at El Guapo by revolutionists under the command of Gen. Rolando. Gomez and Ferrer returned to Caracas with many wounded. Gomez owed his escape from capture only to the fact that he was well mounted.

Forces of the Government have also been defeated at Barquisimeto, San Felipe, and Moron. Large numbers of wounded Government soldiers have reached Valencia, Puerto Cabello, and La Guayra.

The revolutionary Gen. Riera has evacuated La Vela de Coro, and is now occupying a strong position near Coro, waiting for an opportunity to capture that town without bloodshed.

Minister Velutini has left Caracas for Europe for the purpose of having silver money of the republic coined.

It is reported here that the entire Andes district is in revolt.

NEW VENEZUELAN PROTOCOL.

For the Determination by The Hague Court of the Question of Preferential Treatment.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Herbert W. Bowen, the Venezuelan plenipotentiary, has drawn up a new protocol for the determination by The Hague Arbitration Tribunal of the question whether the blockading powers shall be entitled to preferential treatment in the payment of their claims against Venezuela. This has been presented to the British Ambassador and copies have been furnished to the diplomatic representatives of Germany and Italy. The new instrument contains all the points on which the negotiators practically are in accord except one, which it is thought will be amicably adjusted.

The allied Governments having determined not to press the point of consideration by the Hague Tribunal of whether or not Venezuela shall be compelled to pay the expenses of the blockade, the new protocol contains no provision on that point.

The document has been transmitted to London by cable and an early answer is expected by the British Ambassador which will authorize him to proceed with the consideration of the matter. According to the protocol the tribunal of arbitration is to be appointed by the Czar of Russia, and will meet on the 1st of September.

CHINA'S EXHIBIT AT ST. LOUIS.

Commissioners Meet in Peking—Empress Dowager to Send Precious Art Objects.

PEKING, March 28, via San Francisco, April 26.—The Commissioners of China to the St. Louis Exposition, Prince Pao-Lun, Taotai Wong, and Francis A. Carl, have met in Peking for their first conference.

The two first named have had audiences of the Empress Dowager, and secured a liberal appropriation, 600,000 taels, equivalent to about $400,000, for the Chinese exhibit. The Dowager first referred the matter to the Provincial Viceroys, with instructions to contribute whatever they were able for the purpose, whereupon they all pleaded poverty, and the Empress ordered that this definite sum be appropriated from the Treasury of the Imperial Government.

Prince Pao-Lun is a cousin of the Emperor, about the Emperor's age, and probably would have sat upon the throne but for the Dowager's intervention to control the succession and secure a weaker man. Before the Boxer outbreak he occupied a fine palace in Peking, but its contents, including valuable art objects, were sold by American missionaries for the benefit of their converts after the relief of the legations. Pao-Lun has been friendly with foreigners. Taotai-Wong is a graduate of Yale, a most accomplished linguist, and has been in the service of the Government at Shanghai for several years. Mr. Carl, Commissioner of Customs at Che-Foo, is a native of Tennessee and has been twenty-two years in Sir Robert Hart's organization.

Plans for the Chinese exhibit are not matured, but it is proposed to have an elaborately furnished and decorated Chinese building or buildings. The Empress Dowager, as a token of appreciation of the protection afforded by the American commanders, unknown to their colleagues, of the vast money and art treasures of the Forbidden City, has promised a loan exhibit of some rare porcelains, bronzes, and pictures from the palace.

The Empress Dowager has a deserved reputation as an artist among Chinese connoisseurs. Recently she gave Mr. Conger two paintings from her brush, for the collection of the Iowa Historical Society. Her Majesty is somewhat reluctant to place her work in competition with that of professional artists, so hesitates to donate pictures to the exhibit. She has, however, promised definitely to donate several scrolls of artistic handwriting by herself.

RUSSIAN CONSULS IN PERIL.

Officially Warned That Bulgarians Have Crossed the Frontier to Assassinate Them.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—A correspondent of The Times, wiring from Uskub, says the Russian Consuls have been officially warned by the Russian authorities that they have been sentenced to death by the Bulgarian revolutionary committee, and that a party of Bulgarians has crossed the frontier in an attempt to carry out the sentence.

MORE FIGHTING IN MACEDONIA.

Peasants Rise Against Albanians, Who Plunder a Village—Bulgarians' Attitude to Russia.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—The Sofia correspondent of The Times says a series of new conflicts is reported from Macedonia.

A band under Voivode and Tchernopeyeff has had three encounters with Turkish troops and Bashi-Bazouks. Another engagement occurred near Tickvesh.

It is stated that Albanian troops and irregulars are committing atrocities.

The peasants of the Vuchino district in Kochana rose against the Albanians who were plundering a village on April 20. Though indifferently armed, the peasants maintained the struggle for twelve hours.

By tacit understanding the official personages present at the Plevna memorial ceremony on Saturday did not refer to the burning question of the day. Consequently there was some consternation when M. Bobtcheff, a prominent Nationalist Deputy, made a glowing harangue, in which he declared that the crisis resembled the situation in 1877 before Russia declared war, and expressed the hope that the Russian press would enlighten the nation in regard to the rights and wishes of the Bulgarians.

Prince Ferdinand's absence from the ceremony was probably due to the fact that he has had enough of Russophile demonstrations.

The correspondent says time is required to efface the after-taste caused by Russia's admonitions before the suppression of the Macedonian committees, her interference in the Bulgarian Ministerial crisis, and the persistent efforts of Russian partisans to obtain control of the Bulgarian Army.

Another correspondent of The Times, wiring from Uskub, says the latest reports of the fight near Radovich on April 19 state that the fighting lasted till the following day, when the Bulgarians were dispersed, leaving sixty dead. The Turks lost two officers and an unknown number of men.

In spite of such encounters, adds the correspondent, local opinion does not consider the Bulgarian movement very serious.

DAVITT DENOUNCES LOYALTY.

Objects to the "Slavish and Sordid Exhibition" Which Is Expected on King Edward's Visit to Ireland.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—A telegram from Dublin to The Times says that Michael Davitt has written as follows to the Secretary of a committee established in Cork for the purpose of erecting a monument to commemorate the events of 1798:

"It is a little humiliating to think that a year which ought to have witnessed the inauguration of suitable memorials to the men of 1798 in the two chief Nationalist cities of Ireland is likely to witness in both places a slavish and sordid exhibition of denationalizing flunkeyism and mercenary loyalty. One is puzzled to know whether groveling nationalism or municipal flunkeyism is most deserving of honest Irish contempt."

CHURCH AND STATE IN FRANCE.

Separation Urged by a Large Number of Supporters of the Government.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—The Paris correspondent of The Times says the Temps publishes the full text of an elaborate and sensational scheme for providing for the separation of Church and State. The draft bears the signatures of twenty-nine Radical Socialist and twenty-seven Socialist supporters of the Government, including MM. Millerand and Jaurès.

The bill has been drawn up by M. Pressensé, who expresses the conviction that in the course of the existence of the present Legislature or after the next general election Republican France will not fail imperatively to declare her will to see the reform carried out.

Moorish Sultan Not to Lead Army.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 27.—The latest news from Fez, says the Tangier correspondent of The Times, is to the effect that the Sultan has abandoned the idea of personally leading an expedition against the Pretender.

A NEW CURE FOR EPILEPSY.

VIENNA, April 26.—It is related here that a high Servian official, afflicted with epilepsy, recently went to the Pasteur Institute at Budapest, for treatment for hydrophobia.

Under the Pasteur treatment the wound caused by the bite of the dog soon healed, and with this cure the patient's epilepsy also disappeared. The case is attracting much interest in medical circles.

MORMON APPEAL TO KAISER.

Mr. Cannon Will Ask Emperor William for Permission for the Missionaries to Stay in Germany.

BERLIN, April 26.—Hugh J. Cannon, the Mormon missionary, intends to appeal to Emperor William for permission for the Mormon elders to remain in Germany, hoping that his Majesty's policy of religious tolerance may include the Mormons.

In his petition Mr. Cannon will set forth the morality of Mormon doctrines and will refer to the inability of his adversaries to cite any example where Mormon teachings have been subversive of the laws of the state of orderly citizenship. He will declare also that by the command of the supreme head of the church polygamy is not taught.

Mr. Cannon sent last Wednesday to the Emperor and Empress specially bound copies of the Book of Mormon in German. If no aid is extended to the Mormon missionaries by Emperor William and if the orders of expulsion are enforced, all the missionaries will leave quietly.

Mr. Cannon expects the United States to intervene in cases where missionaries have been maltreated, as, for instance, in the affair at Olsenbruek, Prussia last January when two missionaries were dragged through the streets of the town and imprisoned for three days. They were deported to Hanover, where they were again placed in jail, and later were sent on to Hamburg. Affidavits of these occurrences have been forwarded to Senators Kearns and Smoot, who, it is said here, have asked Secretary Hay to demand an apology from Germany, on the ground that American citizens were treated brutally.

Among the converts to Mormonism made in Germany are several policemen who were sent to observe missionary meetings.

HOLLAND THANKS CARNEGIE.

Letter from the Dutch Minister at Washington Regarding the Gift to the Arbitration Court.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Baron Gevers, the Minister from the Netherlands, has addressed to Andrew Carnegie the following letter expressive of the Dutch Government's thanks for Mr. Carnegie's gift to the International Court of Arbitration:

Washington, April 25, 1903.

Andrew Carnegie, Esq., New York.

Dear Sir: Referring to my letter of the 23d inst., I have the honor to inform you that I have been instructed by cable to express to you the deepfelt gratitude and profound admiration of her Majesty's Government for your munificent benefaction in favor of the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague.

The Netherland Government and the people of Holland, who consider themselves, as it were, the custodians of that great institution of peace which the nations jointly intrusted to their care, are deeply impressed by the high humanitarian sentiments which led you to connect your name in a lasting way with one of the noblest efforts man has ever made—the effort to substitute justice and good-will among men to the horrors of war.

Believe me, dear Sir, with highest consideration, very sincerely yours, GEVERS.

THE NEW CHINESE LEGATION.

Minister Liang to Move Into the Beautiful House Overlooking Washington This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Chinese Legation will be moved this week from the Schneider mansion on Q Street to the beautiful house which has been in course of construction for a year past on the hill overlooking Washington at the corner of Nineteenth Street and Vernon Avenue. The legation has occupied the Schneider mansion for many years, and it has been regarded as possibly the finest home among the diplomatic establishments. It was the intention of Mr. Shen-Tung, the Secretary of the legation, to have the new legation palace finished in the interval between Minister Wu's departure and the arrival of Sir Liang-Chang, but the magnitude of the work and the many delays incident to the complete finishing of the interior made this impossible.

The structure is the property of the Chinese Government, and has cost something over $100,000 exclusive of furnishing, which may represent a like sum. The new Minister will be able to entertain on a magnificent scale.

Several of the attachés are already housed in the new building, but the Minister will not make his home there until Thursday. There will be no formal functions at the new legation until next season.

MANHATTAN CHESS CLUB WINS HAVANA CABLE MATCH.

Cubans Resign After the Forty-third Move—Complimentary Messages Exchanged.

Play in the consultation chess match between teams of the Manhattan and Havana Chess Clubs was resumed yesterday afternoon. When the position was shown on the board previous to play yesterday it was thought that the Manhattans could not possibly lose, their position being considered superior to that of their adversaries.

In course of subsequent play Havana lost a pawn, whereupon the Manhattans had things much their own way, and after forty-three moves the Cubans resigned. In cabling their resignation the team sent the following message to the Manhattans:

"Resigns with the compliments of the Havana players to their opponents of the Manhattan Chess Club, and sincere congratulations on their well-won victory."

To this the victors made the following reply:

"Thanks for congratulations. Accept our own for your well-fought game. Look forward with pleasure to return encounter. Manhattan Chess Club gives three cheers for Havana Chess Club."

Other complimentary messages were exchanged, and thus the first match between Havana and this city was concluded.

The score of the game follows:

QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED.

Havana. White.	Manhattan. Black.	Havana. White.	Manhattan. Black.
1. P—Q4	P—Q4	23. Kt—R2	P—Kt6
2. P—QB4	P—K3	24. Kt—B	PxP ch.
3. Kt—QB3	Kt—KB3	25. BxP	P—R4
4. Kt—B3	P—QR3	26. R—B	B—B4
5. P—K3	PxP	27. P—KKt3	K—B2
6. BxP	P—QKt4	28. K—Kt2	K—K2
7. B—Q3	P—B4	29. B—K	P—R5
8. PxP	BxP	30. K—B3	B—Q3
9. Q—B2	Castles.	31. R—B2	B—K4
10. Castles.	B—Kt2	32. K—K2	K—B2
11. Kt—K4	KtxKt	33. B—B2	R—B4
12. BxKt	BxB	34. RxR	KtxR
13. QxQB	Kt—Q2	35. Kt—Q2	BxQKtP
14. R—Q	Kt—B3	36. Kt—Kt	Kt—K5
15. RxQ	RxR	37. B—K	B—K4
16. RxQR	RxR	38. K—B3	K—K2
17. B—Q2	R—Q	39. K—Kt2	K—Q3
18. B—R5	R—Q4	40. Kt—Q2	KtxKt
19. P—QR3	P—Kt4	41. BxKt	K—Q4
20. P—R3	P—R4	42. K—B3	B—Q3
21. B—K	P—KKt5	43. B—B	K—B5
22. PxP	PxP	44. Resigns.	

GREAT YEAR FOR IMMIGRANTS.

Figures for Twelve Months Ending with June Will Surpass Those of Any Similar Period Since 1882.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Immigration figures for the fiscal year 1903 seem likely to surpass those of any preceding year except 1882. The figures of the Bureau of Immigration furnished to the Bureau of Statistics for its monthly publication, "Commerce and Finance," show that the total immigration into the United States for the nine months ending with March, 1903, was 494,425 against 370,575 for the corresponding months of last year.

This makes it almost certain that the total immigration into the United States for the fiscal year, which will end sixty days hence, will exceed that of any preceding year except 1882, in which the total was 788,992.

Italy supplied the largest number of immigrants in the nine months ending with March last, the total from Italy (including Sicily and Sardinia) being 129,800. The next largest number considered by nationality was from Austria-Hungary, 128,234, and third in rank, Russia, (including Finland,) 81,781. Sweden ranked fourth, 25,080. Then came Germany, 28,482; Ireland, 16,960; Japan, 15,185; England, 14,621; Norway, 11,316, and Roumania, 7,258.

DINNER TO MAURICE GRAU.

Esteem for Retiring Impresario Expressed by Many Friends at the Metropolitan Club.

A farewell dinner was tendered Maurice Grau at the Metropolitan Club last evening by the Directors of the Grau Opera Company, of the Conried Opera Company, and of the Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate Company, in token of their esteem for the retiring impresario. The dinner was served in the main private dining room on the third floor, and was marked by many speeches.

There were thirty-two guests present, among them William C. Whitney, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, Judge Rufus B. Cowing, George F. Baker, Frank K. Sturgis, Edward Lauterbach, Heinrich Conried, Adrian Iselin, Edouard De Reszke, Dr. Charles Phelps, J. M. Lichtnauer, George L. Rives, Richard M. McCurdy, William N. Cohen, James Harvey, and G. H. Wilson.

Thirty-two guests sat down to the table. An orchestra of fifteen pieces played during the dinner. By some unseen device the lyre played a selection from "Aida" and "Faust." When the last chord died away there was applause mingled with exclamations of astonishment.

The dinner was presided over by William C. Whitney. It lasted over six hours. Speeches were made by Mr. Grau, Mr. Conried, Mr. Lauterbach, Mr. Rives, and Senator Depew.

IN THE SHOPS.

There is nothing so delightful as the toys for the children, and there are new things to be seen every day. Little girls particularly can find treasures. Of dolls' clothing and furniture for dolls' houses there is no end. In the latest things in dolls' millinery bargains are lawn hats in rather large sizes—white hats, pink hats, and blue hats—each with two little white-headed hat pins out through the rim ready for use. These hats and pins are only twenty-five cents.

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The most attractive things in dolls' wardrobes are little knitted undervests of silk, much prettier than anything to be found for children or grown people. They come in different sizes.

⁂

So do little silk socks, which are as pretty in their way, if they do not seem quite so real and grown up as the small shirts.

⁂

Elbow-length silk gloves for the dolls cost thirty cents a pair, and they come in black and white. A little doll in a light gown, with elbow silk gloves of black, has the appearance of being dressed very smartly, and nothing will seem more attractive until one sees another little doll that has white elbow length silk gloves.

⁂

There are increasing conveniences for the doll's wardrobe and care of it, and one of these is the steel wire coat hanger, which costs only 10 cents.

⁂

It is well for the traveling doll to consider, before she starts on her journey, the advantage of carrying a traveling rug. It can be found ready folded in a shawl strap.

⁂

For the doll's table there are many styles and kinds of drinking vessels. Little plain tumblers are the most natural in appearance, and generally useful and inexpensive.

⁂

There are, as well, many little white and gold glasses of different kinds, some with handles and some without. In the white and gold glass there are little trays, with decanters and wine glasses upon them.

⁂

Of course, there are beer steins for the dolls, and they come in different styles in blue and gray, with and without covers, and in different sizes.

⁂

Very pretty for the doll's house are the rugs with heads. There is not real fur on these, although they are of skin and of different sizes and with different kinds of heads, more or less natural, like the bear and tiger skin rugs that are to be seen in real houses. For 10 cents one can get one of the little rugs. Larger ones are 15 cents each, and they range in price as high as 25 cents.

⁂

But the most interesting thing for the doll's house are little oil paintings, ready framed. They may not be the genuine article, but they make a most impressive appearance, and are importations, being colored landscapes in white frames with a gilt molding. They are four or more inches in length by something less in width, and they cost 50 cents each.

⁂

There are very business-like papier maché bath tubs in different sizes, dark brown tubs, in which real water can be put.

⁂

There are the daintiest of washing arrangements for very small dolls. There is a tub on a small table, with a little wringer. In the shops they show little woolen afghans running through the wringer.

⁂

Dolls in baskets or boxes that are small houses or rooms for them to live in have their own toys. The basket or box is square, or nearly square, and it may have the low sides lined with silk. On the floor of one, in the centre, is a little rug, and upon it are a china doll, the doll's doll, daintily dressed, a woolly lamb, and a doll's colored picture book. The doll's clothes are also in the basket.

⁂

Dolls have frequently more varied wardrobes than their little mistresses. One doll that is dressed, and has quite a wardrobe, has a little pair of blue pajamas. Another doll has a white combing jacket, embroidered in outline stitch in colors, a comb, a brush, and loose hairpins. It is not aesthetic, but it is after the style of many grown-up combing jackets.

Died at End of His Wife's Funeral.

Fenwick A. Bogart, sixty-five years of age, dropped dead in front of his home, in Tottenville, S. I., yesterday afternoon. His wife died on Friday, and at the graveside yesterday afternoon he wept and was unable to control himself. He became calmer in the coach while being taken home, and when the coach stopped in front of his house he started to step out unassisted. He fell to the ground and died almost instantly.

TO SEE HARLEM WATERWAYS.

Members of Congressional Rivers and Harbors Committee to Visit the City on May 5 and 6.

A committee, consisting of ten delegates each from the North Side Board of Trade, the Harlem Board of Commerce, the Taxpayers' Alliance, the Harlem Property Owners' Association, the Fordham Club, the King's Bridge Improvement Association, and the Mount Vernon Board of Trade, has completed arrangements for the entertainment on May 5 and 6 of a delegation from the Rivers and Harbors Committee of Congress, consisting of Mr. Burton of Ohio, Chairman; Mr. Dovener of West Virginia, Mr. Acheson of Pennsylvania, Mr. Alexander of New York, and Mr. Bishop of Michigan, who have accepted the invitation of Congressman Joseph A. Goulden of the Eighteenth Congressional District.

The visitors will spend two days inspecting the waterways in Harlem and other points of interest in that part of the city. The tour will be begun Tuesday morning, May 5, and will be concluded on the evening of the next day with a reception and banquet at the rooms of the North Side Board of Trade, One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Third Avenue.

Bishop Potter Lays Cornerstone.

Bishop Potter yesterday afternoon laid the cornerstone of the new building of Christ Church, Franklin Avenue, New Brighton. He was assisted by the Rev. Archdeacon George Johnston, pastor emeritus of the church; the Rev. F. W. Crowder, rector; the Rev. Robert Paddock of New York, and the Rev. Arthur Sloane, chaplain at Snug Harbor. The original church was erected in 1849, and the cornerstone bears the figures, "1849-1903." The new building will cost about $75,000, and will be surmounted by two towers, the gift of Mrs. H. Eugene Alexander. Mrs. A. F. Defoest has presented the parish with a set of chimes.

VICTOR CLEMENTS DEAD.

Mining Expert, Who Once Was Sentenced to Death in the Transvaal, Dies in Saltillo, Mexico.

SALT LAKE, April 26.—A telegram from Saltillo, Mexico, announces the death at that place to-day of Victor Clements of Salt Lake City, a mining expert of international fame. Mr. Clements underwent a surgical operation yesterday and his death, it is believed, was due to improper medical treatment.

Mr. Clements conducted important mining operations in all parts of the world. As an associate of John Hays Hammond he took a conspicuous part in the development of many great mines in South Africa.

He was regarded by the Boers as one of the ringleaders in the Jameson raid, and for many months languished in a Transvaal jail under sentence of death. Timely intervention of the American and British Governments saved him from the gallows.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Henry D. McCord.

Henry D. McCord, ex-President of the Produce Exchange, died yesterday morning in his home in South Highland Avenue, Ossining, N. Y. He hand been ill about eight months, but on Oct. 11 last he came to this city to attend the laying of the corner stone of the new Custom House. He was not able to come to the city again.

Mr. McCord was descended from Colonial stock, and he was born in Ossining in 1836. Just before he attained his majority he entered the employ of William D. Mangam, who was in the wholesale produce business at 92 Broad Street. After the death of Mr. Mangam in 1870 Mr. McCord continued in business in the neighborhood.

He was Vice President of the Produce Exchange in 1894-5 and President in 1895-6 and 1896-7. He was active in the work of the New York Chamber of Commerce and of the Board of Trade and Transportation. He was a member of the Colonial Club and was a thirty-second degree Mason. In 1875 he purchased an estate in Ossining. He is survived by one son and three daughters.

Henry T. Knowlton.

Henry Todd Knowlton died on Saturday at his home, at 29 Central Avenue, New Brighton, S. I. He had been ill since December, and had conducted his business affairs from his home. He was Secretary and Manager of the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company. He was born at Tarrytown in 1861, and he had lived on Staten Island for fourteen years. Prior to the organization of the steamship company he was a member of the firm of Miller, Bull & Knowlton, in the shipping business. He was at one time Vice President of the Maritime Exchange, and was a Director of the First National Bank of Staten Island and a member of the Seventh Regiment. He left a widow and two children.

A. M. Kidder.

A. M. Kidder died suddenly of heart disease on Saturday, in the sixty-seventh year of his age, at Englewood, N. J. He was born in Plymouth, N. H., but in his youth moved to Boston, where he had some experience in banking and with corporations. In 1865 he came to New York and established the banking firm of A. M. Kidder & Co. He retired in 1891. Afterward he traveled for many years. He left a widow and a daughter, the wife of Edwin M. Bulkley.

Obituary Notes.

EUGENE McCARTHY, a well-known business man of Syracuse, N. Y., and one of the most prominent sportsmen of the State, died yesterday at his home. He was forty-six years old. He was the author of several books on hunting and fishing.

CHARLES H. EDWARDS, seventy-eight years of age, died yesterday at his home in Middletown, Conn. He was the commanding officer of Company G, Twenty-fourth Connecticut Volunteers, in the civil war. He is survived by a widow and two children.

JACOB MENDEL, who was for twenty-five years the owner of the package room of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad in the Grand Central Station, died yesterday morning in his home, in New Rochelle. In 1872, while he was coming to New York, he was in a collision between trains and lost a part of his right hand. In the compromise over damages the railroad company gave him the right to run the package room as long as he lived. He retired about five years ago, but his oldest son took his place. He was born in Germany eighty-four years ago.

DIED.

BAILEY.—Suddenly, on Friday, 24th inst., Col. William Bailey.
Funeral services at his late residence, 328 West 113th St., on Monday, April 27, at 3 P. M.
St. Louis and Tacoma papers please copy.

BALDWIN.—On Friday, April 24, 1903, Adelaide E. Baldwin, only child of Charles N. Crittenton, aged 38 years.
Relatives and friends are respectively invited to attend the funeral services at All Angels' Church, West End Av. and 81st St., Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

BAYLIS.—At Cairo, Egypt, on March 20, 1903, Charles S. Baylis.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral service at the residence of his brother-in-law, Edwin B. Williamson, 1,023 Broad St., Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, April 28, at 12 o'clock noon. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

BRINCKERHOFF.—At New Canaan, Conn., on Sunday, April 26, 1903, Samuel F. Brinckerhoff, in his 73d year.
Funeral services will be held from his late residence, New Canaan, on Tuesday, April 28, at 11:30 o'clock A. M.

ELMORE.—On Saturday, April 25, 1903, Charles Elmore.
Funeral and interment private.

FELT.—On Friday, April 24, Mary Dayton, beloved wife of Edwin Mead Felt and daughter of the late Washington Wheelwright, Esq.
Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 16 Tompkins Av., New Brighton, S. I., on Monday afternoon, 27th inst., at 5 o'clock. Carriages will meet the 4:20 boat from New York. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at convenience of family.

FORSHAW.—On Sunday, April 26, George Forshaw, Sr., at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. E. F. Pease, 286 West 12th St.
Funeral services Church of St. John the Evangelist, corner West 11th St. and Waverley Place, Wednesday at 9:30 A. M.

FOSTER.—On Sunday morning, April 26, Herbert West, Jr., younger son of Dr. and Mrs. Herbert West Foster.
Service at the residence on the Crescent, Montclair, N. J., Tuesday, April 28, at 3 o'clock.

GALLAUDET.—Entered into rest Saturday morning, April 25, in the 79th year of her age, Elisabeth Budd, widow of the Rev. Thomas Gallaudet, D. D.
Funeral services at St. Matthew's Church, West 84th St., near Central Park West, Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

HILLEMEIER.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., April 26, 1903, Charles Hillemeier, aged 51 years.
Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 103 West Sidney Av., Mount Vernon, on Tuesday evening, April 28, at 8 o'clock.

KIDDER.—Suddenly, at Englewood, N. J., April 25, A. M. Kidder of Wenham, Mass., formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y., in the 67th year of his age.
The funeral services will be held at the home of his son-in-law, Edwin M. Bulkley, Englewood, N. J., on Tuesday, April 28, at 4:30 P. M. Train via Erie R. R. leaves Chambers St. 3:30 P. M. and West 23d St. 3:25 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

McCORD.—April 26, 1903, at Ossining-on-Hudson, Henry D. McCord, aged 66 years.
Funeral services at his late residence, South Highland Av., Tuesday, April 28, at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of family. Carriages will meet train at Ossining leaving Grand Central Station at 1:10 P. M.

McVICKAR.—At her late residence, 102 East 57th St., Everetta Constable, widow of the late Dr. John A. McVickar and daughter of the late Edward McVickar and Matilda Constable, on Saturday, April 25.
Funeral at the Church of the Holy Communion, 6th Av. and 20th St., at 4:30 P. M., Monday, April 27. Interment at Constableville, New York.

OPENHYM.—Suddenly, March 26, 1903, Adolphe Openhym, aged 49 years.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

SHALER.—At the residence of her brother, Col. James R. Shaler, Colon, Colombia, on Friday, April 24, Augusta Rutledge Shaler, daughter of the late Hon. Charles Shaler of Pittsburg, Penn.

SOLOMON.—April 25, George Solomon, at his residence, 23 Madison Av., New Brighton, S. I.
Funeral services Tuesday, 28th, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

THOMAS.—Suddenly, on April 24, 1903, Anthony J. Thomas in the seventy-seventh year of his age.
Funeral services will be held in private at No. 23 West 50th St.
Philadelphia papers please copy.

TUCKER.—On Sunday, April 26, Estelle G., wife of A. C. Tucker.
Funeral services will be held at her late residence in Upper Nyack, N. Y., on Wednesday afternoon, the 29th inst., at 3:15, on the arrival of the 1:30 P. M. train from Chambers St., New York. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

CHAMELEONS AND CONSUMPTION

(Reprinted from an Editorial in the New York Evening World, Friday, April 24, 1903.)

WHAT THE CONSUMPTIVE NEEDS IS FOOD.

"A learned professor showed a New York audience the other day how blue light will turn a chameleon black, and from this action of color on the animal's skin he deduced a theory about the curative qualities of ultra-violet rays if applied to tuberculosis patients. It is a highly interesting theory, and if a few connecting links are missing, shall we view it with undue scepticism?

"If so, we can turn as an alternative to the new healing vapor extracted by a Berlin chemist from the eucalyptus. It is called sanosin, and warranted to cure by killing the bacilli of the disease. The claim is made by Prof. Sommerfeld, a German physician of reputation, that sixty out of one hundred tuberculosis patients treated by him were completely cured. Sixty per cent. of successes does not quite make the vapor a panacea.

"The nation once heard a great deal about the remedial virtues of the eucalyptus, and the sceptic will recall that it is not unfamiliar with colored-light cures, blue as well as violet. Medical theories come and go, and the old is as the new.

"The wise patient taking these specifics will add to them all the fresh air procurable and food, food, food—they are consumption's worst foes, at once the simplest and the best remedies for the worst of diseases."

No truer words about this very dangerous disease were ever written.
They go to the pith of the problem.
They tell the truth, free from faddism, the plain truth about consumption.
The consumptive is slowly starving to death.
What he needs is food.
But he lacks appetite. His stomach is weak and qualmish.
Right here is shown the value of that great good food Ozomulsion.
It creates appetite. It is partly digested.
It goes to the spot. It stops wasting.
Food, food, food—the Food That Does Good—Ozomulsion.
A pure refined emulsion of cod liver oil, guaiacol and glycerinated hypophosphites—just what you need to make you fat, rosy, hearty and well.
In warm pleasant weather the consumptive cough often ceases. But this does not mean that the germ is dead.

Now is the time to give the germ its deathblow. Keep after it all spring and summer with Ozomulsion and you will find that by winter time its virulence will be gone, that you will be on the mend, and that cold weather will not drag you down as it once did.

You will be on the high road to health.

Try this simple, sensible scientific way of curing consumption, weak lungs and wasting away.

To prove the great medicinal food value of Ozomulsion and What it Has Done for Others, a large

FREE TRIAL BOTTLE

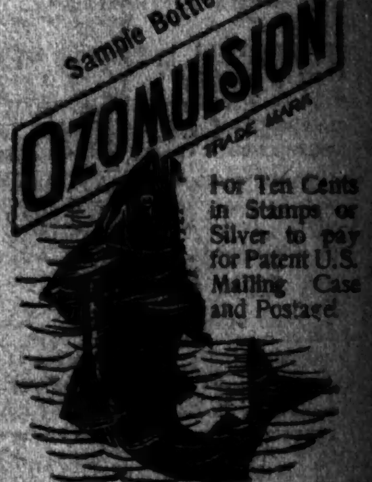
Will be Presented to All Interested who will call at Our Laboratories, 96 and 98 Pine Street.

The Emulsion "Par-Excellence" That Physicians Use and Prescribe in their Families and Hospital and Private Practice and Druggists sell in large Two-Pound Bottles for One Dollar.

Please call or write, giving your name and full address.

Ozomulsion Food Laboratories, 96 and 98 Pine Street, New York.

SENT BY MAIL A FREE Sample Bottle of OZOMULSION TRADE MARK



For Ten Cents in Stamps or Silver to pay for Patent U.S. Mailing Case and Postage.

THE FOOD THAT DOES GOOD

DEATHS REPORTED APRIL 25.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
ARMSTADT, Sigmund, 970 1st Av.	55	24
ARNSTEIN, Lena, 138 W. 45th St.	59	24
AVERY, Moses, 126 W. 127th St.	72	24
AMELLA, Joseph, 413 E. 50th St.	1	24
ALPEINE, Henry, 173 Orchard St.	16	25
BUCKAM, Adolph, 463 Brook Av.	1	25
BLISS, George H., 202 W. 106th St.	54	24
BACKUS, Adelheid, 109 2d St.	27	24
BRANSTEIN, Sarah, 362 Monroe St.	27	24
BRONINSKY, David, 233 Division St.	2	24
BURGHEIM, G. J., 105 W. 137th St.	47	23
BUXTON, Charles F., 150 W. 120th St.	57	24
BAUGHN, Eliza, 161 W. 34th St.	70	24
BOYLAN, Nora, 222 E. 81st St.	15	25
BARBERI, Elizabeth, 95 Amsterdam Av.	38	24
BOHN, Philippina, Ward's Island	81	24
BOLAN, Florence A., 35 Morningside Av.	1	24
BACH, Fannie, 20 W. 112th St.	70	23
BAILEY, William, 328 W. 113th St.	66	[illegible]
CRAFT, Charles, Astoria, L. I.	1	[illegible]
CHELLBORG, Albert, 120 E. 22d St.	53	24
CRAIG, James, 114 W. 43d St.	43	24
CAMPS, Edwin F., 356 W. 49d St.	67	[illegible]
CAMPO, Angelina, 411 E. 59th St.	1	24
COHEN, Eli, 246 Division St.	[illegible]	25
CONVERSE, Joseph, 401 Hudson St.	5	25
DENEHAN, Benjamin, 219 E. 32d St.	1	25
DULES, Noel, 24 E. 11th St.	1	24
DI TEMPORA, Felix, 51 Spring St.	48	24
DE VELASCO, Isabel C. de P., Hotel Marlborough	42	[illegible]
DUKE, John F., 260 W. 45th St.	1	24
EICHEL, Ephraim, 123 Pitt St.	57	[illegible]
FAGAN, Hugh, 448 W. 58th St.	45	[illegible]
FINNEGAN, Francis, 101 W. 66th St.	1	[illegible]
FOX, Frank, 2 Milligan Place	6	25
FRANCIS, Adolph, 4 Rivington St.	43	24
FREINALT, Rosie, 127 Pitt St.	10	25
GALTO, Francesco A., 211 Spring St.	14	25
GOLDSTEIN, Morris, 21 Allen St.	1	25
GENDERING, Anna, 308 E. 83d St.	1	25
GLOVER, Verona L., 16 Minetta St.	3	24
GINSBURG, David, 141 Forsyth St.	66	24
GALLAUDET, Elisabeth B., 113 W. 78th St.	78	25
HERTZ, Samuel, 232 E. 72d St.	35	[illegible]
HANAUER, Matilda, 70 E. 93d St.	65	25
HUNTER, Margaret, 347 E. 58th St.	62	24
HAEFLING, Katie, 16 Leroy St.	30	[illegible]
HIENS, Mary, 330 E. 36th St.	50	24
JOSEPH, Bella, 253 E. Houston St.	5	24
KERRY, Olive A., 36 E. 50th St.	35	25
KEELY, Catherine, 19 E. 21st St.	61	[illegible]
KNOFF, Minnie, 20 W. 9th St.	27	[illegible]
KNEIKL, Paul, 269 W. 10th St.	[illegible]	24
KLUMPP, Mary A., 340 E. 58th St.	[illegible]	25
MEYER, Solomon, 238 5th St.	34	[illegible]
MICHEL, Julius, 248 W. 28th St.	48	[illegible]
MANFRETSINA, G., 315 E. 33d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MONAGHAN, John, 696 2d Av.	63	[illegible]
MOSKOVITZ, Rosie, 343 E. 105th St.	4	[illegible]
MOSS, Samuel, 60 E. 11th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McGIBER, Hannah, 350 E. 86th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
NORRIS, Peter A., 256 W. 37th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'NEILL, Eugene, 366 W. 17th St.	9	[illegible]
PLACE, Jane C., 1,485 Broadway	[illegible]	[illegible]
PEILSTEIN, Cecil, 1,381 5th Av.	1	[illegible]
ROGERS, Charles W., 162 E. 90th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROGERS, Grace, 123 W. 3d St.	6	[illegible]
RASSNER, Frances, 700 E. 13th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RYAN, Agnes, 47 Catharine St.	22	24
RUGEN, Anna, 51 Bayard St.	62	[illegible]
SCHEUPELE, J. G., 371 William St.	47	24
SHANAHAN, Mary, House of the Good Shepherd	41	25
SELLMAN, John, 506 W. 30th St.	47	[illegible]
SOLOMON, Lewis, 220 E. 118th St.	70	24
STIEGLER, Leon, 315 W. 39th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SEMOLE, Michele, 35 Oak St.	3	[illegible]
SUPPLES, Richard, 234 E. 10th St.	50	24
STEINBERG, Dora, 33 Sheriff St.	1	[illegible]
SHAPIRA, Lena, 328 E. 10th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STOCKMAN, Henrietta, 113 E. 96th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHERIDAN, Ann, 227 E. 70th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SULLICO, Minnie, 225 E. 97th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SMITH, John, 430 W. 39th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
TUTHILL, Elizabeth, 212 E. 46th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WOOD, Marion, 339 W. 117th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WIESE, Abe, 37 Goerck St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WILLIAMSON, J. G., 169 W. 92d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WINKLER, Helen, 566 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WEISSBURG, Albert, 417 E. 80th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WALTERS, Sarah, 437 W. 48th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
AHEARN, James J., Seton Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CROWE, John M., Seton Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HEIM, Stephen, 696 E. 145th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
REILLY, Henrietta, Lincoln Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROBERTS, W. J., 735 E. 146th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RYAN, John, 763 E. 163d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BERRY, Henry, St. Joseph's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SOEDERSTROM, S., St. Joseph's Hos.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WINTER, Mary J., 604 E. 138th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Brooklyn.

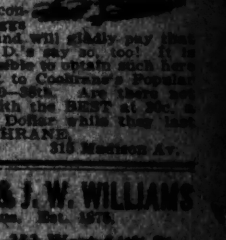
Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
BLAKE, Joseph M., Kings Co. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BOGART, Walter H., Con's Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
BUTLER, Mary E., 65 Patchen Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CAMPBELL, Mary, 208 Throop Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CONLEY, John, Kings Co. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DAVIDGE, Anna, Con's Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
DICKSON, James, 219 Cornelia St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DONOVAN, Margaret, 84 Prospect St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DOYLE, Joseph, 334 Van Buren St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FETTER, William, German Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FIONE, Immaculata, 30 Main St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FISHER, J. S., Jr., 297 Prospect Pl.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GARDNER, Oliver, Sheepshead Bay Road and W. 3d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GILDERSLEEVE, R. M., [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GILLAN, William J., 703 Bergen St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HAAS, Louise, 336 Skillman St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HANLON, Maria C., 354 Adelphi St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HELFENWEITER, Laura, 295 Grove St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HOFFMAN, George, 383 Warren St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JAMES, Minnie I., 35 Fulton St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JOHNSON, Norah, N. Y. City Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
KATZ, Samuel, 107 Walton St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KELLER, Michael, 607 Grand St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LICHTENBERGER, Elizabeth, 175 [illegible] St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LIEBLING, Charles, 220 Bleecker St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MILLER, Mary E., 107 Sands St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MOONEY, Edwin, 130 Lexington Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MacCAULAY, T., St. Mary's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McMILMAIN, J., St. Peter's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McNULTY, James, 33 Taylor St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McTEER, Edward, 153 Hamilton Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
OSBORNE, E. C., 321 Henry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PARKER, Elizabeth, 109 5th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PRELUTSKY, Mendel, L. I. C. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SLINGERLAND, Abijah P., 151 Franklin Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SMITH, David, 30 Magenta St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SPROWL, E. F., 1024 Decatur St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WARD, Loretta, 2,359 Atlantic Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WILLIAMS, H., King. Av. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WOLF, Wilhelmina, M. E. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]

The familiar and admired BEAD WORK of Colonial Times, many examples of which are among treasured heirlooms of to-day, is again in popular favor and employing the most skilled workmen in the decoration of objects of personal convenience such as Chatelaine Bags, Wrist Bags, Opera-glass Bags, Shopping Bags, Pocket Books, Change Purses, Card Cases, etc.

A number of unique recently completed examples are shown by The GORHAM CO. Silversmiths and Goldsmiths, Broadway and Nineteenth Street, 21-23 Maiden Lane, New York.

MANY WRITE

All over Greater New York: "Send me 2 Doz."; "send me 4 Doz."; "send me 6 Doz."



NEW LAID EGGS

One patron writes: "I consider really new-laid eggs are worth 60c. per doz., and will gladly pay that much at any time." M. D.'s say so, too! It is correct, and it is now possible to obtain such here by a call, a card, a chat, to Cochrane's Popular Corner by Telephone 1210—38th. Are there not many others to be fed with the BEST at 30c. a Doz., 4 Dozens for One Dollar while they last to-day? C. E. COCHRANE, S. E. Cor. 42d St. 315 Madison Av.

CARPET CLEANING J. & J. W. WILLIAMS Tel. 968 Columbus. Est. 1875. 353 West 54th St.

Special Notices.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS.
Architects who wish to submit plans for the Fairbanks Memorial Library may learn particulars by addressing A. C. Ford, Terre Haute, Ind.

Caswell, Massey & Co.'s NO. 6 COLOGNE. The Standard American Cologne. All dealers.

Rely Upon Platt's Chlorides for household disinfection. Odorless and cheap.

Not Making It Obtrusive.

He—It seems that women do not dare ask the question, "Is my hat on straight?" At any rate, Carrie didn't ask it.

She—No; Carrie's hat is not a new one.—Boston Transcript.

Amusements.

THIS WEEK ONLY.
THE GREAT
MILITARY TOURNAMENT
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.
Management Military Athletic League
TO-NIGHT Review by Secretary of War ELIHU ROOT, of U. S. Troops, Sailors and Marine Corps, 3d Regiment, Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles, Canadian Militia, National Guard of N. Y. and N. J. Signal Corps, 1st and 2d Batteries and Naval Battalions. Escort to Secretary of War and Evening Parade by Cadets of U. S. Military Academy. Drill by 43d Reg., Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles, Canadian Militia, Musical Ride and Rough Riding by 2d U. S. Cavalry, Drill by U. S. Marine Corps, Drill by 9th U. S. Infantry, Artillery Drill by 27th Light Battery, U. S. A., Bridge Building by 2d Engineers, U. S. A.
NEW PROGRAMME EVERY NIGHT.
Athletic Events Begin 7:30 o'clock, followed by Review and Military Programme.
ADM. 50 CENTS. Res. Seats, $1.00, $1.50.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
TO-NIGHT AT 7:45.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCE of Grand Opera. Under the Direction of Mr. MAURICE GRAU.
PROGRAMME:
1. LA FILLE DU REGIMENT, Act I., in French.
2. DER FLIEGENDE HOLLAENDER, (The Flying Dutchman,) Act II., in German.
3. LA TRAVIATA, Act I., in Italian.
4. FAUST, Act V., (Prison Scene,) in French.
5. LES HUGUENOTS, Act IV., in French.
6. LOHENGRIN, Act I., (commencing with Elsa's entrance,) in German.
Prices, $2, $3, $5, and $7; Boxes, $25, $30, $60, and $100; Seats in Boxes, $7 and $10 each, according to location; General admission, (standing room,) $2. Family Circle admission, $1.
WEBER PIANOS USED.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs., 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Henry W. Savage Presents GEORGE ADE'S Hit, 6th MONTH
SULTAN OF SULU
Music by Alfred G. Wathall.
MATINEES To-morrow & Friday, May 1 | EDMUND RUSSELL In HAMLET. Seats on Sale.

EMPIRE THEATRE, Broadway and 40th St.
LAST WEEK OF JOHN DREW.
Evgs., 8:20. Matinées Wednesday & Sat., 2:15.
JOHN DREW | THE MUMMY AND THE HUMMING BIRD.
Saturday—Last Night of the Present Empire.

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St.
TO-NIGHT, 224TH TIME IN NEW YORK
Evgs., 8:30. Matinées Wednesday & Sat., 2:15.
CHARLES HAWTREY A MESSAGE FROM MARS.

GARDEN THEATRE, 27th St. & Mad. Av.
Evgs., 8:30. Matinées Wednesday & Sat., 2:30.
THE 15th CENTURY MORALITY PLAY. EVERYMAN.

Madison Square Theatre, 24th St., nr. B'y.
"Success."—Herald. "Unqualified success."—Sun.
Evgs. 8:30. Matinées Thursday & Saturday, 2:30.
Geo. Broadhurst's Greatest Comedy, A FOOL AND HIS MONEY.

GARRICK THEATRE, 35th St., near B'way.
LAST WEEK ANNIE RUSSELL.
Last 6 Evgs., 8:15. Matinées Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"Success for star and author."—Herald.
ANNIE RUSSELL in MICE & MEN.
NEXT MONDAY SEAT SALE THURS., 9 A. M.
A Comedy of New York Life of To-day,
SKIPPER & CO. WALL STREET.
INTRODUCING MACDYN ARBUCKLE.

NEW SAVOY THEATRE, 34th St. & B'way.
Last 6 Evgs., 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
HENRY MILLER THE TAMING OF HELEN.
NEXT MONDAY SEAT SALE THURS., 9 A. M.
The Original Comedian,
EZRA KENDALL
As Joe Miller,
THE VINEGAR BUYER.

KNICKERBOCKER THEA. B'way & 38th.
8:00 P. M. sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:00.
Klaw & Erlanger's Colossal Production of
MR. BLUE BEARD 112th time To-night.

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE | Evgs., 8:15. Mat. Saturday, 2:15.
AMELIA BINGHAM "THE FRISKY MRS. JOHNSON"
NEXT WEEK—JOSEPH JEFFERSON, Presenting, Mon., Tues. & Thurs. Evgs. & Sat. Mat., "Rip Van Winkle;" Wed. & Fri. Evgs., "The Rivals;" Sat. night, "Cricket on the Hearth" & "Lend Me 5 Shillings." Seats ready.

CARNEGIE HALL, TUES. EVG., APRIL 28.
ELIJAH | N. Y. FESTIVAL CHORUS. Zimmerman-Sovereign, Miles-Williams. Kaltenborn Orchestra
Tali Esen Morgan, Conductor
Tickets, 50c. to $1.50, Carnegie Hall Box Office.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Evgs. at 8:20.
To-day at 2:15 EXTRA MONDAY MATINEE.
BENEFIT for A. ROTTMANN. 1. "Ueber Unsere Kraft." 2. "Im Wartesalon 1. Klasse." 3. "Teremtette." LAST WEEK BUT ONE Ferenczy Operetta Co., with Mia Werber. Positively last 6 performances of Die Puppe, (The Doll.)

DEWEY E. 14TH ST. Tel. 2234—18. | Matinee To-day. RICE & BARTON'S GAYETY CO. BURLESQUE & VAUDEVILLE.

MENDELSSOHN HALL.
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 29,
FAREWELL RECITAL,
GABRILOWITSCH.
Seats, $1, $1.50, at Ditson's. Everett piano used.

Mendelssohn Hall. Thurs. Aft., Ap. 30, at 3.
Piano Recital | ONLY APPEARANCE!
BLOOMFIELD-ZEISLER
Management ....Henry Wolfsohn
Res. Seats $1 and $1.50 at Ditson's, 867 B'way.

14th Street Theatre. Near 6th Av. Mats. Wed. and Sat.
TO-NIGHT—FIRST TIME IN N. Y.
THE 4 COHANS In Their New Play, RUNNING FOR OFFICE.

PRINCESS B'way & 29th St. Double bill. Evgs. at 8. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2.
THERE AND BACK | Preceded, Evgs. at 8:30, Mats. 2:30, "Man Who Stole the Castle."

HERALD SQ. THEATRE. Evgs., 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Saturday.
GRACE GEORGE in Pretty Peggy

PROCTOR'S COMEDY & VAUDEVILLE SHOWS, 25c. 50c. EVERY AFT. & EVE. Res. 75c.
23rd St. Big All-Star Vaudeville. | 5th Av. —The— Cherry Pickers
58th St. Only A Shop Girl. | 125th St. Week of Big Vaudeville

MAJESTIC GRAND CIRCLE, B'way & 59th St. Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2
WIZARD OF OZ. Evgs. and Sat. mat. BEST SEATS, 1.50
with Montgomery & Stone.

DALY'S at 8:15 THE OPIE READ'S COMEDY.
Last Week STARBUCKS. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

BELASCO THEATRE Mat. Saturday, 2. To-night, 151st t.
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY, MAY 7.
DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in THE DARLING OF THE GODS.

Manhattan Broadway & 33d St. Ev. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat.
THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET

CIRCLE 60th and Broadway. 2:15—Daily—8:15.
McINTYRE & HEATH—NAT. M. WILLS
AND OTHER ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE ACTS.

BIJOU B'way 30th St. Eve. 8:20. Mat. Saturday, 2:15. | MARIE CAHILL In NANCY BROWN.

EDEN MUSEE | WORLD IN WAX. New Groups CINEMATOGRAPH. Wonderful Electric Theatre. Aft. & Ev.

STAR | Lex. Av. & 107th St. Mat. To-day, 25c. TRACY, THE OUTLAW

KEITH'S B'way and 14th. | BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30 PRICES 25c. and 50c.

AMERICAN 42D ST. & 8TH AVE. Mat. Daily, Ex'pt Mon. 25c. BARBARA FRIETCHIE

GRAND- DE WOLF HOPPER, "MR. PICKWICK."

[illegible] Hurtig & Seamon's, W. 125th St. Hallen & Fuller, Midgeley & Carlisle & the Great Alexius. Mat. To-day.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St. MATINEE EVERY DAY 25c. MISS HULTON.

[illegible] AVE. To-day. | IN THE SHADOW OF NIGHT

GOOD SPEEDWAY SPORT

Many Close Finishes in Trotting and Racing Brushes.

C. K. G. Billings's Horses Carried Off the Honors of the Day—Queen Wilkes Again in Front.

Thrilling finishes came thick and fast on the Speedway yesterday morning, when the cream of New York City's trotting and pacing stock turned out in full force and flocked to the upper stretch ready and anxious to display its speed to the thousands of spectators that crowded along the curbs and occupied every post of vantage. Careful preparations had put the roadbed, which is sadly in need of repair, in good condition, and although it was a trifle soft in spots, the pacers took to it especially well and furnished the most interesting portion of the morning's sport.

The stars of C. K. G. Billings's stable, Hontas Crooke, with a pacing mark of 2:99, and the handsome trotting mare Imogene, 2:11¼, carried off the honors of the day, meeting all comers and winning every brush in which they were started. This position was not an easy one to maintain by any means, for there were any number of challenges.

After Hontas Crooke furnished his share of the sport Mr. Billings took the reins over Imogene, 2:11¼, while Mr. Lamar got into a featherweight speed wagon, drawn by the trotting mare Sally Simpson, 2:11¼. Two of the best-contested heats of the morning followed, Imogene winning the first by a half length and the second by a nose. E. E. Smathers's trotter Ida Highwood, 2:09¾, was at her best, and some disappointment was felt that she was not started in company with Imogene and Sally Simpson, as the result would undoubtedly have been a good horse race.

Mr. Smathers, however, contented himself with a start against his old trotting rival, Swift, 2:16¾, driven by Col. John F. Cockerill, President of the Road Drivers' Association. Although Swift was stepping fast, he was no match for the mare, and in the first heat he was beaten by a half length and the second by a dozen yards. Nathan Straus drove his bay pacer Quadriga, 2:08¾, in several fast brushes, but did not have very good luck with him, for he was beaten in his first start by the pacer Nathan Straus, and in the second by the famous old pacer Jack, 2:12½, who has been missing from the road for almost a year, driven by his owner, Dr. H. D. Gill.

The three trotters Princess Pique, driven by Thomas B. Leahy; Crystal Chimes, driven by Thomas Lynch, Jr., and Glenmere Boy, 2:14¾, driven by A. Frankenstein, finished in the order named, only heads apart after stepping a fast half mile. George Spear drove the trotting mare Queen Wilkes, who, until her defeat by The King and Norah McKinney last week, held undisputed sway on the road, a lively heat against her stable mate Ida Highwood. It proved a nip and tuck go, but the Queen won out in the last few strides with one of her characteristic bursts of speed that have carried her to the fore in hundreds of heats on both track and road. In a mixed brush between trotter and pacer Louis Kahn's speedy little pacer Bonnie Kirkland, 2:23¾, driven by Joseph Stern, defeated the trotter Harry Davis, 2:26¾, driven by J. J. Timmons, and the pacing mare Alletta, 2:15¼, driven by John Hannan, won two straight heats from the gray pacer Alice. That age is beginning to tell on the famous old trotter Cobwebs, 2:12, the favorite of Nathan Straus's stable, was shown in a heat which the gelding had with the black trotter Mahlen, 2:14¾, driven by Charles Riley. Cobwebs made a brave showing in the first quarter, but lacked speed in the final drive and was beaten out by a half length. Samuel Block drove his white pacing mare Bicycle Girl, 2:20¼, a winning heat in company with Comet, 2:19¾, driven by Robert Marshall, and the trotter Ildurim, 2:23¼, driven by W. J. Clark, stepped home a length in front of the trotter Freeland, 2:17¼, driven by David Goodman.

Among the many others who participated in the sport were A. Crawford, driving the trotter Angelus, 2:12¼, E. C. Holmes driving a pair of black pacers, George A. Coleman driving the trotter Kingwood, 2:17¼, Claus Bohling driving the trotter George Gurnett, 2:16¼, C. Hackett driving the pacer Helen H., Sigmund Herzig driving the bay trotter Messenger Boy, Dr. J. F. Moore driving the trotter McMillan, 2:17¼, J. L. Dodge driving the pacer Redinda, 2:07¼, A. R. Meyers driving the bay pacer Pacer Peter H., 2:26¾, Elmer Stevens driving the black pacer Ammond, David McNeice driving the white pacer Tom Reed, Frank Darrin driving the pacer Bell Boy, 2:07¼, A. Alexander behind the pacer Palatina, 2:21, and M. Herrmann driving the trotter Tom Boy. During the afternoon the crowd of spectators was larger than that of the morning, but there was very little fast work owing to the congested condition of the drive.

SOLDIER ATHLETES ARE READY.

Military Show Opens To-night with Review by Secretary Root at Madison Square Garden.

To the uninitiated observer the arena of the Madison Square Garden last night presented a scene of chaos. At the Fourth Avenue end a score of workmen were wrecking and carting away the wooden screen left by the circus. Out in the open space a big gang of men were engaged in grading and leveling the surface of the track on which the soldier athletes will begin their competitions to-night. Many of the athletes were seated about the sides of the track watching with keen interest the preparations for the opening to-night of the show of the Military Athletic League. The athletes expressed themselves as pleased with the work on the track, and said it was better done than in former years. None of them expected any remarkable time to be achieved in the sprints and distance runs, as in the short time possible for the making of the track it is impossible to harden the surface sufficiently for the attainment of great speed. However, the list of champion performers entered in the many events assures exciting sport.

Along one side of the arena the men of the Twenty-second Engineers were practicing their drill at pontoon bridge building. Capt. Bacon was directing the corps, the men accomplishing the interesting feat in an incredibly short period of time. Then the armored motor car of the corps was speeded in from the Twenty-seventh Street entrance, crossing the bridge, which was rapidly demolished to prevent the attack and crossing of an imaginary foe. The Twenty-second Engineers are of the New York National Guard, and they will compete with the regulars from Washington, commanded by Capt. Walker.

All of the soldiers from distant points arrived during the day. The Forty-third Regiment, Canadian militia, under command of Lieut. Col. Sherwood and Major Rogers, came all the way from Ottawa, and were lined up in the Grand Central Station before they marched to their headquarters. The Twenty-seventh Light Artillery came in a special train from Washington Barracks. The Second Cavalry, from Fort Ethan Allen, arrived early in the afternoon and their entrance into the garden was a pleasing sight as the famous troopers exercised their horses in the ring after their long railroad ride. The famous Ninth Infantry arrived also, later in the afternoon, and military possession of the garden was formally taken. During their stay in the city the Canadian soldiers will be quartered at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory and their officers at the Waldorf-Astoria. The Ninth Infantry, the Twenty-seventh Battery, the Third Engineers, and the Second Cavalry will be taken care of at the Twelfth Regiment Armory. The West Point Cadets will arrive this afternoon to act as escort for Secretary Root.

The programme for to-night gives the review by Secretary of War Root, accompanied by Major Gen. Baden-Powell and guests. Col. George R. Dyer commands the review. There will also be a drill by the Forty-third Regiment, from Canada, the musical ride by the Second Cavalry, drill by the United States Marine Corps, drill by the Ninth Infantry, United States Army; rough riding by the Second Cavalry, drill by the Twenty-seventh Light Battery, and bridge building by a detachment of the Third United States Engineers from Washington Barracks, the whole making an entertainment such as only New York sees in the annual military shows. The athletic programme, which begins at 7:30, will bring forward the largest number of entries the league has ever had, with athletes from the Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Thirteenth, Ninth, Eighth, Seventy-first, Fourth New Jersey, Sixty-fifth of Buffalo, Twelfth of New York, and Seventy-fourth of Buffalo, and also men of the Naval Reserve and regular army. In the sprints and the long distances there will be sharp contests; in the bicycle races many of the best riders are entered, and in the sack and hurdle races and tug-of-war for heavy and light weights the men entered are very evenly matched.

Amusements.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2.
Special Prices Wed. Mats., 50c. to 1.50.
Henry W. Savage's New Musical Comedy Success
PRINCE OF PILSEN

VICTORIA 42 St., B'way & 7 Av. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Last 6 Nights
Blanche WALSH in RESURRECTION
Nxt. w'k. Warfield "The Auctioneer." Seats selling.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th St. & Irving Pl.
LAST 2 WEEKS.
THE SUBURBAN
Prices 25, 50, 75, 1.00. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15.

WEST END | "SHORE ACRES."

LAKEWOOD POLO GAMES.

First Big Event Opens This Week at Georgian Court—Strong Team Entered.

With the opening of the annual Spring tournament of the Lakewood Polo Club this week the season of polo tournaments virtually begins. Competitions on local fields will be continued up to June, when the tournaments will go to Philadelphia for the month of June, although Squadron A, and possibly one or two other of the newer clubs, may give special events in this vicinity until the tournament season shifts to the Rockaway Hunting Club, at Cedarhurst, during July.

Lakewood has prepared six playing days, three of which will be devoted to the competitions for the Herbert trophies, which are open to teams not exceeding an aggregate handicap of sixteen goals, and three days will also be employed in determining possession of the Georgian Court Cups presented by Mrs. George J. Gould. The contest for the Herbert Cups will come first, being played this week. The opening match will be held to-morrow between the Lakewood second and Westchester Country second teams. Lakewood first and Rockaway will meet on Thursday, and the winners will play in the final match on Saturday.

The teams show little change from last year. The regular Lakewood team remains intact, with George Gould and his sons, Kingdon and Jay, as the nucleus, while Benjamin Nicoll will continue to play in his favorite position at back. E. S. Reynal, who did not play very much last season, will make his appearance on the second team of the Westchester Country Club, and the other three will all be representatives of the younger element who came prominently to the front last season. J. Insley Blair has secured one or two new ponies and he intends to play in nearly all of the local club tournaments.

The Lakewood second team shows evidence of having been made up for the occasion. Henry M. Earle, one of the best players in Squadron A, will play back; Seward Cary, the veteran Buffalonian, but who has practically been a Lakewood polo player for the last two years; J. A. Rawlins and W. S. Jones of the Rumson Club, near Seabright, will be the other members. This is the weakest team of the four, while the Rockaway team has the limit of the handicap allowance, but nearly all of the men have been practicing this season, and the division of the teams insures good matches. The make-up of the four teams is:

Westchester, Second.—E. S. Reynal, 3; T. I. Blair, 3; J. C. Cooley, Jr., 3; H. C. Brokaw, 3. Total, 12.

Lakewood, Second.—W. S. Jones, 2; J. A. Rawlins, 1; Seward Cary, 3; Henry M. Earle, 2. Total, 8.

Lakewood, First.—George J. Gould, 3; Jay Gould, 3; Kingdon Gould, 4; Benjamin Nicoll, 5. Total, 15.

Rockaway.—W. A. Hazard, 3; Rene La Montagne, Jr., 5; F. S. Conover, 5; P. F. Collier, 3. Total, 16.

All of these teams, with the exception of Lakewood Second, will meet in the Georgian Cup contests, which are open to teams without limit of handicap allowances. The new team in this event will be the first quartet of the Westchester Country Club, and will be a thoroughly championship team, consisting of John E. Cowdin, 9; J. M. Waterbury, Jr., 10; Harry Payne Whitney, 7, and Lawrence Waterbury, 9, making the grand total of 35. A team of this calibre is seldom seen in even the best tournaments, such an aggregation of talent usually appearing only in the specially prepared teams for the championship matches.

Whitney did not play in many games here last year, but his early return to polo speaks well for the season. Cowdin played on the international team in England last June, but took little active part in the game after that. The Waterbury brothers are going to play a great deal and, indeed, they have already been picked out as two of the strongest players to meet the visiting English team in some of the special games that will be arranged for them during August and September.

Whitney has been practicing at Lakewood for the past two or three weeks, and several of his new Texas ponies are at Mr. Gould's stables. Mr. Gould himself has secured some fine new horses for polo, and the Lakewood games will be interesting as a study of new polo ponies, something which the genuine lover of the game never tires of. Cowdin has also brought several new ponies to Lakewood from California.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

New York Now Leads in National League Standing—Boston Beaten at Newark.

As a result of the defeat of the Pittsburg baseball team at Chicago yesterday, New York is now in first place in the National League championship pennant race. Manager McGraw's men have won five games and lost two, while Pittsburg has won six and lost three. Nearly 25,000 persons saw the National League champions defeated in Chicago, and 17,000 were present on the Cincinnati grounds yesterday when the home team was beaten by the St. Louis nine. Only one of the two games scheduled by the American League was played in the West. This was in St. Louis, where the local team beat the Chicagos by the score of 8 to 3, in the presence of 8,300 spectators. The Cleveland and Detroit teams were to have met in the latter city, but, owing to the vigorous action of the opponents of Sunday baseball, the American League abandoned all the games scheduled for Detroit. Several exhibition games took place in New Jersey yesterday, but the one that attracted the greatest attendance was that between the Newark Eastern League and Boston National League teams, which the former won by the score of 5 to 2, in Newark, where 10,000 persons witnessed the contest.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Umpire Johnstone Occasions a Stormy Protest in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 26.—With two men on bases and two runs needed to tie the score Homer Smoot lined out what Umpire Johnstone called a home run and thereby allowed St. Louis to win to-day's game. The locals claimed that Smoot was out by at least two feet at the plate, but Johnstone held differently. The police had to escort Johnstone from the grounds. Up to the eighth St. Louis could not do anything with Hahn. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	11	4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	6	12	2

Batteries—Hahn and Bergen; Sanders and Ryan.

CHICAGO, 8; PITTSBURG, 6.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Chicago defeated Pittsburg to-day by superior work on the bases and timely hitting. The fielding of both teams was ragged at times, the visitors profiting more by unaccepted chances. Tinker's fielding and steal of home were the features. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	5	0	3	1	—	8	10	4
Pittsburg	1	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	6	10	4

Batteries—Taylor and Kling; Falkenberg and Smith.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	5	2	.714	St. Louis	5	4	.556
Pittsburg	6	3	.667	Brooklyn	3	4	.429
Chicago	5	3	.625	Philadelphia	3	6	.333
Boston	5	4	.556	Cincinnati	1	7	.125

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Boston in New York.
Philadelphia in Brooklyn.
Chicago in Cincinnati.
Pittsburg in St. Louis.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Sudhoff's Effective Pitching Caused the Defeat of Chicago.

ST. LOUIS, April 26.—The Chicagos lost the third game of the series with St. Louis through effective work on the part of Sudhoff. The latter held Chicago safe throughout, and let them down with six hits. Home run drives over the right-field fence by Wallace and Green were features. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	5	1	1	0	0	1	0	—	8	13	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	6	3

Batteries—Sudhoff and Sugden; Dunkle, Flaherty and Sullivan, McFarland.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	3	0	1.000	Philadelphia	3	3	.500
Chicago	3	1	.750	Boston	2	2	.500
New York	2	2	.500	St. Louis	1	3	.250
Washington	2	2	.500	Cleveland	0	3	.000

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Philadelphia.
Boston in Washington.
Chicago in Detroit.

NEWARK, 5; BOSTON, 2.

NEWARK, N. J., April 26.—In an exhibition baseball game played here to-day between the local Eastern League team and the Boston Nationals the Newarks won by the score of 5 to 2. The Bostons did not play their best men, as Platt and Malarky were in the outfield, with Aubrey shortstop and Cooley on first base. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	—	5	8	3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	5	5

Batteries—Pardee and Spiesman; Stanley and Kittredge.

Scores of Other Games.

At Schenectady—Troy, 11; Schenectady, 2.
At Providence—Worcester, 8; Providence, 5.
At Utica—Utica, 8; Rochester, 5.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 3; Binghamton, 2.

PHILADELPHIA, 16; WEST N. Y., 3.

A very one-sided exhibition game of baseball was played in Weehawken yesterday between the Philadelphia Nationals and the West New York Field Club nine, which the major league team won easily by the score of 16 to 3. After the opening inning had been played the visitors began to hit freely, and made six runs off six hits and a couple of errors in the next two innings. They added three more to their score in the fifth, and in the eighth ten men were at bat for Philadelphia. They pounded Cuthbertson's curves for nine safe hits, which, with miserable fielding on the part of the local team, were productive of seven more runs. The Philadelphians also fielded rather loosely at times, McLaughlin and Hulswitt being guilty of inexcusable errors. McLaughlin eased up toward the close of the game, but the West New Yorkers only got seven hits, one of which was really the work of the umpire.

Thomas did not play for Philadelphia, and Hallman took his position in centre field, while Dooin played right field, and Zimmer covered first base. Hulswitt made four hits and four runs out of five times at bat, and Brashear also scored four times but got to first twice on errors, was hit by the pitcher once, and hit for a double and a single. For the local team the fielding of Kelly in left field and Sussillo at third base was faultless, both men doing remarkably clever work. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	2	4	0	3	0	0	7	*	16	21	3
West N. Y. F. C.	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	7	7

Batteries—McLaughlin and Roth; Cuthbertson and Stapleton.

HARLEM OARSMEN ACTIVE.

Pleasant Weather Brings Out Racing and Pleasure Crews in Force.

Pleasant weather and smooth water brought out the local oarsmen in full force yesterday and the Harlem River was thronged with racing and pleasure craft of every size from single shell to eight-oared barge during almost the entire day. The racing crews, of which there are already quite a number in training, were out morning and afternoon, but a majority of the boats were pleasure craft, which is usual at this early stage of the season's rowing.

Among the eight-oared crews out were the juniors of the Nassau, Dauntless, and Atalanta Clubs, the Dauntless and the Harlem seniors, all of whom are in training for the Harlem regatta on May 30, and several mixed eights from the Metropolitan Rowing Club. Several clubs also had eight-oared barges on the water, that of the Crescent Rowing Club making a trip to Port Richmond, Staten Island, while the Wyanoke barge went to College Point.

Coaching from a launch in the manner of the college rowing coaches is becoming popular on the Harlem now, and the Dauntless and the Atalanta eights, with their attendant launches and bellowing coaches, attracted a great deal of attention yesterday. The Dauntless senior eight is now rowing in the following order: Bow, J. Daley; 2, W. H. Pumphrey; 3, E. Rheinhold; 4, E. Stettig; 5, D. Daley; 6, G. Brasch; 7, R. Stettig; stroke, F. Schaeffer; coxswain, J. C. Edgerton.

The Dauntless junior eight was boated yesterday in the following order: Bow, G. McKeon; 2, F. W. Post; 3, J. McKevitt; 4, G. Arnold; 5, J. C. Herbert; 6, F. Hagan; 7, J. McClusky; stroke, G. Covert; coxswain, P. Dana.

Besides their senior eight, the Harlem Rowing Club has in training F. Fuessel, a senior sculler; J. Demorest, a junior single, and a junior double. There are eleven men in the senior-eight squad, and the crew will not be picked for some time yet.

A junior four-gig crew of the Union Boat Club, which began training yesterday, is composed of Smith, McCoy, Walsh, and Steen, with J. McGowan as coxswain. The club expects to have a junior eight and a junior quadruple sculls crew.

A quadruple sculls crew, composed of Corbett, Burdette, Emerson, and Richards, has started in training at the Metropolitan Rowing Club.

Secretary McEwen of the committee of the Harlem Regatta Association, which is arranging for the annual parade on May 10, stated that in addition to the turnout of the Harlem River clubs, a number of the Hudson River clubs had announced their intention of being represented in the parade. The Palisade Boat Club of Yonkers, the Waverley Boat Club, and the Hudson Boat Club will each send a four and an eight-oared barge, while the Riverside Boat Club will send two eight-oared shell crews. A stand for spectators is to be built between the Harlem and Metropolitan clubhouses.

Another attempt to move the old house of the Lone Star Boat Club, which was bought by the Columbia University rowing authorities last Winter, from its present location at the foot of West One Hundred and Fifty-second Street and the Harlem River to the site on Dyckman's Creek prepared for it will be made at high tide to-morrow. Workmen were busy yesterday afternoon digging out the mud on both sides of the old house, so that a scow may be placed on each side of it. Three large beams about a foot square have been passed through the scow of the house to support the main floor beams, and three more pass through under the second floor beams. The lower set of beams protrude only a few inches beyond the sides of the house, and are connected with the upper beams by wrappings of heavy iron rope. The upper beams extend about ten feet beyond the house on either side, and the plan is to float a scow underneath these beams on either side of the house at low tide, and when the tide rises the scows are expected to bear up on the upper beams, and so not only lift the house from the piles upon which it rests, but support it on its trip up the river. Bets are being freely made by members of the rowing club that "Columbia's goldbrick," as they call the collegians' purchase, will not survive the trip.

President Vanderveer of the Middle States Regatta Association, who is a candidate for the office again this year, and Secretary Brown of the same organization were visitors to the clubhouses in the row during the afternoon.

Jockey Watson's Injuries Fatal.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 26.—Jockey Robert Watson is dead from injuries received in a race at Oakland yesterday.

SMITH & MABLEY
7th Ave. Cor. 38th St. N.Y.
AGENTS FOR
The Panhard, C.G.V., Mors & Renault
Complete Foreign Supply & Repair Dept.

NEW TRACK OPENS TO-DAY

First Meeting on Metropolitan Jockey Club's Course to Begin.

Inaugural Running of Excelsior Handicap Will Be Feature of the Racing at Jamaica.

Novelty is guaranteed for racegoers this afternoon on the spick and span new race course of the Metropolitan Jockey Club, at Jamaica, L. I., where, with the running of the $7,000 Excelsior Handicap as the special feature, the new track will be opened to the public for the first time, and formally added to the racing circuit of the East. The inaugural meeting of the newest of New York racing associations promises to be as great an attraction for patrons of the turf as the ambitious Excelsior Handicap, which already has been accepted as one of the series of events designated "the big Spring handicaps." With the double inducement, an immense crowd is expected to gather at the Jamaica course to-day.

The grand stand, which is of steel, will seat 6,500 persons, and the field stand will seat 3,500 more. Both structures are built on the cantilever plan, with a big over-hang, the roof extending thirty-four feet over the lawn for the protection of patrons outside the stands in case of sudden rain. The paddock, which is glass roofed, contains twenty-two box stalls, and is in keeping with the other appointments, which include a separate building with baths and lounging rooms for the use of the jockeys. The track is elliptical, one mile in circumference, with the turns laid out on the plan of the main course at Sheepshead Bay, the "big turn" being at the bend into the stretch for the run home. The quarter stretch is 100 feet wide and the back stretch 85 feet wide. The length of both back and front straights is five feet short of a quarter of a mile, and as the finishing post is placed well off from the sharp first turn, the straight run from the head of the stretch to the winning post is only a little more than three-sixteenths of a mile. A chute with a slight bend in it, on the plan of the Futurity course at Sheepshead Bay, will be used for races of six furlongs and less distance.

The chief event of the opening, the Excelsior Handicap, at one mile and a sixteenth, for three-year-olds and upward, to be run as the fourth race this afternoon, has seventeen horses named to start, that number including some of the best horses of the Metropolitan, Brooklyn, and Suburban Handicaps, and representatives from some of the more prominent racing stables that did not race at Aqueduct. Of those named to run, the top weight, and most talked of among betting racegoers, is the veteran campaigner Herbert. Heno is another of the prominent horses of last season named to make his reappearance in this race, while Blackstock, from W. C. Whitney's stable, is another entry that has been well tried for the race. Yellow Tail and Mackey Dwyer, both winners at Aqueduct, are other horses named to start, who are much talked of. The entries and jockeys are:

The Excelsior Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

Name.	Age.	Weight.	Rider.
Herbert	4	126	T. Burns
Francesco	4	117	....
Heno	4	116	J. Martin
Articulate	5	116	Shaw
Royal	5	113	O'Neil
Ethics	5	107	H. Cochran
Andy Williams	4	105	Odom
Bon Mot	4	105	Minder
Yellow Tail	6	100	Rice
Slave	3	97	J. Daly
Injunction	3	96	Gannon
Blackstock	4	95	Fuller
Lord Badge	4	93	Haack
Daly	5	92	Creamer
Mackey Dwyer	3	92	Shea
Hunter Raine	3	92	Wilkerson
Dr. Saylor	3	88	N. Lewis

Inaugural Races on Jamaica Track.

FIRST RACE.—Handicap for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. The Huguenot, 126 pounds; New York, 119; Schoharie, 117; Stavedore, 111; Duelist and Futurita, 106 each; Chicle, 100.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and seventy yards. King Bramble, 110 pounds; Remorse and H. L. Coleman, 106 each; Barbara Frietchie and I Know, 105 each; Carroll D. and Setauket, 101 each; Animosity, 100; Athelroy, Northbrook, and Pericles, 97 each; Past and Lord Advocate, 96 each; Examiner, 93; Pageant, 92; Squanto, 85. Apprentice allowance of five pounds each claimed for Animosity, Pageant, Athelroy, Past, Setauket, and Carroll D.

THIRD RACE.—The Bushwick Stakes, for two-year-olds, special weights, with allowances; five furlongs. Palmbearer, 112 pounds; Bath Beach, Interlude, Charlie Fisher, and Race King, 110 each; Contentious, 107; Hazelwood, Flagstaff, Careless, Tim Payne, and Masedo, 105 each; Favor King, 102.

FOURTH RACE.—The Excelsior Handicap.

FIFTH RACE.—For maidens two years old, special weights; four and a half furlongs. Spring, Kings Oaks, Namecki, Jim Kelly, and Collector Jessup, 112 pounds each; Blackberries, Tempo, T. Lament, Wizard, Honey Boy, and Sterling Belle, 109 each.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs. Elohim, 115 pounds; Reformer and Andrattus, 112 each; Neither One, 108; Annie Grace, 105; Musidora, 103; Rostand, 98; Rosewater and Rene, 80 each; Star and Garter, Atheirose, and Anna Daly, 88 each. Apprentice allowance of five pounds each claimed for Rostand, Annie Grace, Musidora, Star and Garter, Rene, Rosewater, Atheirose, and Anna Daly.

SUNDAY HANDBALL GAMES.

Brooklyn and Jersey City Courts Well Patronized During the Day.

Caulfield's handball court, in South Brooklyn, was crowded yesterday with visitors and players who expected to see a four-handed match in which Oliver Drew and P. J. Corby were to have been on opposite sides. Although Drew had promised to be present, he did not put in an appearance, and played in Jersey City instead. Several clever matches were decided during the day, and most of them were so well contested that the visitors forgot the disappointment caused by Drew in the excitement and interest aroused by the work of the other experts. The scores:

P. Shertall and T. Dooly	21	17	21	21
L. Harrington and T. Hylona	18	21	14	20
R. L. Stack and T. Dooley	18	15	17	
H. Burke and T. Harrington	21	21	21	
J. Carroll and F. H. Duffey	21	17	21	
F. Fogharty and J. Murray	18	21	14	
P. Galvin	21	15	21	19
M. J. Caulfield	19	21	13	21
C. Donohue and W. Lanagin	17	21	21	
T. Hennessy and J. Murray	21	18	14	
R. L. Stack	21	17	21	19
W. Shanley	18	21	14	21

Several fast games were played yesterday in the court of the Brooklyn Handball Club, and the most conspicuous among the contestants was W. Slater, who won three straight games from M. McAvoy. The scores:

W. Slater and M. McAvoy	16	21	21
W. L. Jones and J. Dillon	21	18	19
Charles Alt	13	21	21
B. Shelley and C. Mailey	21	15	16
M. J. Wafer and Charles Alt	21	20	18
B. Brenner and P. Dickinson	16	21	13
E. Shelley and M. Slater	21	16	21
E. Doherty and J. Furgis	16	21	17
W. Slater	21	21	21
M. McAvoy	13	13	16
E. Doherty		21	21
J. Furgis		12	12

Although "Mike" Egan has not returned from his Western trip the members of the Jersey City Handball Club are keeping the scorer busy at Egan's Jersey City court, and many games were played there yesterday, including one between four veteran experts, T. Lyman, T. Dunne, G. Breslin, and J. Kelly. The scores:

T. Lyman and T. Dunne	21	18	21
T. Breslin and J. Kelly	19	21	20
W. O'Keefe and J. Smith	21	12	21
P. Eckoff and C. Golden	13	21	19
P. Tuite and W. Joyce	21	18	21
J. Egan and G. Barbour	19	21	16
J. Hanlon and T. McCabe	21	18	21
P. Dolan and E. Ficke	19	21	20
J. Flaherty and P. Burns	21	21	19
P. Flaherty and T. Jackson	12	18	21
A. Martin and J. Krueger	21	19	21
M. Dunn and F. Krueger	16	21	10
J. Egan and G. Waldron	21	18	21
P. Egan and P. Tuite	18	21	12

The most interesting of the handball matches played in Tarrant's Jersey City court yesterday was the one in which Oliver Drew defeated M. O'Keefe and A. Runciman by winning three out of five games. The scores:

Oliver Drew	21	17	21	18	21
M. O'Keefe and A. Runciman	12	21	3	21	16
W. Thayer	21	21	21		
P. Edwards	17	19	7		
B. Shannon and J. Pilkington	15	21	17		
J. A. Flaherty and J. P. Foley	21	13	21		
J. Flaherty and J. Howes	21	19	15		
A. Runciman and M. A. Tarrant	12	21	21		
J. O'Neill and P. McMahon	18	16	21		
T. Hurley and J. P. Foley	21	21	15		
J. Howes and T. Meackle	21	14	12		
McMahon and O'Farrell	19	21	21		
M. Dalton	21	21	21		
P. Mullane	12	9	15		
B. Shannon and J. Howes	21	21	18		
M. A. Tarrant and J. Flaherty	16	11	21		

Vanderbilt's Horse Was Second.

PARIS, April 26.—William K. Vanderbilt's Alpha was second in the race for the Prix Poule d'Essai des Poulains at Longchamps to-day.

Sheepshead Bay Stakes to Close.

Five stake events, regular features of the Coney Island Jockey Club's June meeting, will be closed to-day, the date for the closing time having been moved up to several weeks earlier than usual because of the lengthened list of stakes for the Sheepshead Bay meeting. The events closing to-day are the Rosebud, five furlongs straight, for fillies two years old; the Daisy, five furlongs on the turf, for two-year-olds, and the Pansy, six furlongs, selling, on the turf, for two-year-olds, and the Grass Selling, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile and a sixteenth on the turf, with $1,500 added to each, and the Bay Ridge Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile and a quarter, with $1,700 added.

Shamrock III. Arrives at the Clyde.

LONDON, April 26.—The Shamrock III. has arrived at the Clyde. The builders expect to have the new spar in place in a little more than two weeks, and the new spar will measure about 156 feet from deck to truck. Like the other mast, it will be one piece, but it is somewhat heavier than the spar which broke.

The Turf. | The Turf.

METROPOLITAN JOCKEY CLUB.
April 27, 28, 29, 30, May 1, 2, 4, 5, 6.
Six Races Each Day at 2.30 P. M.
FIRST DAY
MONDAY, APRIL 27th.
The Excelsior Handicap, $7,500.
TRAINS DIRECT TO THE TRACK.
LEAVE EAST 34TH ST., NEW YORK, via LONG ISLAND RAILROAD, 12:10, 12:30, 12:40, 12:50, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:50 P. M. Parlor Cars on all trains.
LEAVE FLATBUSH AVE., 12:20, 12:40, 1:00, 1:20, 1:45.
LEAVE BEDFORD STATION, 12:26, 12:46, 1:06, 1:26, 1:51.
LEAVE EAST NEW YORK, 12:35, 12:55, 1:15, 1:35, 2:00.
On other days trains will be as follows:
LEAVE EAST 34TH ST., NEW YORK, via L. I. C., 12:10, 12:40, 1:00, 1:10, 1:30, 1:50 P. M. Parlor Cars on all trains.
LEAVE FLATBUSH AVE., 12:40, 1:00, 1:20, 1:45 P. M.
LEAVE BEDFORD STATION, 12:46, 1:06, 1:26, 1:51 P. M.
LEAVE EAST NEW YORK, 12:55, 1:15, 1:35, 2:00 P. M.
All trolley cars to Jamaica connect with the track.
Admission to Grand Stand, $2.00. Admission to Field Stand, 75c.
MUSIC BY LANDER.

Auction Sales. | Auction Sales.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
The Standard Art Galleries has received instruction to sell at absolute auction by
BENJ. S. WISE, Auctioneer,
the contents of a West Side Palace,
184 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
by order of
LOUIS B. BRODSKY, 234 Broadway,
Attorney for Owner, on
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
APRIL 29th and 30th, MAY 1st and 2d.
EXHIBITION TUESDAY, 9 A. M., TILL 10 P. M.
Thousands upon thousands of dollars have been spent to make the above one of the most lavishly furnished private residences on the West Side, and now it is to be dismantled, at public auction, piece by piece, to the highest bidder.
ENTRANCE HALL
is furnished with beautiful Teak and West India furniture, richly carved, luxuriously upholstered; easy sofas and chairs, several beautiful bronzes and marble statuary, Persian rugs, etc. Drawing rooms contain many rare and valuable works of art, costly cabinets in Louis XV. and XVI. styles, gold divans, carved ivories, hand-painted miniatures, Chinese crystal porcelains.
D'AUBISSON SUITE OF 8 PIECES,
in carved Louis XVI, gold frame of great value.
WEBER BABY GRAND PIANO.
Dining room in Colonial solid mahogany sideboard, table, china and crystal closets, magnificent cut crystal china, such as is only found at Tiffany's and Collamore's; large real bronze urn and several old Chinese pieces of porcelain.
THE EMPIRE LIBRARY
that cost thousands of dollars to embellish contains furniture in perfect harmony with the decorations. Everything "Empire," with heavy real bronze mountings.
Several beautiful electric fixtures in crystal and India brass; superb hand-painted miniature table valued at $500.00; royal Sevres vases, onyx pedestals. Bedrooms completely furnished; magnificent Colonial and Louis XVI. mahogany bureaus; chiffoniers, twin brass beds, [illegible] and easy chairs, etc. Sale commences with servants' quarters nicely furnished.
The magnificent 5-story American Basement residence will be sold at a bargain to quick buyer. Lot 28¼x104 ft., with agreement for Light and Air on the South. 5 Baths and 17 rooms; also Otis Electric Elevator. Three years ago this House sold for One Hundred and Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, and the buyer spent Thirty Thousand Dollars decorating it, including such appointments and environments. An opportunity such as this is seldom offered. Terms to suit. Further particulars inquire of attorney.
LOUIS B. BRODSKY,
234 Broadway.
Standard Art Galleries, 19 and 21 West 125th St.
Catalogues at Sale.

Cane & Casper, Auctioneers.—Important sale to liquidate the business of O. Goldsmith, 114 West 125th St., Monday, April 27, and following days, 7:30 P. M.; bronzes, paintings, bric-a-brac, and imported novelties for cabinet use.

BY VIRTUE OF A CERTAIN CHATTEL mortgage executed by John A. Burnap to Philip and William Ebling Brewing Company, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York March 31, 1898, [illegible] Levy, auctioneer, will sell on April 27, 1903, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at Number [illegible] Lexington Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, the fixtures of a saloon and all other property mentioned in schedule of mortgage above mentioned. By order of attorneys for mortgagee.

Mortgage Sale.—Frank E. Gore, auctioneer, will sell on Monday, April 27th, 10 A. M., [illegible] St., Manhattan, 3 printing presses, [illegible] lot type, and printers' material; [illegible] writers, desk, &c. By order attorney for mortgagee.

Herbert Gray, auctioneer, sells every evening during week, imported and domestic cigars, No. 3 East 125th St., commencing at 7:30 P. M. each evening.

M. Holsman, auctioneer, sells daily, noon and evening, 151 East Houston St., Japanese goods, bric-a-brac.

L. J. Abrams, auctioneer, sells imported bric-a-brac, 7:30 P. M. daily, 163 Bowery.

Automobiles.

METROPOLITAN MOTOR CAR CO.,
154 East 57th St., New York.
AGENTS AND DISTRIBUTERS OF
"Toledo"
GASOLENE CARS.
12 H. P., $2,000. | 18 H. P., $3,000. | 24 H. P., $4,000.
"METEOR" STEAM CARS.
Runabout, $850. | Dos-a-dos, $1,000. | Tonneau, $1,200.
We will positively guarantee immediate delivery of any of the above cars.
We are equipped for building and repairing all classes of automobiles.
We conduct a first-class storage station, making a specialty of electric vehicles, and assuring the best of care to all cars.
We have a large number of second-hand cars which are priced very low.
METROPOLITAN MOTOR CAR CO.,
154 E. 57th St., N. Y. Telephone 2279 Plaza.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day, 3:30 P. M. BOSTON vs. NEW YORK. Adm. 50c.

Yachts, Vessels, &c.

Launches, 20 feet, 3 h. p. engine, $250; open Sundays. Brooklyn Launch Works, Neptune Av. and West 12th St., Coney Island, N. Y.

Bicycles.

WILLIS' BICYCLE BARGAINS
are the talk of the town. Never in the history of the Bicycle business have such high-grade goods been offered at such ridiculously low prices. Our agents throughout the Western States have shipped us 5 carloads more bargains purchased from hard-up makers, jobbers, and dealers.
Just read over this list of makes:
Ramblers, Columbias, Sterlings, Barnes, Olives, Stearns, Clippers, Monarchs, Clevelands, Crescents, Hamptons, &c., &c., at
$2.50, $4, $5, $7.50, $10, $12.50, $15, $17.50, $19.50 & $25
Mostly brand-new goods—some been used.
Fire Stock of Tires, ⅓ USUAL PRICES.
We have just purchased the entire stock of Tires that were saved from the Fire of the India-rubber Co. of Akron, Ohio. They are only slightly soiled and will wear just as well as any other tire. 1,700 pairs, assorted grades, puncture proof, &c., all going at
25c., 50c., 75c., 98c., $1.25, and $1.50.
Lamps, Bells, Pedals, Bars, Wrenches at slaughter prices.
AUTOMOBILE Supplies of every kind at cut rates.
Orient, Holly, Merkel, Clement, Marsh, &c., $75 up. MOTORCYCLES
REMEMBER, I HAVE TWO STORES.
WILLIS 23 Park Row, opp. P. O. 3 Park Place, n'r B'way.

Horses and Carriages.

(Established 1867.)
VAN TASSELL & KEARNEY'S
Auction Sales
OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES
ARE HELD REGULARLY EVERY
TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
(Commencing at 10 o'clock)
AT THEIR HORSE AUCTION MART,
130 and 132 East 13th St.,
Between Third and Fourth Avs., New York.
Catalogues ready morning of each sale. Purchasers will always find a large and interesting list to select from.
Those desiring to sell can make entries at any time up to 5 P. M. the day before the sale.

Spring Brook Farm
has on sale trotting bred Coach Horses and Cobs, with speed, harness and saddle broken; safe for ladies; highest quality; lowest prices. SAMUEL A. BYERS, Proprietor; city stables, 271, 273 Amsterdam Av.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES.
Panel Boot Victoria, city built, perfect order. Tandem High Cart and Spider Phaeton. Several shop-worn Traps and Runabouts.
EDWARD CALLANAN'S SONS,
CARRIAGE BUILDERS,
164 West 46th St., just east of Broadway.

Surrogate Notices.

SLADE, ALISON L.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALISON L. SLADE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Charles A. Deshon, No. 237 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of October next.—Dated New York, the 24th day of March, 1903. MARSHALL P. SLADE, AUGUSTA P. SLADE, EMILY SLADE, Executors. CHARLES A. DESHON, Attorney for Executors, No. 237 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City. mch30-law6mM

Bankruptcy Notices.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM MARQUIS, JACOB MARQUIS, and HARRY A. NEWMAN, individually and composing the firm of A. MARQUIS & CO., bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, April 30th, 10:30 A. M., at 60 East 11th Street, Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of Desks, Safes, Partitions, Stock and Show Tables, Diagrams, Carpets, Furniture, Addressograph Machine, Cabinets, &c. On Monday and Tuesday, May 4th and 5th, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 113 and 115 Leonard Street, assets of above bankrupts, consisting of Furs and Raw and Dressed Skins, including Ermine, Chinchilla, Seal, Broadtail, Persian Lamb, Sables, and various other kinds, manufactured and unmanufactured. Supposed actual value, $50,000. Order of PETER ALEXANDER, Trustee. STERN, GOLDSMITH & BRONNER, Attorneys for Trustee, 320 Broadway.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Last week's stock market showed an improving tendency. Sixty-nine stocks advanced a point, while only twenty fell. The movement in the bond market was both equally striking and more significant. Forty-nine advanced and fourteen fell. Doubtless this is a reflection of last week's easier money market. Bonds can now be bought to show a [illegible] speculatively or permanently in comparison with the rate for money. Stocks are worth neither more nor less, but they look cheaper and more attractive.

According to a telegram from London arrangements have been completed between two leading English banking houses and a powerful New York financial group for introducing to the international public issues of developed and promising mining properties. The object of the new corporation will, it is stated, be to make a recognized market for shares in New York and thereby place mining securities of the United States on a corresponding level to that which they occupy in London.

This is very kind. There can be nothing but approval of any attempt to widen the market for American mines by introducing them to those who like to deal in such volatile securities. But approval will be extended only cautiously to any attempt to import Kafirs, and others in that category, as an addition to our own undesirable securities. Our friends across the sea, who are wary about our industrials will excuse a similar feeling about what they call their "circus," which is mentioned in the advanced American manner. From that most conservative British financial journal, The Economist, we quote a few typical instances of mines as illustrations: The capital of the City and Suburban is £285,000, which has been increased to £1,360,000, the shareholders receiving four shares of £4 each for each original share with £1 paid. The present market valuation of the capital is £2,000,000. The Crown Reef had a capital of £70,000, afterward increased to £120,000 in one-pound shares, the market value of which, at 17½ per share, is £2,145,000. The Robinson Gold Mine began with £50,000, and the shareholders received no less than ten five-pound shares for each one-pound share originally held, making the present nominal capital £2,750,000. The quotation for the five-pound shares is 10½, and the total value is £2,681,250. The profit of the Robinson averaged £171,000 in the five years 1898-1902. A good deal of that might be spent and still leave enough to pay cent. per cent. on the original capital of £50,000.

Our British cousins are slow about some things, but they are rather premature about others. It is too soon to speak of Mr. Morgan as another Hooley, and until Americans can take more kindly to their own mines, it is premature to offer them others. After we have digested our own it will be soon enough for this purpose.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Beech Creek Railroad.
North Pacific Railway.
United States Rubber Company.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Brooklyn Securities Corporation.

ANNUAL MEETING.

New Rochelle Gold Mining Company.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were Saturday's closing quotations for stocks on the New York Stock Exchange:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Express	225	235
Albany & Susquehanna	235	
Allegheny & Western	16	
Allis-Chalmers	19	19¾
Allis-Chalmers pf	19	20
American Cotton Oil	45	55
Am. Ex. Chemical	20	30
Am. Ex. Chemical pf	70	80
Am. Ex. Dyeing	25	
Am. Sugar pf		95½
Am. Tobacco		74
Am. Tobacco pf		74
Anaconda	40¾	40¾
Am. Woolen	9¾	10¼
Am. Woolen pf	91¾	91¾
Coal	200	225
Cotton Oil	4½	4¾
Cotton Oil pf	85	87
District Telegraph	30	35
Express	300	310
Gas	15½	16
Leather	8	8¼
Leather pf	75¾	80
Linseed Oil	13¾	16¼
Linseed Oil pf	37	44
Locomotive	27	27½
Locomotive pf	84	84
Malting Co.	8¾	8½
Malting Co. pf	19¾	20¼
Malting & Ref.	50	51
Malting & Ref. pf	92	95¼
Steel	12	12¼
Steel pf	46	46
Steel & Iron	15¾	16¼
Steel & Iron pf	84	84
Steel & Wire	34	34¼
Steel & Wire pf	70	70
Tin Plate	27¾	28
Tin Plate pf	76	76¼
Steel Hoop	35	35
Steel Hoop pf	90	90
Steel Pipe	45	50
Steel Pipe pf	100	100
Steel Ship	15	15¾
Steel Ship pf	40	40
Steel Foundries	16	16¼
Steel Foundries pf	46	46¼
Steel Tube	136¼	136¼
Steel Tube pf	119¾	120¼
Steel Cable	80	83
Steel Cable pf	100	102
Tel. & Telephone	140	143
Tel. & Cable	12¾	14
Tel. & Cable pf	76	77¾
Copper Mining	105	106
Sugar	122	122
Sugar 1st pf	93	94
Sugar 2d pf	90	91
Tobacco	77¾	78¼
Tobacco pf	117¾	118
Adams Express	225	235
Alton, T. H. & So.	25	35
Alton, T. H. & So. pf	100	110
Am. Ex.	225	235
Am. Dis. Tel.	30	35
Am. Lin.	30	35
Am. Lin. pf	70	75
Am. Sugar	122	122
Am. Sugar pf	93	94
Am. Tob.	77¾	78¼
Am. Tob. pf	117¾	118
Atch. T. & S. F.	70	70¼
Atch. T. & S. F. pf	93	93¼
Atlantic Coast Line	120	125
Balt. & Ohio	93¾	93¾
Balt. & Ohio pf	94	95
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	65	65¼
Brooklyn Union Gas	215	220
Canada Southern	50	55
Canadian Pacific	144¾	145¼
Central of N. J.	215	225
Chesapeake & Ohio	51¾	52¼
Chesapeake & Ohio pf	70	71
Chesapeake & Ohio 4s	91¾	92
Chicago & Alton	35	36
Chicago & Alton pf	70	75
Chicago Great Western	27¾	28
Chicago Great Western pf	76¾	77¾
Chicago Great Western 4s	91¾	92
Chicago Great Western 5s	100	100¼
Chicago Great Western 8s	108	109

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Konn, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. Dolan, millinery, 481 Broadway; Hotel Imperial; A. Folk, cloaks and suits, St. Denis Hotel.
Muhlfeller, S., Glens Falls, N. Y.; cloaks; Hotel Imperial.
Lisner, A., Washington, D. C.; Miss M. Cassidy, umbrellas and mackintoshes; Hotel Imperial.
Shepard Company, Providence, R. I.; W. H. Mahoney, cloths, dress goods, and silks; 48 Leonard Street; Murray Hill Hotel.
Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. I. Mills, knit goods and ribbons; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Manhattan.
Farwell, J. V., Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. M. Anning, flannels and blankets; 115 Worth Street; Murray Hill Hotel.
Netcher, C., Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. M. McGrath, millinery; 377 Broadway; Hotel Normandie.
Reid & Hughes Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; G. W. Kimball, silks and dress goods; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Navarre.
Allen, H. W., & Co., Burlington, Vt.; F. D. Abernethy, white and dress goods and upholstery goods; Hotel Navarre.
Long, Jonas, Sons, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; J. S. Long, clothing; S. W. Long, dry goods; 51 Franklin Street; Victoria Hotel.
Goldenberg, M., Baltimore, Md.; cloaks; Grand Hotel.
Trorlicht, Duncker & Renard Carpet Company, St. Louis, Mo.; H. Duncker, carpets; G. H. Duncker, carpets; Grand Hotel.
Burke, Fitzsimons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; A. E. Hone, furnishing goods; Hotel Imperial.
Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. C. Bodman, upholstery and hardware; 104 Worth Street; Holland House.
Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; F. Brown, linens and white goods; 66 Grand Street; Victoria Hotel.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; G. B. Peck, dry goods; 2 Walker Street; Murray Hill Hotel.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; J. M. Porteous, cloaks and suits; 57 White Street.
Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; A. Leith, cloaks and suits; 57 White Street.
Simons,-Evans Manufacturing Company, Charleston, S. C.; R. P. Evans, piece goods; Hoffman House.
Syracuse Dry Goods Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. B. Williams, hosiery and underwear and manufacturing department; 51 Leonard Street.
Sheldon Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; R. E. Sheldon, domestics; 320 Broadway.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Colby Davis, dress goods; 115 Worth Street.
Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; A. Donnan, domestics and linens; Hotel Albert.
Leboutillier & Simpson Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; H. C. Vickers, laces, hosiery, gloves, and parasols; Hotel Albert.
McConnell, J. C. & S. E., & Co., Gainesville, Ga.; J. C. McConnell, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Gross & Strauss Company, Boston, Mass.; H. Gross, dry goods; Miss D. Leonard, millinery; 31 East Tenth Street; Hoffman House.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; A. J. Ferguson, dress trimmings and house furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Miller Brothers, Chattanooga, Tenn.; G. H. Miller, dry goods; St. Denis Hotel.
Havens & Geddes Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; F. Miller, hosiery and furnishing goods; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Albert.
Kohn Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; I. A. Kohn, woolens; Hotel Manhattan.
Schwab Clothing Company, St. Louis, Mo.; M. Schwab, clothing; Hotel Savoy.
Solomon, K., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. Bibro, cloaks and suits; 13 Astor Place; Hotel Savoy.
Meier & Frank Company, Portland, Oregon; L. Hirsch, cloaks and suits; 27 Washington Place; Hotel Savoy.

AT THE HOTELS.

HOLLAND—Dr. Hamilton Wright, Minneapolis; Dr. S. R. Fowler, Washington.
IMPERIAL—Col. Z. I. Montgomery, Kentucky; A. A. Hibbard, Boston.
MANHATTAN—Prof. D. N. Camp, New Britain, Conn.; A. L. Halins, London.
FIFTH AVENUE—Lieut. Charles R. McVay, Jr., United States Navy.
EARLINGTON—Gen. George D. Ruggles, United States Army.
NAVARRE—Gen. J. W. Barlow, United States Army.
EVERETT—Gen. W. W. H. Davis, Doylestown, Penn.

For Sale.

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723 SIXTH AVE. (Below 42d St.).

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WILLIAMS, VISIBLE TYPEWRITERS, SOLD AND RENTED, 310 B'WAY.

TYPEWRITERS SOLD $1 WEEKLY ALL MAKES, AT 243 B'way, N. Y., 1 flight up; 330 Fulton St., B'klyn.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 5240 Frank.

Diamonds, watches; lowest prices; delivered first payment; send for catalogue. Manhattan Diamond Co., 22 Maiden Lane.

When renting or buying a typewriter, get a good one. Best Typewriter Exchange, 68 Park Place.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 5986 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 203 Broadway.

Typewriter Headquarters, 339 Broadway.—Call up 5185 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Furnished Rooms.

Down-town business people can save time and car fare by living at the Hotel Raleigh, 663 Broadway; nice light rooms; day and night service; free use of baths; $4, $5, $6 per week.

Surrogate Notices.

ADAMS, CLINTON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CLINTON ADAMS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Stickney, Spencer & Ordway, No. 31 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 14th day of October next.—Dated New York, the 2nd day of April, 1903. JENNIE BULLARD WATERBURY, Administratrix with the will annexed. STICKNEY, SPENCER & ORDWAY, Attorneys for Administratrix, 31 Nassau St., New York City. a13-1aw6mM

GALLAGHER, MARY A. M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY A. M. GALLAGHER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Gillespie & O'Connor, No. 56 Pine Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the sixth day of November next.—Dated New York, the 22nd day of April, 1903. FRANK K. GALLAGHER, Administrator. GILLESPIE & O'CONNOR, Attorneys for Administrator, 56 Pine Street, Manhattan, New York City. ap27-1aw6mM

MACY, FRANCIS H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FRANCIS H. MACY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Wilson M. Powell, Jr., No. 29 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of October next.—Dated New York, the 18th day of April, 1903. WILSON M. POWELL, JOSEPH AGOSTINI, RICHARD W. UNDERHILL, Executors. WILSON M. POWELL, Jr., Attorney for Executors, No. 29 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. apr20-1aw6mM

FRIEDMAN, SAMUEL.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to ESTHER FRIEDMAN, Leopold Friedman, Adolph Friedman, Max Friedman, and Hannah Horr, and to all persons interested in the estate of SAMUEL FRIEDMAN, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:
You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House, in the County of New York, on the 9th day of June, 1903, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Morris Friedman, as administrator of the goods, chattels, and credits of said deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.
In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, [L. S.] a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 16th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.
J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
ROSENBLUTH & SILVERMAN, Attorneys for Administrator, 320 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan. ap20-1aw6wM

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advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character.
Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c.
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FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK.
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APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

CONFIDENTIAL SALARY LOANS. $20,000.00 to be loaned at once in amounts $15, $200, at less than regular rates. Apply immediately. Miles Thomas, Room 1,830, Park Row Building.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE, 729.

MONEY TO LOAN. 4½ and 5 per cent. on bond and mortgage on Bronx or Manhattan real estate. F. M. Wilson, 3d Av. and 138th St., S. W. corner, Room 15.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

Referees' Notices.

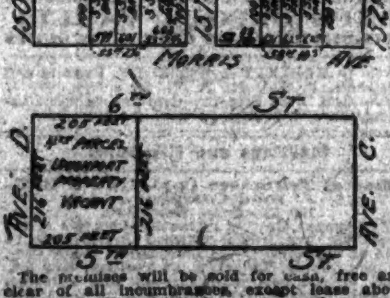
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CATHARINE C. HILL, plaintiff, against LOUIS REISS and others, defendants.
In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 23d day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 19th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Charles A. Berrian, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

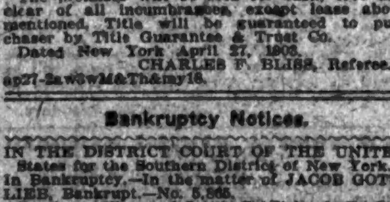
FIRST PARCEL.
All those two certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, in the City and State of New York, being known and distinguished by the Nos. 599 and 601 Morris Avenue, and which lots, taken together, are bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Morris Avenue, distant 33 feet 7¼ inches, more or less, from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Morris Avenue with the southerly side of East 151st Street, which point is at the intersection of said westerly side of Morris Avenue, with the northerly face of the northerly wall of the building on the premises described herein; running thence southerly along said westerly side of Morris Avenue 55 feet 2¼ inches, more or less, to the intersection of said westerly side of Morris Avenue with the centre line of Lot No. 252 on Map of the Village of Melrose South; running thence westerly and parallel, or nearly so, with East 151st Street, and along the centre line of said Lot No. 252, 100 feet; running thence northerly and parallel with Morris Avenue 55 feet 2¼ inches to a point opposite the northerly face of the above-mentioned northerly wall; thence easterly parallel, or nearly so, with East 151st Street to the said northerly face of said northerly wall of the building on the premises herein described and continuing along the same 100 feet to the point or place of beginning.

SECOND PARCEL.
All that certain lot of land, together with the building and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, City and State of New York, being known and distinguished as No. 603 Morris Avenue, and being bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Morris Avenue with the southerly side of East 151st Street; running thence southerly along said westerly side of Morris Avenue 33 feet 7¼ inches, more or less, to the intersection of said westerly side of Morris Avenue with the northerly face of the northerly wall of the building adjoining the herein-described premises on the southerly side; running thence westerly on a line parallel, or nearly so, with East 151st Street and along the northerly face of said adjoining wall and in a line in continuation thereof 100 feet; running thence northerly and parallel with Morris Avenue 33 feet 7¼ inches, more or less, to said southerly side of East 151st Street, and running thence easterly along said southerly side of East 151st Street 100 feet to the point or place of beginning.

THIRD PARCEL.
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected and all fixtures therein, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, in the City and County of New York, formerly in the Town of Morrisania, in the County of Westchester and State of New York, and known and designated by the number three hundred and twenty-two (322) as laid down on a map entitled "Map of the Village of Melrose South," now on file in the office of the Register of the said County of Westchester, said lot number 322 being bounded and described as follows:
Northwardly by lot number 630, one hundred feet; eastwardly by Morris Avenue fifty-eight feet ten inches; southwardly by lot number 321, one hundred feet; and westwardly by lot number 323, fifty-eight feet ten inches, and known by the street numbers as 621 and 623 and 625 Morris Avenue, subject to the lease of said premises to expire May 1st, 1908, and recorded January 13th, 1903, in block series conveyances, Section 9, Liber 43, Page 268, and indexed under block number 2441 on the land map of the City of New York. The purchaser to assume the covenants of the lessor and to make the payments mentioned in the lease.

FOURTH PARCEL.
All that certain plot of land known as lot number one hundred and twenty-two (122) on "Map of Unionport," filed in the office of the Register of Westchester County, said premises being in the Borough of the Bronx, New York County, and bounded and described from said map as follows: Northerly by Sixth Street on said map; easterly by lots 120 and 121 on said map; southerly by Fifth Street on said map; and westerly by Avenue D on said map. Being in length two hundred and sixteen feet and in width two hundred and five feet on said street, be the said several dimensions more or less.
Dated New York, April 27, 1903.
CHARLES F. BLISS, Referee.
GEORGE HILL, Attorney for Plaintiff, 206 Broadway, New York City.





The premises will be sold for cash, free and clear of all incumbrances, except lease above mentioned. Title will be guaranteed to purchaser by Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
Dated New York April 27, 1903.
CHARLES F. BLISS, Referee.
ap27-2aw6wM&Th&my18

Bankruptcy Notices.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB GOTTLIEB, Bankrupt.—No. 5,865.
To the creditors of Jacob Gottlieb of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1903, the said Jacob Gottlieb was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee, No. 67 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 24th, 1903.

NO. 5,767.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARY G. PRICE, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.
To the creditors of Mary G. Price of the County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1903, the said Mary G. Price was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee, No. 45 Cedar Street, in New York City, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.
April 25th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—WARREN E. PRICE, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Warren E. Price, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 23d, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George B. Adams, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 4th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MORRIS S. WISE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 24th, 1903.

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WISSNER PIANOS
Favored beyond precedent by musicians of the foremost rank.
A Large Stock of Second-Hand Pianos, including eminent makers, at very low prices.
BROOKLYN. Cor. Fult'n&Fl't'shAv. | NEW YORK. 25 EAST 14TH ST.
NEWARK. 603 BROAD ST. | JERSEY CITY. 138 NEWARK AV.
BRIDGEPORT, CONN., 1019 MAIN ST.

PEASE PIANOS.
128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY.
The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices ⅓ to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting, Exchanging.

JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
23 EAST 14TH STREET.
New upright, 10 years' warranty..........$150
Decker Bros.' Grand, perfect order..........200
Chickering Upright, $125; Steinway..........290
High-grade Uprights, (used,) $75; Squares...25
New Small Pianos for rent; easy terms.

STURZ PIANOS.
Sold on easy terms direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS AT 142 LINCOLN AVE.
134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.
A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free.
MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.
EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1043—38th.
1569 BROADWAY. Cor. 47th St.

THE PIANOTIST.
The invisible Piano Player. Plays any piano. Any one can play it. Cash or installments. Recitals daily. Warerooms, 123 Fifth Av., nr. 19th St.

$75 Upright Piano.—Chickering; small upright, $40; Mahogany upright, $95. Steinway, bargain. Biddle's, 7 East 14th.

Uprights.—$75, $85, $95, $115; Weber, Gilbert, Chickering, Steinway; bargains; rents, $3. Biddle, 6 West 125th.

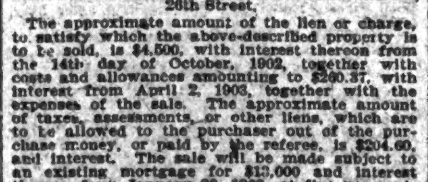
UPRIGHTS $75. $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 103 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 487 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—THOMAS LYNCH, plaintiff, against HUBERT F. FOX, SARAH C. FOX, wife of said Hubert F. Fox, and others, defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, made in the above-entitled action and entered April 2, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, known as number two hundred and eighty-four (284) Tenth Avenue, in the Twentieth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Tenth Avenue, distant seventy-four (74) feet and three-quarters (¾) of an inch northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Twenty-sixth Street with the easterly side of Tenth Avenue, running thence northerly along the said easterly side of Tenth Avenue twenty-four (24) feet eight and one-quarter (8¼) inches; thence easterly and parallel with the said Twenty-sixth Street one hundred (100) feet, thence southerly and parallel with Tenth Avenue twenty-four (24) feet eight and one-quarter (8¼) inches, and thence westerly and again parallel with Twenty-sixth Street one hundred (100) feet to point or place of beginning.—Dated New York, April 3d, 1903.
MAURICE RAPP, Referee.
HENRY C. HUNTER, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 206 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 284 Tenth Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $4,500, with interest thereon from the 14th day of October, 1902, together with costs and allowances amounting to $260.37, with interest from April 2, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $204.60, and interest. The sale will be made subject to an existing mortgage for $13,000 and interest thereon from January 28, 1903, at five per cent. per annum.—Dated New York, April 3, 1903.
MAURICE RAPP, Referee.
ap6-2aw3wM&Th&ap27

Summonses.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—LILLIE BRAND, plaintiff, against ADOLPH BRAND, defendant.—Summons in action for annulment of marriage.—Trial desired in New York County.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, March 12, 1903.
MORRIS KAMBER, Attorney for the Plaintiff. Office and Post Office address, 90 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
To the above-named defendant, Adolph Brand:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 27th day of March, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of April, 1903.
Dated New York, April 11th, 1903.
MORRIS KAMBER, Attorney for the Plaintiff. Office and Post Office address, 90 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
ap13-1aw6w7tM

Bankruptcy Notices.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROSE CLARK, Bankrupt.—No. 5,829.
To the creditors of Rose Clark, of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1903, the said Rose Clark was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 346 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, April 16th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN BRANDT, Bankrupt.—No. 5,849.
To the creditors of John Brandt, of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1903, the said John Brandt was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 346 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, April 20, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—JOHN F. PICKETT, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that John F. Pickett, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 21st, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George B. Adams, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 4th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MORRIS S. WISE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 24th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS HORWITZ, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in Bankruptcy, will sell Wednesday, April 29th, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 113 and 115 Leonard Street, assets of above bankrupt, consisting of boys' and youths' clothing, linings, buttons, woolens, &c. Order of ROBERT C. TEN EYCK, Receiver. PLATZEK & STROOCK, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway.

Spring and Summer Resorts.

NEW YORK.

Health and Pleasure
during the hot summer can be had at moderate cost
IN THE MOUNTAINS
of Orange, Sullivan, Ulster and Delaware Counties, N. Y., on the New York, Ontario & Western Railway. Physicians heartily recommend this region as one of great natural beauty and absolute healthfulness. 2,000 feet above the sea, with Pure Air, Pure Water, Pure Milk. No Malaria or Mosquitoes and within three hours' ride from New York. Send 8 cents for postage to the undersigned, or call and get free at offices below the SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED BOOK, "SUMMER HOMES," of 200 pages. It gives list of over 900 Hotels, Farm and Boarding Houses, with their location, rates of board, facilities, attractions, &c.
On May 29th and 30th Excursion tickets at reduced rates will be sold at 425 Broadway, 1354 Broadway and Ferry offices, giving an opportunity of personally selecting a summer home, and also enjoying a day's fishing in this delightful region. Tickets good returning up to Monday, June 1.
IN NEW YORK: 113, 141, 165, 425, 1354, 1370 Broadway; 3 Park Place; 287 4th Av.; 245 Columbus Av.; 153 East 125th St.; 273 West 125th St.; 182 5th Av.; ticket offices Franklin and 42d St. Ferries.
IN BROOKLYN: 4 Court St.; 860 Fulton St.; 98 Broadway; Eagle Office.
J. C. ANDERSON, General Passenger Agent, 56 Beaver St., N. Y.

Catskill Mountains.

SUNSET PARK INN. (Opens May 28.) FINEST IN CATSKILLS GRANDEST VIEWS.
C. E. LELAND, Mgr. Buckingham Hotel, 5th Ave.& 50th St., N.Y.

Dutchess County.

THE DUTCHER HOUSE,
PAWLING, DUTCHESS CO., N. Y.
Will Open for Guests May 1.
For information address R. C. LOVERIDGE, Manager, Pawling, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY.

Atlantic City.

HOTEL IROQUOIS.
South Carolina Av. and Beach. Capacity 400. Rooms singly and en suite, with bath. Elevator. Sun parlors heated. Table and service unsurpassed. Special Spring rates, $10 to $17.50 weekly. $2.50 and up day. Write for booklet.
W. F. SHAW.

HOTEL PONCE DE LEON.
Virginia Av. and the Beach. Capacity 300. Elevator, steam heat, baths, &c. Spring rates, $10 to $15 weekly; $2 up daily. Booklet.
W. F. SHAW.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Direct Ocean front. Atlantic City, N. J. American and European plans. Open throughout the year. Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. Music. N. Y. Representative, 3 Park Place, 11:30 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Hotel Imperial 9 to 10 A. M., 3:30 to 6 P. M. Telephone 6050 Cortlandt.
C. R. MYERS.

Magnificent New

HOTEL AGNEW
Adjoining Boardwalk. Capacity 300. Special, $15 up, weekly; $2.50 daily; $5.00 over Sunday, including Sea Water Baths, Swimming Plunges, Orchestra, Automobile. Booklet. New York Office, 289 4th Ave. 'Phone 1740 18th; also 3 Park Place.

BERKSHIRE INN
Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City. $8, $10, $12.50, $15 weekly; $2, $2.50 daily during May and June. Unobstructed view. Elevator, steam heat, hot and cold baths free. Capacity 300. Table and service the finest. Booklet.
J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

HOTEL STRAND
Atlantic City, N. J.—The Strand is a new, modern fireproof hotel, overlooking the world-famed Boardwalk and ocean; centrally located; sea water baths; booklet. Booking representative, J. L. TRENCHARD, at Hotel Wellington, 55th St. and 7th Av., daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

HADDON HALL,
Atlantic City, N. J.
This well-known hotel remains open throughout the year. Golf, yachting, driving, riding, the ever famous boardwalk, &c. Illustrated Booklet. N. Y. office, 289 4th Av. 'Phone 1740—18th.

THE ST. CHARLES,
on the Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.
Open throughout the year. Luxurious and modern. Capacity, 400. 50 private baths with sea-water attachments, showers, &c., attached to single rooms and suites. Magnificent sun parlor overlooking Boardwalk and Beach. Golf privileges. Write for booklet.
NEWLIN HAINES, Formerly of the Chalfonte.

HOTEL TRAYMORE.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Remains open throughout the year. Every known comfort and convenience for Winter guests. Golf privileges. Running water in bedrooms. TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.
D. S. WHITE, President.

HOTEL ELWOOD.
Absolutely new fire-proof hotel at St. James Place and the beach. Ocean view. Capacity, 200. Elevator; rooms en suite with bath, steam heat. etc. May and June, $10 to $17.50 weekly. Booklet. Smith & Boxarth.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND,
South Carolina Av. and Beach. Finest location. Modern high-class hotel; capacity, 350. Rooms en suite, with private bath. Elevator, sun parlor, &c. Excellent cuisine. Special Spring rates.
BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL COLUMBIA,
Directly on the Boardwalk. Every room ocean view. Unexcelled in appointments. Elevator, etc. Reduced Spring rates. Booklet.
R. R. JOHNSTON.

THE LORAINE.—On the Beach, St. Charles Place. Fresh and sea water baths. Elevator. Special Spring rates.
SAML. WAGNER & SON.

ACME. Kentucky Av., near Beach; comfortable family house; modern improvements; terms reasonable. Mrs. G. W. Stoddard.

THE BREXTON, Corner Pacific and Michigan Avs. Special Spring rates.
J. A. MYERS.

NEW ENGLAND.

Connecticut.

EDGEWOOD INN,
Edgewood Park.
Greenwich (On-the-Sound) Conn.
Will Open Wed., May 27, for the Summer season.
A beautifully located Resort Hotel for select patronage. All rooms en suite with private baths and strictly modern conditions and furnishings. Careful service in all departments.
A new casino for indoor amusements; superior stable equipments and "auto" quarters; golf links; tennis courts; good music, and a multitude of well-kept walks and drives through picturesque country. Easy distance from popular Golf and Yacht Clubs.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.
At Laurel-in-the-Pines, Lakewood, N. J., until May 15.

Massachusetts.

WYCHMERE (CAPE COD)
Harwich, Mass.; beautiful seashore cottages, rented furnished; bathroom, fireplace, excellent water, hot, cold; delightful climate; long season. Cape, 505 West 124th St.

Country Board.

Boarders Wanted, (Berkshire Hills.)—Country residence; all modern improvements; shady lawns, spacious verandas; table and service excellent; own vegetables; terms moderate; special rates to parties. Rates, references, &c. Mrs. E. E. Lynd, Lyndwood, Poestenkill, N. Y.

Highland-on-Hudson, opposite Poughkeepsie.—A quiet home for elderly people, invalids, and convalescents; house has modern improvements; extensive grounds. For references and terms address Box 257, Highland, N. Y.

East Orange.—With refined private family; house all modern improvements; fine grounds and trees; telephone; close to Erie station; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Call, by appointment only, 24 Brighton Av.

Sewaren, N. J.—New York 45 minutes; excellent accommodations for gentlemen; near water and depot; boating, bathing, and fishing; good board, $6 and $7. Homestead.

At New Rochelle.—Portman House, Pelham Road, near Centre Av.—Fine rooms; beautiful outlook; large grounds; directly on the water; boating, bathing, and fishing.

Upper Montclair.—Few guests desired in handsome private home; fine grounds; tennis, golf; references. Box 43.

Surrogate Notices.

JORDAN, CONRAD N.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CONRAD N. JORDAN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of Edward D. O'Brien, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 12th day of October next.
Dated New York, the 27th day of March, 1903.
SIDNEY S. JORDAN, Executor.
EDWARD D. O'BRIEN, Attorney for Executor, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. mh30-1aw6mM

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

Everybody's Going to Europe!
We're ready! Are you?
30 Parties, all included, $225 to $1,000.
Don't want a party? Very well; we sell tickets for every European steamer and railroad you can find.
THOS. COOK & SON.
Down town, 261 Broadway, cor. Warren St., N.Y. Up town, 1185 Broadway, cor. 28th St., N. Y.

CLARK'S NORWAY-RUSSIA CRUISE, $225 UP
by specially chartered North German Lloyd express S. S. Kaiserin, 9,500 tons, July 2, 42 days; first class, shore trips, hotels, guides, drives, included, visiting Christiania, Copenhagen, Stockholm, St. Petersburg, (Moscow,) Berlin, &c. Optional side trips all over Europe. Absolutely no overcrowding; only the main dining room to be used.

Vacation Excursion, July 2, at $240
to London, Brussels, Paris, &c., by same steamer, with Rhine, Swiss, and Italy side trips; also a trip June 27 by S. S. "Columbia," $260.
FRANK C. CLARK, III Broadway, New York.

Hamburg-American.
FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service

Bluecher, Apr. 30, 9 AM	Waldersee, May 16, 9AM
Deutschland, May 7, 2PM	A. Victoria, May 21, 10AM
Pretoria, May 9, 4 PM	Bluecher, May 28, 5:30AM
F. Bism'ck, May 14, 10AM	Penn'vnia, My30, 8:30A.M

S. S. Deutschland
Record Voyage, 5 days 7 hours 38 min.
SAILS MAY 7, JUNE 4, JULY 2, SEPT. 15.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Phoenicia..May 7, 2 PM | *Ravenna, May 16, 2 PM
*Ravenna belongs to Nav. Co. "Italia."
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
Offices, 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

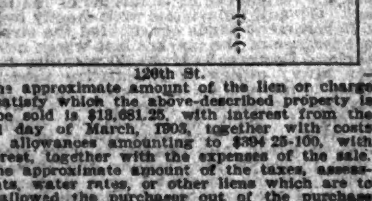
WHITE STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

Celtic....Apr. 29, 7 AM	*Victorian, May 12, 6A.M.
Oceanic....May 6, 2 PM	Teutonic..May 13, Noon
Cymric....May 8, 3 PM	Germanic, May 20, Noon

*Liverpool direct, $40 and up, 2nd class only.
Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

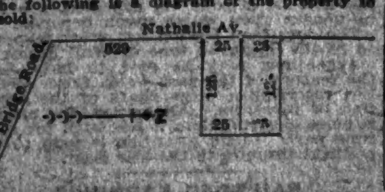
Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—HENRY D. TIFFANY et al., plaintiffs, against LYMAN TIFFANY et al., defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, bearing date the 25th day of March, 1903, duly made and entered in the Clerk's office of the County of New York, in the above-entitled action, I do hereby give notice that on the 1st day of May, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon, in the Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will expose for sale, and sell at public auction to the highest bidder, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the following real estate, described in said judgment as follows, viz.:
"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point in the easterly side of Sixth Avenue distant fifty (50) feet and four (4) inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of Sixth Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street; thence running easterly at right angles to Sixth Avenue and through the centre of a party wall seventy-five (75) feet; thence northerly and parallel with Sixth Avenue sixteen (16) feet and six (6) inches; thence westerly at right angles to Sixth Avenue and through the centre of a party wall seventy-five (75) feet to the Sixth Avenue, and thence southerly along Sixth Avenue sixteen (16) feet and six (6) inches to the point or place of beginning, be said and either of said several courses and distances a little more or less. The said premises being at present known by the street number 2,124 Sixth Avenue, in the said City of New York, and being the premises sold and conveyed to Mary L. Tiffany by R. Clarence Dorsett by deed bearing date the third day of June, 1880."
The name of the said street "Sixth Avenue" has since been changed, and is now known as Lenox Avenue, the present street number of the above-described premises being 324 Lenox Avenue.
Dated New York, April 9th, 1903.
REUBEN H. UNDERHILL, Referee.
DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $13,681.25, with interest from the 23rd day of March, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $394 25-100, with interest, together with the expenses of the sale.
The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, water rates, or other liens which are to be allowed the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $1,375.96, with interest and penalties.
Dated New York, April 9th, 1903.
REUBEN H. UNDERHILL, Referee.
DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, No. 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
ap10-2aw3wF&M&ml

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—MARY E. PARSONS, plaintiff, against RICHARD W. HUTCHINSON et al., defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 8th day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:
All those two certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-fourth Ward of the City of New York, and known and distinguished on the map of 16 villa sites and 80 lots, being a portion of the Anthony estate, on the Heights of King's Bridge, 24th Ward, New York City, made by John G. Van Horne, Esq., Civil Engineer and City Surveyor, dated October 8th, 1890, and filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on October 29th, 1890, as map Number 175, as lots Numbers Nineteen and Twenty, and which taken together are bounded and described on said map as follows: On the north by lot Number Twenty-one, on the east by villa site K, on the south by lot Number Eighteen, and on the west by Nathalie Avenue, said lots being each in width twenty-five (25) feet front and rear, by one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet in depth on each side, be said several dimensions more or less.—Dated New York, April 9th, 1903.
REGINALD H. WILLIAMS, Referee.
CRANE & LOCKWOOD, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 46 Wall Street, New York.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $6,684.16, with interest thereon from the 8th day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $282.50, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $815.82 and interest.—Dated New York, April 9th, 1903.
REGINALD H. WILLIAMS, Referee.
ap9-2aw3wF&M&ap30

Surrogate Notices.

THOMPSON, CHARLES H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES H. THOMPSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 8 West Twenty-eighth Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of February, 1903. LEO SWATTS, D. W. MARTIN, Executors. f9-1aw6mM

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

North German Lloyd.
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken

K.Wm.II...Apr.28, 4 PM	Kronprinz, June 9, 3 PM
Kronprinz, May 12, 4 PM	Kaiser....June 16, 10 AM
Kaiser....May 19, 10 AM	K.Wm.II...June 23, 3 PM
K.Wm.II...May 26, 4 PM	Kronprinz, July 7, 3 PM

THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS
S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."
707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER.
SAILS APR. 28, MAY 26, JUNE 23, JULY 21.
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.

Kurfuerst, Apr. 30, noon	Kurfuerst..June 4, noon
*Neckar.....May 7, 1 PM	Bremen...June 11, 10 AM
Luise.......May 14, noon	Luise....June 18, 10 AM
Friedrich...May 21, noon	Friedrich, June 25, 10 AM
Barbarossa, May 28, 11AM	Barbarossa, July 2, 11AM

*To Bremen direct.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
From Pier 24, ft of Amity St., Brooklyn.

†Weimar....May 2, 11 AM	†Weimar, June 13, 10 AM
K. Albert...May 9, 3 PM	K. Albert, June 20, Noon
Lahn.......May 16, 11 AM	Lahn....June 27, 10 AM
P. Irene....May 23, 3 PM	P. Irene....July 4, 1 PM
Hohenzollern, June 6, 2PM	Hohenz'n, July 18, 11AM

†Naples, Genoa only.
OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N.Y.
Louis H. Myer, 45 South Third St., Phila.

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.
St. Paul...Apr. 29, 10 AM | Phila....May 13, 10 AM
New York, May 6, 10 AM | St. Paul..May 20, 10 AM

RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Vaderland, May 2, 10 AM | Zeeland...May 16, 10 AM
Kroonland, May 9, 10 AM | Finland...May 23, 10 AM
Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway, N.Y.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.
Minnetonka, May 2, 9 AM | Minn'ha, May 16, 8:30 AM
Minneapolis, May 9, 4 PM | Mesaba...May 23, 9 AM
New York—London via Southampton.
MENOMINEE..........................May 2, 9 A. M.
MARQUETTE..........................May 22, 9 A. M.
MANITOU.............................June 5, 9 A. M.
ALL MODERN STEAMERS, LUXURIOUSLY FITTED WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE. ALL STATEROOMS AMIDSHIPS on UPPER DECKS. FIRST CABIN PASSENGERS CARRIED FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON. FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY TO 1 BROADWAY.

ANCHOR LINE
Glasgow and Londonderry.
Columbia...May 2, noon | Anchoria..May 16, noon
Ethiopia....May 9, noon | Furnessia..May 23, noon
First saloon, $50 to $100.
Second Cabin, $35 and up; third class, $26 and up.
For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

CUNARD LINE.
TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.
From Pier 51, North River.
*Aurania, Apr. 28, 4 P.M. | Ivernia, May 16, 9 AM
Campania, May 2, 9:30AM | Etruria, May 23, 2 PM
Umbria, May 9, 2 P. M. | *Aurania, May 26, 3 P.M.
*Do not carry saloon passengers.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
New Twin-Screw Steamers of 12,500 Tons.
NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE.
Sailing Wednesday at 10 A. M.
Ryndam..........Apr. 29 | Potsdam..........May 20
Noordam.........May 6 | Statendam........May 27
Rotterdam.......May 13 | Ryndam...........June 3
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS
by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured.
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 25 Union Square.
'Phone 6060—18 St. New York.

"LA VELOCE." Fast Italian Line. Sailing every Tuesday to Naples, Genoa. Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 29 Wall St.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West.
Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26 N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M.
H. B. WALKER, Vice Prest. & Traffic Manager.

Excursions.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS!!!
At lowest possible rates for first-class fares. Send for particulars of Atlantic City, Niagara Falls, Natural Bridge, and Luray Caves, Va.; Stamford, (Catskills;) Washington, D. C.
Independent and party travel to EUROPE. Send for our booklet, "To Europe."
T. H. Hendrickson's R. R. Steamship & Tourist Off., 343 Fulton St., B'kly.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
STATIONS FOOT OF WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.
☞The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.
7:55 A. M.—FAST MAIL.—Limited to two Parlor Cars and Dining Car New York to Pittsburg. Sleeping Car Pittsburg to Chicago. No coaches to Pittsburg.
8:55 A. M.—FAST LINE.—Pittsburg and Cleveland.
9:55 A. M.—PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Compartment Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.
1:55 P. M.—CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.
5:55 P. M.—ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Welch, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)
5:55 P. M.—WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.
7:55 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.
8:25 P. M.—CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Cincinnati.
WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.
7:55, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 3:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 3:20,) (3:25, "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sunday, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 8:55 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.
NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 3:25 P. M. daily.
CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week days and 4:55 P. M. daily.
FOR OLD POINT COMFORT AND NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week days and 8:55 P. M. daily.
ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 3:55 P. M. week days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, and Standard Coaches on week days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.
CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week days.
For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) 8:55 A. M., 12:10, 3:25, 4:55, and 11:25 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,) 9:00 A. M., 12:20, 3:40, 5:10, and 11:30 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M.
FOR PHILADELPHIA.
6:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 6:20,) 7:25, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 (9:55, Penna. Limited,) 10:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car,) 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55 (Dining Car,) 3:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 3:20,) 3:25, 3:25 (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sundays, 6:10, 7:55 (Dining Car, no coaches,) 8:25, 8:55, 9:55 (Limited,) 9:55, 10:55 (Dining Car,) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55, 2:55, 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25, 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.
Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1,354, 111, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue, (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.
Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.
W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
4-12-1903.

LEHIGH VALLEY.
Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. [illegible]
*Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible]

	Lv. N. Y.	Ar. N. Y.
Buffalo Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mauch Chunk Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mauch Chunk and Hazleton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wyoming Valley Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Easton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	[illegible]	[illegible]

* Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 113, 261, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y.; 860 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 98 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn. N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.
THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.
Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:
North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at [illegible] A. M., 2:45, 3:30, 9:15, 11:30 [illegible] 125th St. to receive passengers [illegible] leaving Grand Central Station [illegible]
All southbound trains, except [illegible] tury" and the "Empire State [illegible] Nos. 38 and 80, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.
12:10 A. M.—*MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 3:55 A. M., Troy 6:30 A. M.
7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30 A. M.—†EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:45 P. M.
8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.
10:30 A. M.—†DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 7:15 A. M.
11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:55 P. M.
12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis [illegible] 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.
1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED, 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. [illegible]
2:45 P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and [illegible]
3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7 P. M.
3:35 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED, 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:25 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:30, Chicago 4:30, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. [illegible] to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
6:35 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.
7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL. Due Buffalo 7:35 A. M., Niagara Falls 8:45, Toronto 10:00 A. M.
9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL. LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.
9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL. Due Cincinnati 7:[illegible], Indianapolis [illegible] P. M., St. Louis [illegible]
9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. 34 hours by Michigan Central [illegible] by Lake Shore.
11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE [illegible] Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, [illegible] Detroit, and Chicago.
*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.
HARLEM DIVISION.
9:05 A. M. and 3:35 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sundays at 9:[illegible] A. M.
Pullman cars on all through trains.
Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.
Ticket offices at 113, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 153 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.
Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE
BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND
Via Springfield and the
BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD.
(N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)
Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:30 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.
Leave Boston †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:14 A. M.
Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.
A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.
(New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)
Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St.
*7:10 AM—for interm. points to Albany.
†11:20 AM—(1) Saratoga & Mohawk Val.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:25 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
†3:45 PM—(2) For Hudson River points to Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Clev'd & Chicago.
†7:45 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & Chicago.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Detroit, &c.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leave Brooklyn Annex (1) at †10:45 A. M., (2) at [illegible]; leave Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at 11:10 A. M., (2) at †3:25 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.
A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.
Liberty Street and South Ferry. Time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)
EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN AND MAUCH CHUNK—a4:00, (7:10 Easton only,) 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 5:00, (5:40 Easton only) P. M. Sundays, a4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:00 P. M.
WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—a4:00, 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 5:00 P. M. Sundays, a4:25 A. M., 1 P. M.
LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—a4:00, [illegible] A. M., 1:30, (3:40, a4:10 Lakewood and Lakehurst only,) 5:00 (a5:30 Lakewood only) P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M.
ATLANTIC CITY—†9:40 A. M., †3:40 P. M.
VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—a4:00 A. M., †1:30 P. M.
LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT, AND SEA SHORE POINTS—a4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 3:40, 4:45, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:00 A. M., 4:00 P. M.
PHILADELPHIA (READING TERMINAL)—a*4:25, †7:00, †8:00, *9:00, †10:00, †11:00 A. M., †12:00, *1:00, †1:30, †2:00, †3:00, *4:00, [illegible] †6:00, †7:30, †9:00 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—[illegible] *10:30, *11:30 A. M., *1:00, *2:40, *[illegible] *9:25 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—‖4:00, a8:25, [illegible] ‖‖0:10, (10:00, 11:00 A. M., Reading only,) ‖1:00, ‖1:20, †2:00 P. M., Reading, Pottsville and Harrisburg only, †4:00, †5:00 P. M.
aFrom Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only. ‡Parlor cars only. ‖Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 113, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 98 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.
W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. M. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass. Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL, PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY., and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.
Leave South Ferry. Liberty St. [illegible]

Balto., Washington..	*8:25am.	†8:30am.	[illegible]
Balto., Washington..	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	[illegible]
Balto., Washington..	*11:25am.	*11:30am.	[illegible]
Balto., Washington..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	[illegible]
"Royal Limited"..	*3:55pm.	*3:40pm.	[illegible]
Balto., Washington..	*4:55pm.	*5:00pm.	[illegible]
Balto., Washington..	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	[illegible]
Balto., Washington..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	[illegible]

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 113, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 98 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.
Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg...	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.
Chicago, Columbus...	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.
Pittsburg, Cleve...	*3:55pm.	*3:40pm.
"Pittsburg Limited"	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*10:25am.	*10:30am.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.
Norfolk	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only.
Offices: 113, 261, 434, 1300 Broadway, 391 Grand St., 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

Travelers' Guide—Steamboats.

JOY LINE $1.25 to Providence. First Class Service.
Fast and elegant Steamers leave New York daily excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St. Telephone, 3063 Franklin.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.
Steamer ADIRONDACK or DEAN RICHMOND leaves Pier 32 N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M. daily. (Sundays excepted.) Direct connections made with express trains North, East, and West.
EXCURSION $2.50.

TROY BOATS. "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leave West 10th St. Pier daily 6 P.M. except Saturday. Direct connections at Troy for all points North and East. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY.

CATSKILL, HUDSON AND COXSACKIE LINE.
Leave Pier 43, N. R., every week day [illegible]

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 111 Broadway:

By Philip A. Smyth, partition sale, John J. Delany, referee, 1,367 Madison Avenue, east side, 25 feet south of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Street, 19 by 75, three-story brownstone-front dwelling; Ninety-eighth Street, north side, 205 feet east of Third Avenue, 100 by 100.11, vacant; Ninety-eighth Street, north side, 325 feet west of Second Avenue, 25 by 100.9, vacant; 2 Prospect Place, northwest corner of Fortieth Street, 18.6 by 75, three-story brownstone-front dwelling.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, John P. Schuchman, referee, 425 East One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street, north side, 20.3 feet east of Third Avenue and extending through to Third Avenue at the rear, 22.6 by 71 and irregular, one and two-story frame buildings. Due on judgment, $8,724.

By James L. Wells, foreclosure sale, Frederick W. Neumann, referee, Crotona Avenue, east side, 54 feet north of One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street, 100 by 120, vacant. Due on judgment, $1,503.

City Real Estate for Sale.

NEW
American Basement Dwellings,
500 AND 508 WEST 84TH ST.
Full five stories, with bath extension, 2 baths and all improvements.
Price, UNDER $28,000 each.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
284 COLUMBUS AVENUE,
Exclusive Sales Agents.

$30,000—W. 126th St., 5-story triple flat, steam heat, near subway station; bargain.
$31,500—W. 135th, near Lenox Av., 5-story double flat, cold water, fine location; rent $3,250.
$37,000—W. 117th St., near 5th Av., 6-story apartment, steam heat, no elevator; rent $7,700. Other bargains. Schur, 154 East 80th St.

Great Bargain.—Fine 7-room detached house, all improvements, perfect condition, good neighborhood, 5c. fare, worth $2,500; must be sold; price $1,900; small cash payment. Thomas F. Hayes, 320 Broadway, Room 702.

Foreclosure Bargain.—Eight-room detached house; lot 50x100; all improvements, good neighborhood; 5c. fare to Park Row; worth $3,500; price $2,500; small cash payment. Jas. Graham, 320 Broadway, New York.

2 5-story single flats near 3d Av. L station; all improvements and good condition; lots 102 deep, with gardens; $4,000 cash, rest mortgage. Inquire owner, 214 East 75th St.; no agents.

Investment—Church St., near Franklin; 50x100; 5-story elevator building; rents over $14,000; mortgage $125,000 4½; asking $175,000; might exchange. N. B., 197 Times.

118th St., West of Lexington Av.—Lot 27x85x100; 4-family flat, 14 rooms on floor; rent, $2,200; mortgage $14,000; $21,000. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

$3,700 buys a beautiful detached, handsomely decorated house, with sanitary plumbing, porcelain-lined bathtub; full lot; handy to cars, Botanical Gardens. Open Sunday. Polak, 3d Av., corner 174th St.

Bargain.—5-story business property on Willis Av., 25x85x100; all improvements; price $32,000; mortgage $15,000 at 4½%; rent $3,500. E. M. Phelps, 380 Willis Av., near 143d St.

Most complete 2-family houses, splendid location, restricted neighborhood, near west side elevated railroad; express trains; terms easy. Jones, Ogden Av. and 169th St.

Bargain.—5-story double flats, 25x85x75, 5 years built, in choice location; price $15,000 each; rent $1,700; terms to suit. E. M. Phelps, 380 Willis Av., near 143d St.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
494 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING, APPRAISING. MORTGAGES SECURED.

For Sale.—4 lots on 163d St., 200 feet from Southern Boulevard; also 4 on 153d St., 90 feet from Southern Boulevard. James Glynn, Owner, 400 E. 117th St., N. Y.

Amsterdam Av., in the eighties; 5-family flat; large store; lease expires next September; will be sold reasonable. Particulars of John Cowen, 2,326 Broadway.

110th St. apartment, 50 feet front, price $55,000; mortgage 4½; rental $2,062. Ullman, 502 Willis Av.

Block 34 lots, bounded Barker-Elliott Avs., Bridge-Union Sts., near Park and trolley; high, dry, cheap. Keating, 156 5th Av.

The most elegant two-family brick and stone houses ever built in New York; Clay Av., near 166th St., three blocks west of 3d Av.

Cottages, 7 rooms, bath, near elevated, trolley; $3,500. McQuay & Co., Smith Bldg., 148th St. and 3d Av.

Elegant flat, modern improvements, (new,) 27x101, near Grant's Tomb; $36,000; rent, $3,768. John Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

159, 4-story, high-stoop dwelling, stone front, East 12 rooms; price, $17,500; terms to suit. 66th St., W. J. Roome, 11 West 34th Street.

Attractive modern house, Irving Place, in perfect order; latest improvements; rent, $1,800. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Lexington Av., corner, near 125th St.; one tenant 21 years' lease; pays 10 per cent. net. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Desirable plots; east side, below 23d St., and Ninth Ward; tempting prices. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

11th St., East.—Five-story tenement, 25x103; price $30,000; rents, $2,300. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

For Sale.—Dwelling, flat, and apartment houses; also plots for improvements. Knox McAfee, 146 West 23d St.

Desirable residence, Washington Square to 12th St., inclusive, near 5th; $22,000 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

A.—Tenements, all sections, showing 8 to 20 per cent. net investments. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Sale, quick purchaser; modern double tenement, West 51st, $26,500; rents, $3,506. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Bargain!—Plot 100x210, 182d and 183d Sts., Southern Boulevard; easy terms. Ullman, 502 Willis Av.

Modern four-story high-stoop house; 66 West 88th St.; rent, $1,600. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Three residences, between 8th and 12th Sts., near 5th; sacrificingly low prices. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Real estate office contents, books, maps, and property for sale, $1,000. Room 16, 60 Liberty.

Lots and investment property below 14th St. Bargains. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

Bargain.—$12,000; dwelling, 25th, near 7th Av.; easy terms; $1,000 rent. Ames, 122 West 34th.

Bronx.

If you are looking for a home in The Bronx, examine the Johnson houses; houses for one, two, and three families, of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to the Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 156th St., and walk east to the Johnson houses. Write for descriptive booklet. Geo. F. Johnson & Sons, Owners and Builders, P. O. address East 156th St., Bronx Borough, N. Y.

Residence southwest corner 176th St. and Monroe Av.; beautiful large, fine, Mount Hope corner residence for sale or to rent, cheap; containing 14 large, light, airy rooms and baths; also fine, large, light, airy stable on premises; 3 stalls; large lawn, with fruit trees and grape vines; nine large piazza around house. Simons & Moersfelder, No. 145 Avenue D.

Sale or Rent.—Handsome brick private dwellings; cabinet finished, parquet floors throughout; no carpets necessary; steam heat and hot water; streets have city improvements paid for; on line of extension of rapid transit; lots will double next two years; always open. H. U. Singhi, 184th St. and Jerome Av.

$5 MONTHLY, $425 UP.
Bronx lots, few blocks from L station; also ... Address L Box 108 Times Office.

Bargain.—Plot 100x210, 182d and 183d Sts., Southern Boulevard; easy terms. Ullman, 502 Willis Av.

[illegible]—Two-family house; eleven rooms, two baths; might exchange for suburban. Wells, [illegible] Lafontaine Av.

[illegible]—Fine 6-story double flat on avenue; little cash necessary. Stricker, 2,050 3d Av., [illegible] St.

Real Estate.

Horace S. Ely & Co.
REAL ESTATE
Announce their removal to their new building,
No. 21 Liberty St.,
Near William St.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Miscellaneous.

[illegible] farms for sale; good, improved farms; land is level and soil black loam; near church, and markets; $30 to $60 per acre; prices advance. For list and pictures address John M. Cannon, Land Agency, [illegible], Iowa, Box 303.

New Jersey Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

Long Branch
NEW JERSEY
50 Trains Daily. *50 Trains Daily.*
The Most Beautiful and Famous Resort in America.
ONLY 45 MILES FROM NEW YORK AND BUT ONE HOUR AND TEN MINUTES BY RAIL.

LONG BRANCH has long been known as the most beautiful Summer resort of this country. The journey from New York is but a brief one, over the unsurpassed roadbeds of the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Central Railroads. Through vestibule and chair cars are on all expresses, and no more luxurious or pleasant journey can be found. The Sandy Hook route of the New Jersey Central R. R., in addition to its celebrated steamers "Monmouth," "Sandy Hook," and "St. Johns," has just launched the "Asbury Park," which is the fastest and most luxuriantly appointed steamer leaving New York Harbor. This trip down the Bay and through the Narrows will in itself invigorate and cheer the business man after the cares of the day. Long Branch has splendid asphalt and macadam streets. The roads from Long Branch to Asbury Park, Atlantic Highlands, and the Rumson Road to Seabright are the most perfect in the world. No roads in the world can surpass these for bicycling and automobiling. The Ocean Speedway of over five miles, along the only bluff on the Atlantic Coast, is one never to be forgotten. The bathing in this vicinity is famous the world over, and is considered the most safe along the coast. Religious edifices of all denominations conveniently located. Chattle High School and the school system of Long Branch have long been noted and used as model by the prominent educators of the country. The West End, Hollywood, Howland, Scarborough, Elberon, and Imperial Hotels are unexcelled. TWO OF THE FINEST GOLF LINKS IN AMERICA. Long Branch cottages have all the modern improvements, electric lighting, baths, perfect sanitary arrangements, fully furnished, and the following may be rented very reasonably for the Summer. Bureaus of Information open daily from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., Room 59 N. Y. Times Bldg. and 129 W. 125th St., where photographs and all information can be secured.

DILLER COTTAGES. Morris Ave. W. E. Diller.
BELARIA. North Long Branch. Mrs. K. Byron.
HUNT COTTAGES. Chelsea Ave. Mrs. Hunt.
ARUNDLE COTTAGES. Chelsea Ave. Mrs. Philip Daly.
DOBBINS COTTAGES. Sea View Ave. John Connors.
BARHAM COTTAGE. Bath Ave. Woodward & Co.
TICE COTTAGE. Sea View Ave. Mrs. J. Tice.
THEO. HOWLAND. All Long Branch Cottages to Rent.

KILLKEE. North Long Branch. Mrs. Kate Byron.
JOHN DALY COTTAGE. Chelsea Ave. Jas. Fay.
TERHUNE COTTAGE. Chelsea Ave. Henry Terhune.
CUBBERLY COTTAGE. Morris Ave. L. Cubberly.
ALMARE. North Long Branch. Mrs. K. Byron.
LANE COTTAGE. Garfield Ave. Geo. Lane.

JAS. HOEY COTTAGE. Cedar Ave. C. Van Nete.
FERNS COTTAGE. Cottage Place. Miss Annie Ferns.
LANNING COTTAGE. Bath Ave. Jno. Lanning.
MORRIS COTTAGE. Bath Ave. Benj. F. Morris.
TOWNLEY COTTAGE. 2d Ave. A. R. Townley.
RYAN COTTAGE. Chelsea Ave. J. Ryan.
BARRETT COTTAGE. Bath Ave. A. L. Wheaton.
EMANUEL & CO. Cottages to rent at Long Branch.

IN THE ORANGES, A GENTLEMAN'S HOME,
MODERN IN EVERY PARTICULAR. Situated on corner in first-class neighborhood; elevated situation; broad outlook; 18 rooms, 4 bathrooms and toilets; coachhouse and stable; fine old shade; 7 minutes from two stations; a perfect home; price, $50,000. Photographs with
PHILLIPS & WELLS, Tribune Building, N. Y.

Furnished country seat; every improvement; 18 large rooms; adjoining other beautiful places; among wooded hills; adjacent Morristown; 750 feet altitude; purest spring water; stable for five horses; man's apartments; unusually attractive and healthful; moderate rental; bargain price. Condict, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

Locust, N. J., on North Shrewsbury River, Near Stone Church Station.—To let, 12-room cottage; high ground; furnished; hot and cold water; bath, laundry, furnace, stable; 4 acres lawn and shade; select location; near golf grounds. A. H. Mathews, 82 Nassau St.

$1,000.—New four-room stone cottage, detached kitchen, barn, with fourteen villa plots (50x150,) plenty shade, fruits; high, healthy; fine view; hour via Erie; same location, five-room cottage, ½ acre, $850. Bewen, 70 Worth St., or Montvale, N. J.

MADISON.
New Tudor Gothic stone residence, 14 rooms, 3 bathrooms, steam heat, open fireplaces; everything modern; park surroundings; spacious grounds. Dickinson Condict, 34 Pine St.

At Montclair, N. J.—To let, house, 9 rooms, all improvements; convenient to station; deep lot; rent to desirable tenant, $400; possession at once. Clarence B. Tubbs, opp. Lackawanna station, Montclair.

West Hoboken.—Elegant residence, 11 rooms, bath; all improvements; attractive grounds, 50x100; stable; bargain to quick buyer. Apply J. W. Schelhorn, 470 Palisade Av., cor. Shippen St., West Hoboken, N. J.

Upper Montclair, N. J.—For sale or rent, nine-room house; all improvements; $50 a month; plans and pictures. Room 801, 320 Broadway, New York. Telephone 490—Franklin. Occupancy April 25th. Owner.

For Sale, Montclair.—House, 9 rooms, all improvements; lot, 200 feet deep; 3 minutes from station; price, $4,250. Clarence B. Tubbs, opp. Lackawanna station, Montclair.

$3,500—OLD homestead, 43 acres, 16-room house; orchards, stream; other bargains. DE GROFF, Montvale, N. J.

Brooklyn Real Estate for Sale.

PROSPECT PARK SOUTH

Negative Virtues and Some Positive Ones.

We do not erect "builders' houses"—we employ an architect.
We do not consider diamond paneled ceilings and jig-saw grilles as the acme of refinement in domestic architecture.
We agree with Russell Sturgis in his condemnation of what he calls "squirt-gun" decoration.
We are not greatly enamored of either the "Queen Anne" or "Mary Ann" types of house architecture, although the one is as good as the other.
In street and yard decoration we can get along with very little coleus and without carpet bedding entirely.
We have no use for any of the "flat" features in a house.
We build houses for people of individuality and who stand on their own feet. If you are in that class, we can give you a delightful afternoon and we will enjoy your society whether you buy or not.
Come in and have a chat about it. Flatbush L train, Park Row to Beverley Road in 22 minutes.

DEAN ALVORD,
Owner,
256-257 Broadway, New York

FLATBUSH, $8,500—$350 DOWN And $50 per month WILL BUY very beautiful new detached house; BEST SECTION; near park and elevated railroad; LARGE GROUNDS; house contains ELEVEN LARGE ROOMS, 2 baths; hardwood floors and trim; superbly decorated; EXAMINE this and compare with $10,000 houses; can be seen any TIME. C. S. OSBORN, 1,087 FLATBUSH AV.

ST. MARK'S AVENUE.
Handsome parlor floor, dining room, fancy brick dwelling; every improvement; natural trim; price, $13,500; mortgage, $7,500; want offer. John Ohnewald, 186 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Bensonhurst.—For sale, new modern Colonial Dwelling, twelve rooms, tiled bathroom; all hardwood, hot water heating; five lots; choice location; two blocks from water. Address Finest Suburb, Box 142 Times.

Bargain.—Two-family brick dwelling; two sets improvements; 11 rooms; good location; price, $3,750; terms easy. Mee & Co., 3d Av., 80th St., Brooklyn.

$3,850 buys 820 Bergen St., near Grand Av.; 4-story, 2-family dwelling; all improvements except bath; full lot; possession given; desirable surroundings; house open.

For houses, flats, and apartments, stores for sale or to rent, send for our printed list. Frank H. Tyler, 1,183 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Westchester Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

"Harbor Heights" Lots $100
$5 MONTHLY. NO ASSESSMENTS.
In Mamaroneck. Near Station. High Elevation.
Gas, water, electric light. Warranty Co., 115 B'way.

New Rochelle.
To let, for the month of May, furnished country residence; horses, cow, garden, flowers. Telephone 431A, New Rochelle.

Port Chester.
PORT CHESTER, N. Y.
Property for sale or to rent. Apply AUSTIN & MERRITT, Ryan Building, Port Chester.

White Plains.
30 acres, stone's throw of White Plains station; 22-room dwelling and barns; $40,000, or 10 acres and improvements, $25,000, or 4 acres, with improvements, $15,000. Box 471, White Plains.

For Sale—At White Plains, near station, 12 acres. If interested, see Conlon, agent; no letters.

Two-family dwelling; 8 minutes from station; $5,500. Box 471 White Plains, N. Y.

Yonkers.
To rent, fine 12-room modern residence; rent moderate. William Gaul, 266 South Broadway, Parkhill, Yonkers.

Real Estate for Exchange.

A two-family brick house, all impts.; price, $7,500 for lots and cash. Losere, 871 Brook Av.

ATLANTIC CITY If you have Atlantic City in mind As a Renter or Buyer of
Cottages, Boarding Houses, Hotels or Real Estate,
We can offer you the best and greatest variety and at right prices. Write, call, or 'phone,
C. J. ADAMS CO.,
Successors to ISRAEL G. ADAMS & CO.
2, 4, 6, 8 Law Building,
Phone 71 A. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Short Hills, N. J.—15-room house; all improvements; stable and two acres ground; four minutes from station and casino, one mile from Baltusrol golf grounds; cash price $20,000, free and clear; will exchange for west side dwelling, not over $35,000. Edward D. Palmer, 179 Columbus Av.

Montclair, N. J.—Furnished cottage for Summer; 9 rooms; all improvements; convenient location; piazza and shade; rent, $60 per month. C. B. Tubbs, 5 Beekman St., N. Y., and opp. Lackawanna station, Montclair.

To close estate, will sell 4 building lots at Summer resort; one hour and ten minutes from New York City, at $5 each; payable $1 down, $1 weekly. Trustee, Box 23 Times.

At Nutley.—Nine-room Colonial house in perfect order; all improvements; delightful location; $500 year to acceptable tenant. George Hill, owner, 26 Union Square.

Upper part of country house to let; 8 rooms, bath; acre garden; stable; fruits and shady trees; monthly ticket; fare 30 cents round trip. L. E., Box 33, Menlo Park, New Jersey.

Englewood.—To rent, furnished, Summer, attractive 12-room house; open plumbing; fine grounds; best location. Gorham & Jackson, Englewood, N. J.

$1,500.—Elegant seven-room house, half acre of land, and hennery, located at corner of Maple Av., Eatontown, N. J., near Long Branch; terms to suit purchaser. E. M. Michaelis, 206 B'way.

For Hackensack property or Bergen Co. farms apply to Romeyn & Demarest, Real Estate dealers, Hackensack, N. J.

At Rutherford, N. J.—Desirable houses to rent or for sale. A. W. Van Winkle & Co.

Long Island Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

Lane
Beaver Dam Road
230 ACRES, large modern house, old oak and walnut groves, plenty Fruit, Bathing, Boating, Fishing, nearly 1 mile water front.
Great South Bay
Bay View Av.
W. S. HAWKINS, Brookhaven, L. I.

FLUSHING, LONG ISLAND.
Handsome large house, with two baths; exposed plumbing; hardwood floors; best location; with automobile barn; furnished, $1,500; unfurnished, $1,200.
LAWRENCE B. ELLIMAN, Owner.
520 5th Av. Tel. 2578—38.

BEST BUILT FRAME HOUSE IN FREEPORT! 10 rooms, including bath; sanitary plumbing, gas, furnace heat, cellar high, dry, concreted and plastered; walls filled with brick; very handsomely decorated ceilings; corner plot 100x175, with shade and fruit, shrubs, and flowers; 3 to 4 minutes' walk to station; fine order; $5,150. Mortgage to suit. H. P. LIBBY, FREEPORT, L. I.

Handsome corner property, in perfect condition; 11-room Queen Anne house, all improvements except electric lights; large stable and carriage house; fine lawns and bushes; plot 150x175; 5 minutes to station; $6,700. Mortgage arranged. H. P. LIBBY, FREEPORT, L. I.

AT BABYLON AND WEST ISLIP, L. I.
Most accessible place on South Shore; 37 miles out; 50 trains daily; express station. Furnished cottages to rent. Desirable property for sale. Illustrated list. Jeremiah Robbins, Babylon, L. I.

$1,500 for 3 acres, with house, barn, &c.; fine location, near bay and river; other cottages, farms, &c. Valentine & Reeve, Brook Haven, L. I.

Huntington Station.—33 acres, comprising 392 lots; closing estate; $3,300. Particulars, Jones, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Cottages, furnished, $175 to $800 season; barns, splendid grounds, water fronts. George Herrmann, Centre Moriches, L. I.

Adjacent beautiful bay; restricted lots, $225; refined surroundings; golf, sailing; city limits. Owner, 732 Crescent, Astoria.

For Sale—Nice 8-room cottage, out buildings, fruit and shade; price $900. W. S. Hawkins, Brookhaven, L. I.

Elmhurst, L. I.—Corner plot, excellently located. Wm. Henry Gardiner, 222 East 33d St., New York.

Real Estate Wanted.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED.
Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St.; 'phone 1919 Harlem. Branch, 119 Nassau St., 'phone 660 Cort.

A.—A.—$10,000 to $75,000 to invest; prefer five-story 10 or 15 family flats or cold water tenements; what have you to offer? Call or send full particulars; office hours 8:30 to 11 A. M. F. E. Mainhart, 145 West 125th St.

ONTEORA PARK, Catskills.—For particulars regarding furnished cottages and accommodations at the Bear and Fox Inn, apply to Stuart & Ward, Real Estate, telephone 2,305—18th St., 41 Union Square, New York.

Have buyer for 4 or 5 story flat in Bronx or Manhattan; mail full particulars. F. M. Wilson, 3d Av. and 138th St., S. W. cor., Room 15.

Tenements and flats wanted on lease for term of years; bond or cash security. Mulvihill, 1,001 Lexington Av.

Wanted, to lease, high-class furnished city hotel; good location; excellent security. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Wanted!—Private houses below 42d St., for sale or rent. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

Owners wishing to lease tenement houses send all particulars by mail to G., Box 188 Times.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Miscellaneous.

Shore Fronts and Cottages.
A plot of 60x100; cottage overlooking the ocean, two minutes from trolley; in the city of New York, yet far enough out from the noise of the thickly settled part. Price, $550. Terms: $50 down, balance in six years. Address L., Box 170, New York Times.

For the Summer, desirable country house, with bath, fully furnished, to let; about three acres of ground, with garden fronting on lake. Stable and carriage house; healthy location; good fishing and boating; north side of Long Island. Full particulars of F. E. Davidson, 141 Broadway, New York City.

For 30 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue. Owners, send us details of your property. Phillips & Wells, 832 Tribune Building, N. Y.

MURRAY BAY, CANADA.
TO RENT FOR SEASON, FULLY FURNISHED COTTAGE, "BLAIRVOCKY," FINEST SITUATION; 7 BEDROOMS; RENT $500. DUDLEY TIBBITS, TROY, N. Y.

Atlantic Highlands, Navesink Beach, Normandie; furnished cottages for rent. F. A. Morehouse, 128 Liberty St., N. Y.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—New York State.

Catskill Mountains.—Delightful Summer residence for sale, 2,5000 feet elevation; cottage, nine rooms and bath; completely furnished; large piazzas, garden, fruit trees, tennis court, fine forest trees; near clubhouse and good livery; photo. Apply M. Wanders, 342 East 9th St.

Nyack-on-Hudson.—For sale, shore fronts, farms, country seats, hotels, fine limestone and cement quarry on the river; furnished and unfurnished houses for rent. Apply to J. Eckerson Demarest.

To Let, Furnished—10-room cottages at both New Rochelle, N. Y., and West Arverne, Rockaway Beach, L. I. Owner, E. R. FEGAN, 26 White St., New York City.

Rockland Lake.—House, seven rooms, attic, furnished; 3 acres; barn, fruit, shade, bathing, boating, fishing; $2,800; season, $150. Schedler, 71 Park Place, N. Y.

Catskill.—Grand Hotel Station—Furnished cottage, 10 rooms, bath; open plumbing; hardwood floors; only $350 season. E. B. Rice, 281 4th Av., New York.

A cottage, with 18 rooms, fully furnished; two miles from Phoenicia; bath, &c., in the house; $100 a month. H. S. Kissam, 156 Fifth Av.

Farm for sale cheap; 101 acres, house, large barns; Sullivan County. John Kensett Kellogg, 80 William St., N. Y. City.

Real Estate at Auction.

R. E. SIMON, AUCTIONEER.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
will sell at public auction
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29TH, 1903,
at 12 o'clock, noon,
at the N. Y. R. E. Salesroom, 111 B'way,
EXECUTORS' SALE
by order of the Executors of the estate of
FANNY HENDRICKS, DEC'D.
NO. 61 GREENWICH ST.
Fronting also on Edgar St. & Trinity Pl.
4-sty. building on lot 28x57.4x27.8x63.10.
32 and 34 OLD SLIP.
2 4-sty. buildings, on lots 31.10x23.5x32.4 each.
221 and 239 W. 62d St.
2 5-sty. tenements, on lot 25x100.5 each.
For maps apply to J. J. & A. Lyons, Attys, 76 William St., or the Auctioneers, 156 B'way.

D. PHOENIX INGRAHAM, Auctioneer.
Supreme Court. Partition Sale.
Will sell at auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway,
TUESDAY, APRIL 28, AT NOON.
616 3D AV., 24X80, STORE and TENEMENTS; ALSO,
Myrtle Avenue, Flushing, Long Island, 2 lots, each 25x175, bet. Brewster and Parsons Avenues.
For particulars apply to the Auctioneers, 115 Broadway. Telephone 2481 Cortlandt.

New England Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

CHEAP CONNECTICUT FARMS.
FOR SALE.

100 acres, new house, barns	$4,000
70 acres, ½ mile to station	2,800
1½ acres, 7-room house, brook	850
11 acres, village residence, brook	2,650
50 acres, ½ mile to station	2,700
18 acres, house, barn, brook	1,700
5 acre, 6-room house	750
9 acres, house, small barn	1,200
5 acres, 10-room house, barn	1,500
50 acres, fine view, 10-room house	7,800

FOR RENT.

12 acres, house, barn, per mo.	$10
8 acres, house, modern improvements, per mo.	30
80 acres, house, barns, fruit, shade, furnished, for season	300

Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d Street, W. D. DeGarmo, Norwalk Hotel, Norwalk, Conn.

THE BALESTIER ESTATE, BRATTLEBORO, VERMONT.
This beautiful residence, three miles from Brattleboro, Vermont, upon an elevation commanding a fine view of the Connecticut River Valley and the New Hampshire hills, is offered for sale. Good buildings, meadows, forests, brooks; an ideal place for a country residence or a clubhouse. Address Geo. C. Averill, President Vermont National Bank, Brattleboro, Vermont, or Phillips & Wells, Tribune Building, New York City.

Country villa in Connecticut, overlooking Long Island Sound; 17 acres, running to water's edge; stable fitted with latest conveniences, apartments and bath for stableman; all of the finest; for sale at a great bargain. Apply to Bradley & Currier Co., 119 West Twenty-third St., New York City.

AT STAMFORD.
An ideal all-year gentleman's house; 2½ acres; new 15-room residence; every improvement; stable attached; most select section; property cost at least $150,000; will sell ridiculously low; best of reasons for selling. Lovejoy & Noyes, 66 Cedar St.

Wilton, Conn.—14-room house; barn; 70 minutes out; $5,500; partially furnished house; stable; 3 acres; price, $1,500. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

TO RENT, YORK CLIFFS, MAINE.—My Summer home on the ocean, near Passaconaway Inn; modern in every respect. Address J. H. CHITTENDEN, 35 Nassau St., Manhattan.

Riverside-on-Sound, Conn.—Attractive residence; conveniences, large shady lawn, garden, fruit, near depot, harbor, yacht club; $7,000. J. Atwater, owner, 52 Liberty St.

Farm Bargains.—Litchfield County, Conn., and Berkshire County, Mass.; 50 farms for sale; 15 acres to 600 acres; from $400 to $10,000. Write for list. J. H. Smith, Station A, Winsted, Conn.

Summer Home, Dublin, N. H.—Modern conveniences; six fireplaces; good stable; lake frontage; fine groves; situation unsurpassed; $1,200. Mrs. Monroe, 261 West 100th St.

For Sale—Farm, pleasantly located, Southern Berkshire; plenty fruit, fine water, buildings good; terms reasonable; sold to close estate. Address E. A. Bronson, Sheffield, Mass.

For sale or to let for the season, at Norfolk, Conn., Dunedin, situated on Maple Av.; well furnished and in perfect order. Apply to Richard W. Rogers, 238 Lincoln St., Flushing, N. Y.

To Let at Norfolk, Conn.—The beautifully furnished residence of Miss Thompson, on Laurel Way, near the Hillhurst. Apply to Richard W. Rogers, 238 Lincoln St., Flushing, N. Y.

Wilton, Conn.—12-room furnished house; stable and grounds; rent season, $275. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Country estates and farms for sale and lease. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Queens Borough.

FLUSHING, NEW YORK CITY.
$[illegible] cash, $32.50 monthly pays all; price, $4,250; beautiful new modern house, nine rooms and bath, large attic; all improvements; hardwood finish; plot, 50x100; five minutes from depot, 17 minutes to 34th St. Ferry; neighborhood restricted. John Dayton & Co., Broadway and 14th St., Murray Hill Station.

Dogs and Birds.

SCHILLING'S ZOOLOGICAL STORE, TELEPHONE 4121B SPRING.
Just received a new consignment of Japanese spaniels, males and females, the finest lot ever come to New York, 3 to 6 lbs. heavy; price, $75 to $200 each; corded poodles and white toy curly poodles, $15 each; also on hand talking parrots, canaries, all kinds of monkeys, snakes, rabbits, cavies, pigeons, and squirrels; the largest Zoo Store in New York. Write for price list. E. H. Schilling, 28 Cooper Square, opposite 5th St.

Real Estate for Sale.

PRICE, $5,500; $500 down; $50 monthly.
Write or call for free tickets and illustrated booklet.

Grantwood-on-Hudson
Opposite Grant's Tomb.
THIS Two-story and attic house, large reception hall, parlor, dining room, cove ceiling, and centre pieces; kitchen on first floor; kitchen supplied with range, hot and cold water, porcelain sink, &c.
Second Floor: Contains 4 large, airy sleeping rooms, bath, numerous closets. Bath room furnished with porcelain bathtub, marble-top basin, toilet, medicine closet.
Cellar: Contains laundry tubs, coal bins, Richardson & Boynton's Perfect Furnaces.
This house has large attic, fine porch; complete, with all modern conveniences; situated on a plot 50 by 100 feet; with sewer, water, electric light, stone-flag walks and curbing, assessments for which are fully paid.

Columbia Investment and Real Estate Company,
St. James Building, Broadway and 26th St., Phone 1847 Madison.

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Wall Street Exchange Building,
NOS. 41 & 43 WALL STREET,
Extending through the block to Nos. 43, 45, 47 and 49 Exchange Place.
Safe Deposit Vaults, Banking Rooms and
10 Floors will be ready May 1, 1903
25 Floors, 10 Elevators. Building always open. Perfect System of Lighting, Ventilating and Heating. Vacuum system of Cleaning installed.
THE STATE SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS AND THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA will move into this building on or about May 1, 1903.
Plans and particulars at 41 & 43 Wall St.
A. J. Murphy, Managing Agent.

6 AND 8 WEST 22D ST.,
Near 5th av.,
FIRST FLOOR & OFFICES;
ALSO IN
JEFFERSON BUILDING,
6th av. and 23d st.,
LOFT AND OFFICES.
Inquire H. J. SACHS, 119 West 23d St.

17-23 Rose St., 11-15 Vandewater St.
With or without steam power. Various sizes; well lighted. Equipped with automatic sprinklers.
ENGINEER, 15 Vandewater St.

To Let, 126 West 34th St.
Stores, floors, offices; studio suitable for photographer; all improvements. Robt. Colgate, Harold F. Sutton, 46 Cedar St. 'Phone, 2,077 John.

LARGE LIGHT, MODERN OFFICES
one block from Produce Exchange, New Custom House, and Battery; modern conveniences; lowest rents obtainable for such accommodations down town; $300 to $1,000 per annum. Apply on premises, 36 and 38 Whitehall St., Cor. Pearl.

RENT REDUCED
Store, 264 Pearl St., cor. Beekman.
D. PHOENIX INGRAHAM & CO., 115 B'way.

No. 78 Bowery, Near Canal.—First-class, six-story; fine, light basement, 25x100; or store and basement separate; lofts immediately; elevator. Wm. F. Nisbet, 66 New St., or your own broker.

A.—1,269 3d Av., near 72d St.—Large Store and Basement; good location; near "L" station 72d St.; for many years a grocery; rent, $900. Firm L. J. Carpenter, 1,181 3d Av., nr. 68th.

328 West 41st St., near 8th Av.—4 upper lofts, 25x100; good light; low rent; possession. JOHN P. KIRWAN, Broadway, corner 44th St.

BULKHEAD, WITH 19 LOTS.
Also, corner lots East 30th St.; also, large lofts on South St. Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 131 East 34th St.; elevator, heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Attractive offices, north light, 836 Broadway, corner 13th; elevator; rent, $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Three very light, attractive, connecting offices, 105 East 17th St.; rent, $30. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Buildings, stores, lofts and offices to let in nearly all down-town streets. Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO.
FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS.
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An office to let, one flight up, 19 Beekman St., near Nassau. Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

AMES & CO., 122 WEST 34TH ST.
FACTORIES, LOFTS, STORES, BUILDINGS. COMPLETE LIST.

38 East 113th St.—Corner store, suitable drug, meat market, any business. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

2,279 1st Av.—Store, with plate-glass front, suitable any business, $18. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Elegant parlor floors, 49-55 West 28th; reduced rent; also upper floors and single rooms. Brill, premises.

Office room, light and commodious, furnished; three elevators; Wall St.; $30. Address W Box 131 Times Office.

LOFTS OR FLOOR SPACE TO LET,
313-319 WEST 43D ST. APPLY
ON PREMISES. BROKERS PROTECTED.

Large, light loft to let, with or without power. F. H. Graf, 329 Seventh Av.

Desk Room.
44 Pine St., Room 603.

92 West St.—5-story warehouse; possession at once; $1,200 rent. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Country Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

RENT REDUCED
108 W. 133d St. 3-story Dwelling.
D. PHOENIX INGRAHAM & CO., 115 B'way.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished, desirable locations; rents, $1,200 to $5,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

A desirable private house; reasonable rent; 157 East 115th St., near Lexington Av.; very accessible location.

Business Opportunities.

For sale, to close partnership, a grain elevator in Chicago; one million bushels capacity; water and rail facilities; value, $300,000; $200,000 will buy it; easy terms. Geo. D. Gregory, 91 West Madison St., Chicago.

INVENTORS MAY HAVE THEIR PLANS PERFECTED free of charge. PLAIN TALK FREE. CHAS. H. DAVIDS, M. E., Pat. Att'y, 261 B'way. Formerly Chief Mechanician for MR. EDISON.

$200 to $500 invested in company now forming will realize enormous returns; your interest demands strict investigation; world-wide monopoly. John Joyce, Box 113 Times, New York City.

Silent partner wanted; $1,500 required; positively safe; double your money in 4 months; will bear strict investigation. L. B., Box 172 Times.

Collections.—An energetic young attorney solicits claims for collection; no charge unless successful. Address Lawyer, Box 209 Times Office.

Printing, cheap, good, quick, handy; 1,000 billheads $1.50, with artistic engraving. Fulton Press, 23 Duane St.

Ground-floor proposition open to acceptable party investing $500; large profits can be safely and surely made. Morse & Co., 6 Wall St.

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Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 207 8th Av.

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Billiard and Pool Tables; solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1850, 105 East 9th St.

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Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 480-486 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving, packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned. Second up. Telephone 587—Melrose.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. 340 Columbus. Est. 1875.

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NEW ELEVEN-STORY APARTMENT HOTEL, NON-HOUSEKEEPING SUITES.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
1, 2, 3 and 4 ROOMS and BATH.
Cuisine a Special Feature.
SEVERAL SMALL BACHELOR SUITES | READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

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New High Class Apartments JUST COMPLETED.
The Marjorie & The Teresa
241 to 247 West 113th st.
CLOSE TO 7TH AV. DRIVE
These houses are located in the most desirable private house section on the upper west side; they contain many new innovations not found elsewhere.
All night elevator and hall service. Uniformed attendance.
Suites of 7 and 8 light rooms and two baths.
Rentals From $950 annually to $1,200 annually.
Descriptive Booklet on Application.
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THE STRATFORD,
Northwest Cor. 115th St. and Lenox Av.
New Elevator Apartment House,
5-6-7 Rooms and bath.
Every improvement.
Rents $480 to $780.
PORTER & CO.,
159 W. 125TH ST.
B'WAY, AT 104TH ST.

ELSINORE,
564 WEST 161ST STREET, NEAR AMSTERDAM AVE.
Superb new apartment house just completed under new building law, insuring beautiful large, light rooms; no shafts; decorations and appointments unsurpassed; desirable Suites 6 and 7 rooms and bath, electric light, telephone, elevator and hall service. RENTS $40 TO $60.
TOCH REALTY CO., OWNERS.

FERNLEIGH HALL
51 to 55 East 129th St.
Near Madison Avenue.
NEW MODERN APARTMENTS,
Consisting of 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath. Every Room Perfectly Lighted and Ventilated.
The most accessible apartment house in the city. Hardwood finish throughout. Electric light, telephone, all-night elevator and hall service. Rich decoration. Rents moderate. Booklet on application. Apply on premises.

THE ANTOINETTES,
48 TO 58 EAST 58TH ST.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSES.
One block from Savoy and Netherland Hotels.
Suites, 6 to 8 rooms; 2 baths.
Modern and up to date in all their appointments.
RENTS $1,200 TO $1,800.
Owner on premises.
HERTER REALTY CO.

A SIX-ROOM FLAT, $22.00.
Six rooms and bath; handsomely decorated throughout; halls newly carpeted; very handsome entrance; hot-water supply; rent free to May 15th. 105 West 98th.

A 5-ROOM FLAT, $18.
Handsome entrance, newly decorated; hot water supply; rent free to May 15th. Agent, 105 West 98th St.

Apartment, unfurnished, to let, No. 150 East 83d St.; 9 large, light, airy rooms and bath, with detached dining room and kitchen; private entrance to this apartment; with all the latest improvements and decorations; rent, $900.00 per year. Inquire of Simons & Moersfelder, owners, No. 145 Avenue D.

Jefferson, (324 to 328 West 51st St.,) ready for occupancy; handsome new apartments, suites 4, 5, 7, and 8 rooms; elevator service; uniformed attendants; $45 to $85. Superintendent on premises, or Alexander Wilson, 480 5th Av. Tel. 2915—38th.

Union and University Club Members.—Why pay high rents when high-class, attractive apartments at low rates are so near your club headquarters? Call and examine 101-107 West 54th St.; two rooms and bath; electric light; all improvements. Wm. Henry Folsom, 24 East 23d St.

225 West 61st St.—4 large rooms; tubs and gas; rent, $9-$10. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Brooklyn.
Reduced rents, $28 to $30; cannot be duplicated for $45; corner apartments; steam heat and hot water supply; fireproof halls; 6 all light rooms and tile bath; Decatur St. and Howard Av.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

MUST SUBLET AT ONCE, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED APARTMENT.
Family obliged to leave city will sacrifice new eight outside rooms; elevator, electric lights; handsomely decorated; furnished; asking $75. Apply 244 West 104th St.

Six light rooms, overlooking Riverside Drive and Hudson, handsomely furnished; electric light. Colton, 330 West 95th St.

To let, from May to October, pleasant, airy apartment; rent, $50. 208 West 85th St.

Brooklyn.
Furnished, for Summer months, an apartment of 8 outside rooms and bath; within five minutes' walk of bridge, also Wall and Fulton St. Ferries; splendid view of harbor; elevator; rent nominal; references. Address H. W. Beecher, Craige Clare, New York.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Reduced Rents, Desirable Dwellings
CALL OR SEND FOR LIST.
PORTER & CO.,
159 W. 125TH ST.
2,737 B'WAY AT 104TH ST.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Beautiful furnished house, West 11th St.; recently decorated; hardwood floors; 9 rooms, bath, and butler's pantry; rent, $1,800; May 1st. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Apartment Hotels.

HATFIELD HOUSE,
103 East 29th St.
NEW, FIRST-CLASS
FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOTEL.
Suites of 1 to 5 rooms, with bath.
Furnished and unfurnished; also, studio.
25 per cent. reduction for Summer.

Patents.

Advice free; patents promptly procured; inventors' guide free. Edgar Tate & Co., Patent Attorneys, 245 Broadway.

Surrogate Notices.

SCHUMANN, CHARLES WILLIAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES WILLIAM SCHUMANN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 257 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of June next.
Dated New York, the 4th day of December, 1902.
CHARLES WILLIAM SCHUMANN, Jr.,
GEORGE HENRY SCHUMANN,
Executors.
WEEKES BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executors, No. 45 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. d5-law6mM

Boarders Wanted.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with or without board; references. Leland Board Directory, 2 West 33d St.

33d St., 123 West, (Station Block.)—Handsome, desirable room; every convenience; also single room; good board; references.

33d St., 250 West.—Extra fine room, with board, for young gentlemen; $10. Holton.

36th St., 60 West.—Pleasant front alcove room, dressing room; also hall room; convenient cars, park; reference.

37th St., 62 West.—Large, pleasant second and third floor front rooms; $12 and $14; references.

120th St., 161 West.—Nicely furnished front room for two gentlemen; also hall room; with board; references.

An unusually fine second floor, handsomely furnished, with board, on 44th St., between 5th and Madison Avs. G. L., Box 78 Times Office.

Gramercy Park, 1, Corner 21st St.—Large second-floor room; table board; privilege of park; references.

Lady employed can find excellent home, private family, detached house, piano, [illegible], cool, convenient; terms moderate. Barnett, 2,911 19th Av., Brooklyn.

Lexington Av., 362, Corner 70th St.—Handsome, large room; private tiled bathroom attached; excellent table; American; telephone.

Madison Av., 482.—Now ready to make arrangements with parties for Fall and Winter board; one second-floor room and third-floor suite; references.

Furnished Rooms.

24th St., 10 East.—Entire third floor, with baths; also second-floor front room; references.

48th St., 134 West.—Beautiful large alcove room, newly furnished; doctor, dentist, or gentleman.

58th St., 71 West.—Two handsome rooms, singly or en suite; private bath; meals optional; references.

97th St., 146 West.—Newly furnished square room; suitable for one or two gentlemen; references.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Kaake, 1,186 Broadway.

Dancing.

Adults guaranteed perfect glide waltz in six private lessons for $5 at Howe's private school, Harvard Building, 722 6th Av., between 41-42 Sts.

Watches and Jewelry.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 5 Maiden Lane.

Help Wanted—Females.

Bookbinders—Handfolders, pasters, and coverers. Eugene C. Lewis Co., 218 William St.

Help Wanted—Males.

Wanted—Competent railroad machinists and boilermakers for out of town; good wages. Apply between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. to Geo. R. Thomas, No. 31 Coenties Slip, one flight up.

Wanted—Engineer to attend regular meeting M. E. B. A. No. 33, Webster Hall, 11th St., near 3d Av., Tuesday evening, April 28th, election.

Wanted—Masons; 10 or 12 men; only those accustomed to laying random coursed stone work upon houses or barns need apply, at 31 West 125th St.; wages, $4 per day. J. C. Rodgers.

Wanted—Engineers, licensed, tugboat, to take places New York Harbor May 1. J. L. J., Box 165 P. O., New York City.

Wanted—Intelligent office boy. Box K 141 Times Office.

Young men to prepare for Government positions; good salaries. Box 570, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Professional Situations Wanted—Females.

Secretary, &c.—Position to go abroad as Secretary and companion by well-educated young woman with best city references as to experience, character, and standing. T. E. F., Teachers College.

Employment Bureaus.

Wanted—Competent maid; English preferred; must be accustomed to the care of a large wardrobe. Call Monday, Miss Wild, 28 West 23d St.

Chambermaid and laundress, $20; general houseworker, $20; nurse, $20; cook and laundress, $22; chambermaid and waitress. St. Bartholomew's Bureau, 211 East 42d St.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Cooks.
Nurse.—By Protestant woman to wait on invalid lady; accustomed to traveling; a good sailor and packer; moderate wages. 10 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn; ring twice.

Day's Work.
Day's work wanted. Mrs. Healy, 846 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn.

Dressmakers.
Dressmaker.—Parisian dressmaker, accustomed to finest work, wishes some at home; willing to take orders and fit at customers' residences; references. Ernestine, 367 West 35th St.

Laundresses.
Laundress.—By competent laundress in private family; no objection to country; no cards. Can be seen for two days at present employer's, 40 5th Av.

Waitresses.
Waitress.—A lady wishes to place her waitress disengaged May 1. Apply, Monday and Tuesday, between 10 and 12, at 16 West 50th St.

Caretakers.
Caretaker.—A painter would take care and put house in first-class shape over Summer; 20 years' experience; reference. Painter, 1,362 3d Av.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Bookkeepers.
Accountant will straighten out, audit, open, close, or post books, prepare statements; terms moderate. Expert, Box 146 Times Office.

Miscellaneous.
Attendant or Nurse—To invalid; highest references of employers and prominent physicians. Frank Reichhardt, 349 West 35th St.

Painter, paperhanger; paints rooms first-class, $1; city or country; reliable. Painter, 223 East 59th St.

Surrogate Notices.

KING, PATRICK.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to ANNIE RIGNEY, Kate Cooney, Teresa Manning, Peter King, Mary Burns, Bridget King, Peter King, Mary King "Doe,"—the name "Doe" being fictitious, her real name being unknown, daughter of Michael King, deceased, brother of Patrick King, deceased, and each, every, and all the husbands, sons, and daughters of the said Mary King "Doe" and their descendants, if any, whose respective names, ages, and places of residence are unknown, and each and every and all of the husbands, wives, and widows of said respective children of the said Mary King "Doe," and their descendants, if any, whose names, ages, and places of residence are unknown, and all the heirs and next of kin, devisees, executors, and administrators, if any, of the said Mary King "Doe," and of the children of the said Mary King "Doe," and their descendants, if any, who have died, whose names, ages, and places of residence are unknown, and all other persons who are heirs at law and next of kin of PATRICK KING, late of the County of New York, deceased, or in any way interested in his estate, whose respective names, ages, and places of residence are unknown, send greeting:

Whereas, Margaret King and John F. Burns have lately petitioned our Surrogates' Court, of the County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date the 20th day of February, 1903, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Patrick King, late of the County of New York, deceased.

Wherefore you and each of you are hereby cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 9th day of June, 1903, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian if you have one, or if you have none to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent you and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, [L. S.] a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 24th day of April, 1903.
J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
ap27-law6wM

SCHNUGG, JOHN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN SCHNUGG, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Quackenbush & Wise, No. 20 Pine Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 5th day of June, 1903.—Dated New York, the 28th day of November, 1902.
FRANCIS J. SCHNUGG,
ANNA M. KLEMANN,
MARIA A. KOCH,
Executors.
QUACKENBUSH & WISE, Attorneys for Executors, 20 Pine Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. d1-law6mM

THREATENS MAJOR EBSTEIN

Clergyman Tells Congregation He Will Seek His Removal.

The Rev. Dr. Myers Says Deputy Police Commissioner and Inspector McLaughlin Are Unfit for Office.

From his pulpit in the Baptist Temple, Brooklyn, last night the Rev. Dr. Cortland Myers made a second attack upon the local police for failing, as he claimed, to do their duty against pool sellers and other gamblers in the borough. The preacher fiercely assailed Deputy Police Commissioner Ebstein, accusing him of untruthfulness and declaring him to be unfit for office. He intimated that he would take steps to have the Deputy Commissioner and Inspector McLaughlin removed from office if they persisted in denying that the conditions existed as he claimed.

The clergyman in the course of his talk said that it appeared to him that, as the poolrooms were allowed to run, money was being paid for "protection." He also took occasion to praise District Attorney Clarke as a conscientious, courageous official. The fact that Dr. Myers was to talk again on gambling drew a great crowd to the church, and his remarks were vigorously applauded.

When the statements of Dr. Myers were repeated to Deputy Commissioner Ebstein last night his face took on a pained and tired expression.

"Those statements," he said, "are on a par with what Dr. Myers has been saying. I prefer not to dignify them by making serious reply to them."

"He says that you are not fit for office, and talks of taking steps to have you removed," was suggested.

"As to my fitness for office, that is something for the Commissioner of Police and not Dr. Myers to determine," replied Major Ebstein. "The Commissioner has the authority to remove me if he should think it fit to do so. I am not losing any sleep over that nor over anything that Dr. Myers is saying, however."

"Dr. Myers intimates that money is being paid to somebody by the gamblers," Major Ebstein was told.

"I regard that statement as being beneath my notice," said the Deputy Commissioner. "The police in Brooklyn are doing their full duty against gamblers as well as all other evildoers. I am wholly satisfied as to that, and am not disturbed by any idle talk to the contrary. I never, as he says, received a list of gambling places from Dr. Myers, or any communication from him."

Since Dr. Myers made his charges from his pulpit three weeks ago, five alleged "handbook" men have been indicted by the Kings County Grand Jury and arrested. The preacher was summoned before the Grand Jury and examined as to his charges. The information he gave is said to have been gathered by agents of a society of which he is an officer. In his sermon last night Dr. Myers referred with satisfaction to these indictments.

"I have been asked," said Dr. Myers in his sermon, "why I did not give that list of poolrooms to the Police Department before making it public. We gave them a similar list some time ago. It was placed in the hands of the present Deputy Commissioner. It was torn up or pigeon-holed and not one of the places was ever closed. There are witnesses to prove this statement if ever questioned. They knew of scores of poolrooms, and any citizen with his eyes open knew of them."

The preacher continued his criticism, saying, "What an outrage on taxpayers and lovers of honest government and good society!"

After the sermon Mr. Myers was seen and asked when he first gave Deputy Commissioner Ebstein the list of poolrooms referred to by him. He hesitated some time and then said:

"A list containing the addresses of eleven poolrooms, together with the names of their proprietors, was handed to Major Ebstein by a representative of mine in the office of the Society for the Enforcement of Criminal Law. I am the Vice President of that society."

"Will you give the name of the 'somebody' who, you say, is taking money?" was asked.

"I'd rather not answer that question now," he responded. "The whole matter will come out later, for we are in this fight to stay and to win."

When he was informed that Commissioner Ebstein had said that he would not dignify his statements, Mr. Myers said:

"Well, I guess that before we get through he will be willing to discuss our statements."

CLERK HELD FOR $20,000 THEFT

William J. Pick Spent Much Money on His Young Wife, Who Unwittingly Betrayed His Whereabouts.

William J. Pick, a young man who for four years past has been in the employ of the jewelry firm of Gattle, Ettinger & Hammel, 68 Nassau Street, was arrested yesterday by Central Office Detectives McVey and Caddell, charged with having stolen $20,000 worth of jewelry and money from his employers. According to the detectives Pick admitted his guilt in Pittsburg, where he was apprehended, and from where he returned to New York of his own accord.

Suspicion was first directed to Pick a short time ago when a customer visited the jewelry store and asked to have a ring exchanged. The customer said that he had bought the ring of Pick, which Pick denied. It was then discovered that there had been no record of the sale made, and the firm refused to make the exchange. Up to that time there was no suspicion against Pick, the firm believing in his integrity and willing to give him the benefit of every doubt. Soon after this incident Pick went to lunch and did not return. An examination of his books and the stock, it is said, showed that about $20,000 was unaccounted for.

The police were notified. At Pick's home, where he and his young wife lived in splendid style, Mrs. Pick said that she did not know where her husband was. Mrs. Pick was married to the stock clerk about a year ago. She had been a chorus girl in one of the Broadway productions. Pick, it is said, spent much money on her, giving her diamonds and enough money to dress in fashionable style. They had the reputation of being a very affectionate and devoted couple.

When Mrs. Pick left the house and went to Pittsburg, her old home, the detectives followed her. As they suspected she would do, she joined her husband there. The young man came to New York with the detectives and on his arrival at the Cortlandt Street ferryhouse of the Pennsylvania Railroad he was arrested and taken to Headquarters.

Mrs. Pick accompanied her husband to Headquarters and bade him an affectionate farewell just before he was locked up. She then went back to the railroad station and is said to have returned to Pittsburg. Pick will be arraigned in the Tombs Court this morning.

TROLLEY CAR BUMPS A TREE.

Load of Passengers Shaken Up—No One Sent to Hospital.

While moving rapidly on the road to North Beach last night a car jumped the track and crashed into a tree by the roadside. The car, an open one, was badly wrecked and about thirty-five persons who were in it were bruised and cut. When the car came to a sudden stop against the tree, they were hurled about, over seats and out onto the street. No one was seriously hurt and only a few sufficiently to require a doctor's care. None was taken to the hospital and all left for home.

The car left the Ninety-second Street ferry bound for North Beach with a load of young people going to the beach. Joseph Sullivan, the motorman, said that without warning the car suddenly left the rails, and, turning sharply, brought up against the tree. He was hurled over the dashboard, but escaped with bruises.

The accident occurred at Flushing and Shore Avenues, less than a quarter of a mile from the beach, and a crowd soon gathered. Those hurt were assisted to the nearest hotel, and an ambulance was called from St. John's Hospital.

Farewell Dinner to Chinese Consul.

Some of the Orientals in the Chinese Diplomatic Service had a private dinner at Reisenweber's Circle Hotel, at Eighth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street, last night. There the mandarins who have had charge of the Consular affairs of the Celestial Empire in this city bade adieu to Consul Tsong Chow Kwong, Wu Cho Poi, and Launchu Chow, who are to return to China, and to Chow Tzsschi, recently Chargé d'Affaires for Cuba and who has been appointed First Secretary of the Chinese Legation at Washington by Sir Liang Chen Tung. There were no formal speeches.

MURDER SUSPECT LET GO.

Dr. Weston Performs His Own Autopsy on Robbins, Assisted by Dr. McGill.

Coroners' Physician Weston, who on Saturday criticised Dr. E. L. McGill of the City Hospital on Blackwell's Island for performing an autopsy on the body of Leon Robbins, performed an official autopsy yesterday and reported that the man had died of blood poisoning. Two direct causes for the blood poisoning are given—a fracture of the ribs and an injury to the right leg. Dr. Weston says that the man had a slight fracture of the skull, but that it did not in any way contribute to his death.

"The history of the man's case was very incomplete," said Dr. Weston, "and I do not know what caused the injury to the leg, but it is reasonable to suppose that it was received during the fight in which his other injuries were sustained. The theory that the man was bitten by an insect is not plausible. The leg was badly bruised and inflamed, but there were no indications of a bite.

"I think that the blood poisoning from the leg and from the ribs set in about the same time. Dr. McGill assisted me in the autopsy and we agreed on that point. Everything possible was done to save the man's life at the City Hospital, but the blood poisoning had set in at the time he was first taken there from Gouverneur Hospital."

Marx Margolin, the printer, of 16 Rutgers Place, who was arrested in connection with the case, was arraigned before Magistrate Breen in Essex Market Court yesterday morning, the charge against him being that the police of the Eldridge Street Station believe him to be a suspicious person in connection with the death of Leon Robbins.

Margolin swore that he was not one of the men in the fight at the time that Robbins met his death injuries. He positively denied having been out of his house any night early this month after 11:30 o'clock at the latest. On his assurance to respond to a call should the Coroner desire his presence at an inquest Magistrate Breen paroled the suspect on his own recognizance to await possible summons later.

THE "BOILER SQUAD" SCANDAL.

Gen. Greene Expects Some Interesting Developments—Restoration of Detective Sergeants.

Police Commissioner Greene said last night that he was keenly interested in the progress of the Boiler Squad scandal, through which four members of the squad will come before the Grand Jury to-day. The Commissioner admitted that there might be interesting developments as the result of the disclosures. In this connection, it is recalled that Sergt. Frank Mangin, formerly in command of the Boiler Squad, and who was transferred to other service when criticism arose, applied, shortly after his transfer, to be retired. The retirement was not granted, because Sergt. Mangin had not reached the age limit.

A matter that is causing considerable worry, Gen. Greene said, is the restoration of the Detective Sergeants removed by the Partridge administration and but lately restored by the courts to duty in the grade to which they had been appointed. This will necessitate the return of a good many men now attached to the Detective Bureau to patrol duty, and will mean no inconsiderable loss to that bureau because its present personnel has been chosen with considerable care. A number of the restored Sergeants will be placed on duty in the precincts.

NOT SAVED BY SANDWICH.

Magistrate Pool's Announcement Concerning the Serving of Liquors in Hotels.

In holding Gilbert Phillips, a waiter in Frank Weis's café at Broadway and Thirty-ninth Street, who was arrested early yesterday morning on a charge of violating the excise law, Magistrate Pool in the Jefferson Market Police Court declared that at no time in the future would a sandwich, served with a glass of beer, save a hotel keeper from punishment if the person to whom the sandwich be served be not a guest of the hotel.

Phillips, in an effort to explain the cause of his arrest, said that there were so many persons in the café that he could not remember whether he served the policeman with a sandwich or not.

"That's no excuse," Magistrate Pool said. "Even if you did serve the complainant with a sandwich you would be held just the same. The Court of Appeals has decided that a person who goes into a hotel for the purpose of buying a glass of beer or any other kind of liquor and is served with a sandwich without his ordering the same is not a guest of that hotel. The sooner this is understood the better."

Phillips was held in $500 bail for trial.

TO ARREST POLICE CAPTAIN.

Coney Island Hotel Man Preparing to Charge Oppression.

There was a rumor afloat yesterday in Coney Island that Capt. Knite was going to be arrested this morning for oppression. Not long ago the Captain visited a certain hotel in the West End and told the proprietor to be careful about the excise laws and also to drive out some women who were staying in the building. The place had a license, and the hotel man's claim is said to be that Knite had no right to interfere with him when he was not breaking the law. Ex-Judge Finnerty is representing the complainant, and the application is to be made to-morrow morning. Knite says that the rumor is true, and that he expects that the attempt to arrest him will be made to-morrow.

Inspector Druhan saw that the law was observed on the island yesterday, and except for a few peddlers and intoxicated men no arrests were made. All the "sacred concerts" were going in full blast, but the performers were careful to appear in only street dress. Altogether 50,000 people visited Coney, and the gay appearance of the place was in no wise decreased by the strictness with which the excise laws were observed.

FIREMEN PARTLY OVERCOME.

Eight Affected by Gas and Smoke at a Fire in Basement of a Broadway Store.

Eight firemen were partly overcome by gas and smoke in the basement at 948 Broadway yesterday morning, but all returned to work before the fire was put out. The store over the basement has been occupied by James Heinreith, a maker of coffeepots. Slosson's billiard room is in the upper part of the building.

When the fire started the smoke was so dense that the firemen could not locate the blaze. Several of them went into the basement, where a gaspipe broke. They were seen staggering about, and eight of them had to be dragged out. An ambulance was sent for, but only one man needed attention.

The firemen worked an hour in extinguishing the blaze. The damage to stock was estimated at $1,500. Guests of the Fifth Avenue and Bartholdi Hotels were attracted to their windows by the fire engines, and a large crowd assembled in Broadway.

JOSEPH RAMSEY, JR., RETURNS.

Wabash Railroad President Went to Dying Daughter's Side in Egypt.

Joseph Ramsey, Jr., President of the Wabash Railroad, and daughter arrived yesterday on the St. Paul from Cairo, Egypt, where an elder daughter, Helen Ramsey, died recently. Helen and her sister were spending the Winter in the Old World and the former was taken ill with typhoid fever on board a French steamer en route on the Mediterranean to Egypt.

Information of her illness came to Mr. Ramsey when he was conferring with George J. Gould in this city relative to the threatened strike of Wabash employes. He engaged passage on a North German Lloyd liner immediately. Arriving at Cherbourg, he went on a special train to Marseilles, where a steamer was chartered to make the trip to Egypt. Mr. Ramsey arrived at the bedside of his daughter a short time before her death. The body will be brought to this country and interred in St. Louis.

CAMERDEN & FORSTER
LAST DAYS AT
273 Fifth Avenue
BETWEEN 29TH AND 30TH STREETS.
Some Exceptional Bargains this Week—
CHOICE ART OBJECTS, JEWELS, CLOCKS,
STATUARY, SILVER WARES, GOLD WARES, &c.
After May 10th at 450 Fifth Avenue.

No matter how stiff the requirements, our livery comes up to them—in every detail.

Not only in big things like body-coats and whipcord suits, but in things like boots—we've capital boots at $9; and scarfs—our Punjabs set peculiarly well.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.
258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 148 4th Ave.
1260 Broadway, cor. 32d, and 54 West 33d St.
We fill orders by mail.

FFF FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE
LIBRARY COUCHES.
See how some of our new library couches compare with those of a decade ago. They are wider, longer, lower—vastly more comfortable and far more pleasing to the eye.
Couches upholstered in denim, $12.00, artistic Bagdads, $4.50—piled with luxurious pillows from 50 cts., make a most comfortable resting place.
Then the very wide ones, with thick, soft, rectangular backs and arms, covered with quiet-toned tapestries and velours, or those whose upholstered backs and arms are framed in broad bands of glowing mahogany. Severely simple ones, too, entirely covered with leather.
Now is the time to have first choice of our new designs at factory prices, as you
"BUY OF THE MAKER"
GEO. C. FLINT CO.
43, 45 AND 47 WEST 23RD ST.
NEAR BROADWAY.
FACTORY: 505 TO 515 WEST 32D ST.

Sale of Shirts.

Colored Shirts with bosoms and cuffs different from body—a Paris idea.
$1.00,
Regular $1.50 & $2 value.
Hackett, Carhart & Co
Three BROADWAY Stores. Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers.

Wallach's Togs
830, 832 Columbus Av.
238, 240, 242 Bowery.
649 Eighth Av.
Third Av., cor. 122d.
246 West 125th St.
Open Evenings.
NEGLIGEES! You can have Forty Different Designs to choose from,—Each representing the Latest Approved Style of the Present Season.
(Comfort in all of them.)
Wallach's Price 98c
Also Higher Priced Shirts up to $3.50.

CARPETS.
Special Sale This Week!
New Weave Ingrains
IN BRUSSELS EFFECTS.
Largest and finest line in Greater New York.
Some "OLD WEAVE" Patterns from 25c. yd.
Mattings! Mattings!
OUR NEW IMPORTATION OF CHINA AND JAPANESE STRAW NOW COMPLETE.
A line of Warehouse Samples will be closed out in THREE LOTS.
Lot No. 1—Regular $7.50 rolls, at 4.89
Lot No. 2—Regular $10.00 rolls, at 6.94
Lot No. 3—Regular $16.00 rolls, at 9.84
AGENTS FOR AMERICAN GRASS MATTINGS.
SHEPPARD KNAPP & CO.
Sixth Ave., 13th and 14th Sts.

Oriental Rugs
at a great reduction from former prices.
300 Antique Turkish and Persian Rugs
imperfect
average from 3x5 to 5.6x9.6 ft.
8.00 to 30.00
Japanese Cotton Rugs
Blue & White, Pink & White & Green & White.
Slightly soiled from handling.
Reduced about ½ their original price.
Size 1.6x3 ft. 5 x6
2 x4 4 x8
2.6x5 6 x9
3 x3 7.5x10.6
3 x6 9 x12
250 Persian Rugs
4.00 & 5.00 Each.
150 Antique Mosuls
average 4x7 6 feet
12.00 & 14.00.
A. A. Vantine & Co.
Broadway & 18th St.

Here's a serge fit to drape royalty. It's a triumph of the weaver's craft—wonderfully light in weight—twisted tight as wool can be woven—(it's made from choicest long staple Australian yarn) and dyed (blue or black) to stay color-true or we'll replace the suit you buy. Serge suits (double or single breasted) with guaranteed mohair lining—made up any way you SAY for $20.

We'll send samples of the cloth (test it in any fashion) along with 8 plates of this season's styles and full measuring outfit.

ARNHEIM
Broadway & 9th Street.

As Inventors of a series of patented improvements, extensive manufacturers for 33 years and Experts of established national reputation, we claim that the Cluthe Truss ONLY can cure Rupture.
TRUSS WITHOUT BELTS
Rupture is treated generally with less intelligence than any other ailment known to man. The Cluthe Truss is the only real help for the sufferer.
The Cluthe Truss ONLY can cure Rupture
NO BELTS, no heavy springs, no leg-straps; no pressure on hips or bones.
PAD IS AUTOMATIC in its action and checks descent of Rupture at straining moments when other trusses would allow escape.
THE CURE is alone effected through the free motion of our Pad, allowing the relaxed muscles to develop into their normal condition.
Call here without delay or write for FREE BOOK of valuable information.
CHAS. CLUTHE CO., 29 E. 14th St.
Bet. 5th Av. and Union Sq., New York.
Hours, 9 to 5; Sat. 8 P. M. Closed Sun.

CARPET CLEANSING
FOR 40 YEARS
Methods up-to-date. Compressed Air Used. Work done promptly and when promised. Will send representative on request.
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The "Standard" Desks Are the Best.
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CHAS. E. MATTHEWS,
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All our other office and library furniture match with these in quality and value.

JAMES BUTLER CHOICE GROCERIES
STORES EVERYWHERE 114 RETAIL BRANCHES
3½ Lbs. Granulated Sugar Free
to every purchaser of one pound of our
Golden Tips Ceylon Tea
GOLDEN TIPS is the finest of the famous Ceylon Teas, being the choicest pickings from the young, tender plants, and possesses a richness and strength of flavor found only in this particular brand. The sugar is absolutely free and is given because we wish Golden Tips Ceylon used in evey home. The price is 50 cents per lb. and the tea is sold in parchment lined air tight cartons.

Potatoes. Selected stock, all sound. Basket 10c.; Peck 20c
Flour. Pride of St. Louis—the finest milling of hard spring wheat. Bag 49c.; half bag 25c
Blue Ribbon Salt 2c. per box, to purchasers of 4-lb. best Mocha and Java Coffee, at 25c

Blue Ribbon Jams, absolutely pure; made from finest fresh fruits; lb. jar 15c
Prunes—Fancy extra large Santa Clara prunes; regularly 12c. lb., 3 lbs. 25c; medium size, lb 5c
Blue Ribbon Farina, made from the heart of the wheat, lb. carton 8c
Pearl Tapioca, lb. carton 8c
Gelatine, Xlcr brand, pkge 6c
Gelatine, Peerless brand, the very best quality, package 10c
Corn Starch, Xlcr brand, package 6c
Black Pepper, fresh ground, ¼-lb. box 8c
Baked Beans, plain or in tomato sauce, 2-lb. can 5c
Baked Beans, Housekeeper's brand, plain or sauce, 3-lb. can 10c
Baked Beans, Triumph brand, finest quality beans, plain or in tomato sauce, 3-lb. can 12c

Butler's Borax Soap, the best made, 7 cakes 25c
Nickel Soap, 16-oz. bars, fine laundry soap, 5 for 25c
Violet Ammonia, bottle 10c
Chloride of Lime, ½-lb. box 5c
Borax, powdered, ½-lb. pkge 8c
Washing Fluid, Xclr brand, takes out the dirt, bottle 7c
Kirkman's Soap Powder, pkge 3c
Handy Ironing Wax, 4 for 5c
Washing Soda, 3 lbs 3c
Clothespins, hardwood, 100 9c
Azure Blue, ¼-lb. box 7c
Butler's Potash, can 8c
Parlor Matches, box of 1,000 5c
Parlor Matches, dozen boxes 10c
Can Early June Peas, Can Maryland Tomatoes, Can Choice String Beans; the 3 cans 25c

Peerless Sauce, Worcestershire, equal to best imported, pt. bottle 13c
Pea Beans, fine quality, qt 8c
Marrow Beans, fancy hand picked, qt 10c
Dried Green Peas, qt 7c
R. & R. Pickles, all kinds, in best quality vinegar, bottle 9c
Peerless Cocoa, superior quality and strength, ¼-lb. can 9c
Liberty Catsup, bottle 8c
Blue Ribbon Baking Powder, absolutely pure Cream of Tartar powder, lb., 35c.; ½ lb., 18c.; ¼ lb 10c
Crackers. Johnnie Cake, Vienna Crimp, Golden Crisp lb. 9c

Oranges. Fancy Navels.
Medium size, dozen 25c
Large size " 29c
Extra large " 35c
Lemons. Large Bright Messinas, dozen 13c

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EVERYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING
Everything Reliable.
CARPETS, FURNITURE, ICE BOXES, RUGS.

Cool Furniture for the Country House.
Sold Singly or in Suites.
Bedroom Suite, 3 pieces, natural ash, finished in light green or brown; Dresser has 22x32 oval plate mirror. Price reduced for three pieces $29.75

Parlor Centre TABLE.
Handsomely Polished. Top measures 18x18 in.; Choice of golden Oak or Mahogany finish. Price for this week only 49c

The Celebrated Prairie Grass Mattings in reds, blues and greens. One yard wide, extra heavy weight 39c

Hardwood ICE-BOX.
Ice capacity - - 30 lbs.
2 Compartments.
Box measure 39 in. high, 24 in. wide, 16 in. deep. Reduced from $8.50, for this week only, to $4.90

Prairie Grass Goods
At Very Low Figures.

Sofa reduced to $11.50.
Rocker reduced to $7.75.

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Customers may add to their Accounts in either store or make payments at either, suiting their own convenience.
No extra charges of any kind.

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The volume of dry goods advertising in THE NEW YORK TIMES in the year 1902 was greater than that of any other New York morning newspaper. THE NEW YORK TIMES printed 1,976,009 agate lines; second morning newspaper, 1,851,532; third morning newspaper, 1,537,295; fourth morning newspaper, 1,313,598; fifth morning newspaper, 941,463; sixth morning newspaper, [illegible], and seventh morning newspaper, 371,311.